

Doctor Treats Cardinal



Dr. John H. Lawrence, prominent blood specialist from Berkeley, Cal., leaves New York by plane for Yugoslavia to treat Cardinal Stepinac, Archbishop of Zagreb, who is suffering from a serious blood ailment. Dr. Lawrence, who served as assistant resident at Rochester's Strong Memorial Hospital from 1931 to 1932, examined Cardinal Stepinac this week in Krasie, Yugoslavia, where the prelate is confined. Following examination, Dr. Lawrence prescribed treatment for the Cardinal and declared the prelate was in no immediate danger. (RNS Photo).

U. S. Doctors Treat Cardinal Stepinac

Belgrade — (RNS) — Two American medical specialists left Zagreb for Trieste after examining His Eminence Aloysius Cardinal Stepinac and declaring him "not in any immediate danger." Dr. John H. Lawrence, director of the Laboratory of the University of California, Berkeley, and Dr. John F. Ruzic, chief of surgery at Holy Cross Hospital in Chicago, said the Cardinal's Yugoslav doctors had done "an excellent job" and were responsible for his being in much better condition now than a month ago.

The Americans agreed with the Yugoslav doctors that Cardinal Stepinac, confined to the village of Krasie since his release from prison in 1945, is suffering from polycythemia vera.

This is a disease marked by an excess of red blood cells. Dr. Lawrence said Cardinal Stepinac was able to walk about and, except for the purple color of his face, would appear well to the average layman.

"We have great hopes Cardinal Stepinac is going to get along all right," the doctors added. "If left unchecked, polycythemia vera can prove fatal. But Dr. Lawrence said that with modern methods of treatment, persons suffering from the disease could expect to live a normal life for 10 or 15 years.

The American specialists said they had recommended that Yugoslav doctors continue the present treatment of letting blood from the veins. In addition, they recommended injections to slow down production of red blood cells by the bone marrow.

Dr. Lawrence said the injections could be given at Krasie. Avoiding questions that bordered on the political, the Americans said they had made no proposals about moving the Cardinal from Krasie.

They explained that they had been called into the case by Archbishop Joseph P. Hurley, Bishop of St. Augustine, Fla., and former regent of the Papal Nunciature at Belgrade.

Archbishop Hurley is a personal friend of Cardinal Stepinac, who is Archbishop of Zagreb.

Hamilton, Omega, Bulova, Longines, Wittauer, Waltham, Termis, William S. Thorne, Jewelers, 315 Main St. East, H.A. 5651.

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Twice Amount Given To Churches Spent On Television Sets

Washington, D. C. — (RNS) — Americans spent almost twice as much on television in 1952 as they did in supporting their churches.

This is disclosed by the annual Department of Commerce report on consumer expenditures released here.

Americans are estimated to have contributed \$1,296,000,000 to churches and religious organizations in 1952, an all-time record — almost \$25,000,000 a week.

DURING THE same period, however, they spent \$2,234,000,000 on television sets and an additional \$478,000,000 to keep their television and radio sets in repair.

For the first time in recent history, Americans gave more to churches, by a small margin, than they spent attending movie theaters. This was accomplished by both an increase in church contribution and a reduction in movie attendance. The movies lost in \$1,134,000,000 in 1952.

Other interesting comparisons show that Americans spent about \$58,000,000 more on toilet articles and cosmetics than they gave to their churches, spent twice as much for new refrigerators and household appliances, four times as much on tobacco, and seven times as much on new automobiles.

Church contributions were about equal to the combined cost of funeral services, cemetery lots, and tombstones, and exceeded slightly the amount Americans spent on rugs and floor coverings for their homes.

NO COMPARISON with expenditures for alcoholic beverages was available from this report, since food and beverage purchases were combined, but other Commerce Department figures place the level of sales by the alcoholic beverage industry at approximately \$9,000,000,000 a year, or eight times the level of church contributions.

In short, church contributions, although at a record level, still amount to about one-half of one per cent of total individual expenditures which were \$218,000,000,000 last year.

Bishop Meyer Named To Milwaukee See

Washington (NC) — Bishop Albert G. Meyer of Superior, Wis., today was named Archbishop of Milwaukee.

The appointment, made by His Holiness Pope Pius XII, was announced here by His Excellency Archbishop Arlindo Giovanni Ciconanni, Apostolic Delegate to the United States.

