

Bishop Ordains Three Trappists



His Excellency, Bishop James E. Kearney, at Our Lady of the Genesee Monastery, Piffard, Monday, Nov. 4, at 11 a. m., to mark the centennial celebration of St. Bridget's parish, Rochester. The Bishop will also preach the sermon at this occasion, according to the Rev. Gerald T. Brennan, pastor.

St. Bridget's Parish Sets Centennial Rites

His Excellency, Bishop James E. Kearney will celebrate Solemn Pontifical Mass, Sunday, Nov. 7, at 11 a. m. to mark the centennial celebration of St. Bridget's parish, Rochester. The Bishop will also preach the sermon at this occasion, according to the Rev. Gerald T. Brennan, pastor.

St. Philip Neri To Mark Jubilee

St. Philip Neri Church, Rochester, will observe its 25th anniversary on Sunday, Nov. 7, with a Solemn Jubilee Mass at 11 a. m. The Rev. George J. Weismann, pastor, will be celebrant. His Excellency, Auxiliary Bishop Casey will preside and deliver the sermon.

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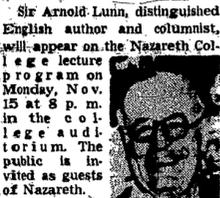
Merchants Plan Nativity Displays

St. Monica, Calif. (RNS)—Merchants and churchmen who joined to put "Christ Back Into Christmas" last year will cooperate in another similar campaign this season.

'Apostle Of Colored Race'

London, Ont. (NC)—Bishop John C. Coyle of London has solemnly opened proceedings in the process for the Cause of Beatification of a Canadian-born Capuchin who died in Milwaukee in 1923.

Noted Author, Lunn Listed At Nazareth



Sir Arnold Lunn, distinguished English author and columnist, will appear on the Nazareth College program on Monday, Nov. 15 at 8 p. m. in the college auditorium.

The speaker is a convert to Catholicism. He was received into the Church in July 1933 by Msgr. Ronald Knox, the well-known apologist.

In his talk at Nazareth he will answer such questions as: What has happened to the unchanging Church during these past fifty years of change? What is the new attitude toward miracles? What is behind the tremendous growth in practice of the Church has been experiencing?

During the past year Sir Arnold was knighted for his services to skiing and to Anglo-Swedish relations. He was also made a Citizen d'Honneur of Chamouilly, a distinction he shares with only one other Englishman, General Montgomery.

Franco Attends Crowning Rite

Valencia, Spain (NC)—Over 100,000 persons gathered here for the solemn crowning of a statue of Our Lady of Fatima, patroness of the ancient kingdom of Valencia.

Msgr. Montini Named Archbishop Of Milan

Vatican City (RNS)—Msgr. Giovanni Battista Montini, Vatican Pro-Secretary of State, has been named Archbishop of Milan by Pope Pius XII.



Msgr. Montini

He will succeed Blaesius Cardinal Schuster, O.S.B., who died late in August at the age of 74.

Milan is numerically the largest See in Italy and historically one of great importance. It embraces an area that includes a big and intensely active Communist segment of the population.

Milan's archbishop traditionally has been a member of the Sacred College of Cardinals. There have been recurrent reports in Vatican circles that Pope Pius plans to give Msgr. Montini a Red Hat when he calls a consistory to fill four vacancies in the College, whose full complement is 70.

Msgr. Montini, who is 57, has spent virtually his entire Church career in the Vatican diplomatic service.

Born in Brescia of wealthy parents, he originally intended to become a lawyer and began his university studies with that object in mind.

After becoming interested in Catholic Action, he changed to theological studies and was ordained in 1920. Following a

period as ecclesiastical assistant to the Federation of Catholic University Students, he was assigned to the Vatican Secretariat of State.

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Sainthood Seen For Kin Of Local Priest

London, Ont. (NC)—Bishop John C. Coyle of London has solemnly opened proceedings in the process for the Cause of Beatification of a Canadian-born Capuchin who died in Milwaukee in 1923.

The inquiry concerning the sanctity of Father Stephen Eckert, O.S.B., Cap., who was born in St. Catharines, Ont., in 1868, was begun at the request of Archbishop Albert G. Meyer of Milwaukee, in whose archdiocese the canonical process was begun in 1961 by the late Archbishop Moses E. Kilgob.

During the process, Father Eckert was declared a Servant of God. The process is now being conducted by the Rev. Vincent Eckert, O.S.B., Cap., in whose archdiocese the canonical process was begun in 1961 by the late Archbishop Moses E. Kilgob.

