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ALL IN THE FAMILY

The 'No-No' Rules Linger a Long Time

By Sarah Child

The pound cake recipe I was following called for four eggs and as I broke each of them into the batter I did some mental, tsk-tsking over my

Most of the cakes I bake (from

mixes) need only two eggs. Here I

Another habit so much a part of me that I never stopped to analyze it until recently is the one that admonishes me never, but never, to stand with the refrigerator door open for more than 10 seconds. In the summertime, it is five seconds. I was putting groceries away one night after a trip to the supermarket and had stuck some frozen vegetables in the freezer when my eye caught a package of carrots on an opposite counter I'd removed from the bag and left there. With wild abandon, I left the freezer open, made a wild dash across the kitchen for the carrots, dashed just as frantically back and almost broke my neck tripping over the box of detergent I'd left in the middle of the floor.

Sullivan

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lesson about the refrigerator. I've remembered it well, even though I long ago forgot the rules about turning off a light when you are leaving a room, not letting the hot water run needlessly down the drain and keeping the television on just for background when no one is watching.

NOW HEAR THIS What Is Underground Seeking?

By Father Richard Tormey

Critical observers of the Church in the U.S. regularly jump into print in papers and magazines with sensational revelations about the "underground church."

Estimates have been published that there are some 2,000 groups, with an average membership of 20 to 50 Catholic people, who meet regularly and with elaborate secrecy, to worship their Lord in their own way. The critics show a horrified satisfaction that these dissidents are casually ignoring the traditions of centuries and disobeying prescriptions of the universal Church and the local Bishop.

What is the underground searching for?

They want a "more idiomatic liturgy", their leaders say, and united in the opinion that the "establishment church" is unresponsive to the modern tastes and needs of their segment of the laity, they have cut themselves off from parish and diocese.

Besides making their own rules for worship, they also put positive stress on ecumenical relations and giving witness to moral issues.

Their membership is usually selective, well educated and extraverted. They abhor the impersonality of parish life and long for "community."

The underground movement is not merely one more step in the liberalization of Catholicism which began when the Vatican Council convened. The challenge is far more basic. At stake is a new concept of the fundamental character of the Church, in which authority must be shared by all the people, doctrines shall be subject to private interpretation, worship must be rule-less and personalistic.

Michael Novak, himself a prolific promoter of novelty ideas, recently wrote of these rebel communities: "To the underground the most abhorred heresy is 'churchiness'. The end product of the underground church seems to be a humanism whose only distinctively Christian characteristics are a special attachment to Jesus Christ and a concern for the welfare of the church as a historical people."

I know of one experimental community, (actually aboveground), in our diocese and have heard of only a few scattered and non-continuous secretly underground groups whose desires for radical change in liturgy and viewpoint have led to revolutionary overturn of diocesan discipline. But the phenomenon cannot be ignored on the local or national scene

Lets face three facts about our usual parish communities: size has made them impersonal and deficient in inter-group communications; leadership aims downward on the group in everything rather than arising from the people giving it occasional opportunity for self-determination; changes authorized by Vatican II and the local Bishop in liturgy, social action and theological updating are often impeded by the immobility of parish clergy.

A group of sincere Catholics who break away from their parishes because of these three handicaps to mature Christian life may eventually offer some promise to the Church. In

the very act of separation to correct these three deficiencies, they spotlight imperative goals of renewal.

They can constitute a laboratory for experimentation in worship that will only mildly embarass the Pastonal Office because they are not sponsored by the official Church. As 'prophetic deviants" they offer a forum (if outsiders will irouble to, listen) for criticisms of the Church made in good will. They may even accelerate the ecumenical movement by emphasizing our common concerns with other Christians rather than our differences.

The most radical threat they offer is the separation of their worship and the Eucharist from their Bishop. Vatican II stated is thus: "Every legitimate celebration of the Eucharist is regulated by the Bishop. The Bishop is to be considered the high priest of his flock from whom the life in Christ of his faithful is derived and dependent. Bishops are the principal dispensers of the mysteries of God just as they are the governors and guardians of the entire liturgical

life in the church committed to them.

To bypass the Bishop and to encourage their chaplain to disobey him is-a mockery of the historical essential of Catholicism.

Another danger is that the introverted nature of a small, 'selective group which avoids and scornfully pities the larger family of the Church narrows the horizon and the heart of its members. Large-minded people can stagnate in a small group. And the more they inbreed their novelties refusing to test them against the minds of scholars outside, the more chaotic becomes their theology.

Finally it seems pitiful that such zealous and imaginative people as belong to the underground should shun the strength of the Church structure which, properly aimed, could do so much more for social betterment than their tiny group



On Celibacy: Part IV

people, slip away quietly. In this they show thoughtful delicacy. A few call in the press or sport themselves on TV variety shows. These are profitable advertising boards for those who write books against the Church. They are often quasi-clinical exhibitions of obvious neuroses.

A few others gather some confreres to expound on the righteousness of their abandonment, beating to death the phrases: "I am at peace. I now have happiness." The rest of us who are happy and peace ful wonder what all this restlessness and unhappiness is all about. Whether this apologia is from Satan, as is the conviction of many sound Catholics, or from a deranged nervous system, as others think, I do not know. But it does seem an abnormality.

I have much admired the ex-provincial of the Jesuits who was hounded by a prurient press when he quit. He simply stated: "I left for personal reasons," which obviously were a divorcee and her two young children. He gave no excuses. He placed no blame. He was a man! God speed his return. Now to consider the havoc done by

their people.

to love them. We are struck with a daily heaviness of heart. We continue in hopeful prayer.

2. The priesthood is gravely harmed. In anti-clerical countries priests are regarded with suspicions which have historic undertones. In the States we priests are the heirs of our predecessors whose fidelity has been beyond suspicion. The priest has been trusted and received in every household.

Our contemporary prodigal sons, whose priestly forefathers had earned the confidence of the people. squander this inheritance. On what? Persoal fulfillment in marriage? Deepening personal evolution? Selfsatisfaction? Freedom - to what? And the 95% of the priests who are faithful to their inheritance find themselves suspect.

A younger pastor said: "Of late I have that awful feeling that my own people look with quizzical eyes as if to say: 'I wonder if he's really on the level.'

A newly ordained priest said: "I was visiting a classmate in another diocese and we went to a parish pazaar. I had the funny feeling that

"'No, It's not your imagination. Two months ago the assistant ran off with a girl of the parish. The priesthood and the Church are paying for it.""

3. Young priests, bubbling with energy and enthusiasm, younger seminarians who began their studies with idealism, the middle-aged laity who retain an inherited reverence for the priesthood are undergoing an insidious attack on loyalty to the Church. Assaults from outside are little compared to the damage done by those inside. .

Despite the crucifixion of Christ's body by our departed brother priests. the words of Lacordaire reflect the faithful priesthood still:

"To live in the midst of the world with no desire for its pleasures;

To be a member of every family, vet belong to none:

To go daily from man to God to offer Him their homage and peti-

To teach and to instruct;

To pardon and to console;

By Father Paul J. Cuddy

Most priests who abandon their

extravagance



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Try as I would I could not imagine anything serious enough to turn me into a whirling dervish.

It's possible that 4-year-old Johanaa will never be able to open a screen door leisurely and go outside, but instead always feel the need to hurl herself out at the speed of lightning.

It's what she's required to do now

priests who leave their priesthood and

the people were mad at us, especially the young. I said to my friend: 'Is this my imagination? What's the matter with the people? They don't speak

To bless and to be blessed forever. 0 God, what a life is yours, 0 priest of Jesus Christ!"