Pope Hails Virgin As World Queen In Colorful Marian Year Ceremony

Vatican City (NC)—

His Holiness Pope Pius XII extended a Marian Year gesture of human affection to the Blessed Virgin by crowning her most popular picture in the Eternal City. The ceremony closed Rome's principal observance of the Marian Year—a nine-day series of events that began with the official proclamation of the Feast of Mary's Queenship.

The Pope exalted Mary as "Queen and Mistress of heaven and earth and Queen and Mistress of mankind" as he crowned the picture "Salus Populi Romanus" (Salvation of the Roman People) and conferred commensurate medals on more than a score of emblems from national Marian shrines.

Thus honored for the United States was the large banner of the National Shrine of the Immaculate Conception, Washington, D. C., depicting Murillo's "Immaculate Conception."

Twenty-five Cardinals and 200 Bishops flanked the Pope as he placed the crown, recited a new prayer composed by him to the Blessed Virgin, and held up to the world's leaders, the courage of Mary to arouse them from "dangerous psychological depression" into which many have fallen.

St. Peter's Basilica was packed for the ceremony and many thousands more thronged St. Peter's Square. The day itself was glorious and brilliant, recalling the ancient Roman saying that when a ceremony honoring the Blessed Virgin is involved she herself guarantees the weather.

The Pontiff was carried across St. Peter's Square in solemn procession before the crowning ceremony. Tremendous acclaim greeted the Pontiff as he was carried through the square and entered the basilica. There he ascended a throne, received the obedience of the Cardinals and then read his address. Then the Pontiff moved to a prie-dieu before the main altar where the Roman painting of Mary rested.

There he placed his new prayer in which he asked the Queen to intercede to the full her queenship reign over the hearts and minds of men. After the prayer the Pontiff returned to the throne where he received the standard bearers of 25 countries and national shrines and conferred the commemorative medals.

The Holy Father then went to the main altar, blessed the crown for the Madonna and Child of the painting and placed them above the images.

The venerated painting was then carried in procession to the balcony where the Pontiff appeared immediately after the ceremony and displayed it to the crowd in St. Peter's square before giving them his apostolic blessing.

In his formal address delivered in Italian, the Pontiff said there is nothing new about instituting and celebrating the feast of the Queenship of Mary. It is not a question of giving Mary a new title, he said. Christians have repeated it for centuries in the litany of the Blessed Virgin and the radiant remembrance of Mary for giving them into Heaven by her Son and crowned by Him with a royal diadem. He declared.

"THE ORIGIN of Mary's gloves, the solemn moment which lights up her whole personality and mission, is that in which she, being full of grace, replied to the archangel with the 'fiat' (be it done), expressing her consent to God's plan. Thus did she become the Mother of God and Queen, receiving the royal office of watching over the unity and peace of the human race.

"We have firm confidence that through her mankind will little by little progress along this way of salvation. She will guide the rulers of nations and the hearts of their peoples toward concord and charity.

"AT THE PRESENT HOUR when world unity and peace may more the very sources of life are endangered, what can Christians do except turn their eyes toward her whom they see vested with royal power.

The Pontiff begged the Blessed Virgin to communicate to her own spirit. He continued: "We mean that courageous and even association will which in difficult circumstances and in the face of dangers and obstacles is able unhesitatingly to take the necessary decisions and put them into effect with unflinching energy.

"How earnestly do we wish that all those who today have the responsibility for ensuring the right and proper conduct of public affairs would imitate this shining example of queenly feeling."



Headed by Nicola Cardinal Canali, a procession carries the famous painting, "Salus Populi Romanus" through the streets of Rome to be crowned by the Pope on All Saints' Day. The picture represents Christ and His Blessed Mother and is said to have been painted by St. Luke. The ceremony marked the climax of the Marian Year observance and the 100th anniversary of the proclamation of the Dogma of the Immaculate Conception. (RNS Photo)

Banners From 300 Shrines In Marian Year Procession

By MSGR. JOSEPH J. SULLIVAN

Rome (NC)—The banners of 300 Marian shrines carried in solemn procession through the streets of Rome by representatives of 35 countries fulfilled anew Our Lady's prophecy: "All generations shall call me blessed."

The banners were carried from the Basilica of St. Mary Major to St. Peter's. The principal Marian image in the procession was the famous painting "Salus Populi Romanus" (Salvation of the Roman People), which was taken to St. Peter's for crowning by His Holiness Pope Pius XII. The shrines came from nearly every part of the globe, including countries behind the Iron curtain.

Six United States banners took their place in the line of march in which at least 10,000 persons took part. Another 200,000 lined the sidewalks or watched the procession from windows and rooftops on a beautiful late fall afternoon.

The banners from the United States represented the following shrines: The National Shrine of the Immaculate Conception in Washington, D. C., carried by students of the North American College here; Our Lady of Prompt Succor in New Orleans, borne by three seminarians from the Archdiocese of New Orleans studying at the North American College; Our Lady of Victory in Lackawanna, N. Y., carried by seminarians from Buffalo now at the Propaganda College here and accompanied by Auxiliary Bishop Leo R. Smith of Buffalo; the Rosary Shrine of the Dominican Sisters at Summit, N. J., carried by American Dominican clerics, and Our Lady of New York, carried

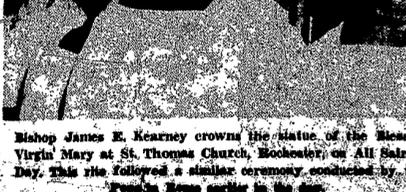
by students from that Archdiocese at the North American College.

There was also a banner representing the Blue Army, accompanied by Father Harold V. Colgan of Plainfield, N. J., founder of the Blue Army of Our Lady of Fatima, and Marian Year pilgrims from the United States. From the "Church of Shines" there were banners representing shrines in Albania, Bohemia, Bulgaria, China, Croatia, Hungary, Korea, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Rumania, Ruthenia, Russia, Slovakia, Slovenia, the Ukraine and Northern Vietnam.

Other places represented were Austria, Belgium, Brazil, France, Germany, Great Britain, the Holy Land, Honduras, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Mexico, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Switzerland and the United States.

Of the 103 banners from non-Italian Marian shrines, Ireland's 21 were the most numerous. France was in third place with 17, followed by Germany and Poland with 12 each and Spain with ten. Belgium, Croatia and the Netherlands had nine each; Malta and the Ukraine eight; the United States six; Hungary, Lithuania and Portugal five; Mexico and Slovenia each had four and there were a number of others with from one to three. Italy, in first place, had approximately 200.

Marian hymns in many languages were sung along the line of march, often punctuated by the Rosary, litanies and other Marian invocations. Wayside Marian devotions were especially illuminated; many windows along the way were decorated.



Bishop James E. Kearney crowns the statue of the Blessed Virgin Mary at St. Thomas Church, Rochester, on All Saints' Day. This rite followed a similar ceremony conducted by the Pope in Rome earlier in the day.

Thanksgiving Clothing Drive Set In Diocese

Parishes of the Rochester Diocese will again this year serve as collection centers for clothing for the needy in Europe, the Near and Far East, according to His Excellency, Auxiliary Bishop Kearney.

The clothing collection is to be held during Thanksgiving week, Nov. 21-28, will seek especially to aid the many refugees in those areas as well as the displaced persons from Communist Rumania.

Conducted by the National Catholic Welfare Conference, the drive in the Rochester Diocese will be headed by the Rev. E. Leo McManus of St. Bernard's Seminary.

Monsignor Edward J. Swanson, national director of the drive which is sponsored by the Bishops of the United States, has emphasized the continued need for clothing, bedding, and blankets for the destitute abroad.

"The constantly increasing army of the world's refugees and homeless—increased by 500,000 by the partition of Vietnam alone—faces another winter of need," said Monsignor Swanson.

"The new refugees, then, in Vietnam, the still impoverished people of Korea, the millions of Chinese who live in exile in Hong Kong and Formosa, the refugees, the escapees, expelled and 'hard core' DP's of Europe need our help once again if they are to be adequately clothed against the rigors of the approaching winter."

The clothing collection, conducted annually for the past six years, last year amassed the greatest nationwide total of 10,000,000 pounds. Of that amount the parishes of the Rochester Diocese contributed 3497 cases of clothing for a total of 1,200,000 pounds.

2 Men Sentenced For Attack On Protestant Chapel

Wichita (Radio, NC)—Federal sentences and fines were imposed on two men who were found guilty by a Federal court on charges of damaging and assaulting the members of a Protestant chapel in Wichita. The incident occurred on March 4, 1953.

Sentenced to six months and 15 days and fined the sum of \$150 were Tom Paul Munnis and Agustin Garcia, both 24, who took part in the attack together with other youths who also were arrested but subsequently released. Munnis is the son of a prominent political leader.

The defendants were sentenced also with responsibility for the attack on the Protestant chapel in Wichita. The men were arrested by Federal agents who were helped to capture the men in the chapel.