BISHOP MEYER becomes the seventh archbishop in the 110-year history of the See of Milwaukee. He succeeds to an office which has been vacant since the death of Archbishop Moses E. Killey on April 13, 1953.

As Archbishop of Milwaukee, the Most Rev. Albert Gregory Meyer returns to his native city, to a See which he served as a priest for two decades and where he was rector of St. Francis Seminary.

Archbishop Meyer was born in Milwaukee, March 9, 1903, the son of Peter James and Mathilda Thelen Meyer. He was an altar boy at St. Mary's Church in Milwaukee and attended St. Francis Seminary, of which he was later to become rector. He later attended the North American College in Rome, and was ordained in the Eternal City on July 11, 1926, by the late Cardinal Basilio Pompili.

HIS STUDIES at the North American College completed, the young Father Meyer pursued special studies in Sacred Scripture at the Pontifical Biblical Institute in Rome, from 1927 to 1930.

Upon his return to the United States, Father Meyer served as a curate at St. Joseph's Church-Waukesha, Wis. in 1930 and 1931. In the latter year, he was named to the faculty of St. Francis Seminary. In 1937 he was named the tenth rector of the seminary.

Father Peyton was cured and his ordination took place in June 1941. Still weakened, however, by his long illness, he was assigned him as chaplain to the Holy Cross Brothers in Albany, N. Y.

While there, an idea came to him of adequately thanking Our Lord and His Blessed Mother for restoring his health. The idea to bring 10,000 families to God through family prayer.

FATHER PEYTON said that the words "Family Rosary" were somewhat arbitrary for the tremendous scope of family prayer, for what God must see in its fulfillment of destiny in His plan for a man and wife.

He spoke of the Rosary as a "diamond in the soul of man." (Continued on Page 6)



ROSARY CRUSADE carried on over radio and television to promote family prayer is discussed at the Rochester Club by (from left) Theodore Lemm, the Rev. Patrick Peyton, C.S.C., internationally known director of the Crusade and Harold J. Coleman.

Father Peyton Tells Plans To Local Business Leaders

By ROBERT SMETT

America's dynamic crusader of the Family Rosary, Irish-born Father Patrick Peyton, has announced his intention of raising the staggering sum of \$375,000 for the production of fifteen half-hour movies on the Rosary.

Father Peyton's plan, which would honor the 100th anniversary of the proclamation of the Immaculate Conception on Dec. 8, 1854, was explained to a group of the city's leading business men gathered at the Rochester Club last Tuesday noon.

THEODORE F. LEMM, vice president and general manager of E. W. Edwards and Son, opened the luncheon meeting by welcoming Father Peyton back to Rochester, where, five years ago, one of the first foundations of the Family Rosary Crusade was launched.

Father Peyton who recently returned from Europe where successful Rosary rallies were held in Spain and England, expressed his gratitude to those present for "lifting the hand along with me" through the years.

In speaking of the foundation of the Family Rosary Crusade, Father Peyton recalled his personal plight in 1939 when, two years before ordination, he was very seriously ill and his life despaired of.

At that time, a priest spoke to him of the power of the Blessed Virgin, encouraging the young seminarian with Our Lady's omnipotence in her power of intercession.

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(Continued on Page 6)

Yugoslavs Hail American Doctors

(NCWC News Service)

Arrival of the American Mission to care for the ailing Cardinal Stepinac has aroused tremendous enthusiasm and gratitude among the Yugoslav people, according to word from that country.

During last Sunday, according to reports, 50,000 crowded the Zagreb Cathedral to offer prayers of thanks for the arrival of the two American doctors who prescribed treatment for Cardinal Stepinac.

The churchgoers also prayed for the success of the treatments and the Cardinal's recovery.

The dispatch and arrival of the medical mission was announced to crowded congregations in many churches by pastors who expressed the gratitude of Yugoslavia's Catholics to NCWC (National Catholic Welfare Conference in the United States) for sending the American specialists and medicines to their beloved spiritual shepherd.

General Clark's Son To Marry Catholic

New Orleans — (NC) — Maj. William D. Clark, son of Gen. Mark Clark, United Nations commander in the Far East, will be married in the Holy Name of Jesus Church here Aug. 30. Mrs. Audrey Claire Lofgren, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Arthur (aire of New Orleans.

A member of an old and prominent South Louisiana Catholic family, Mrs. Lofgren is a fashion model and a graduate of Louisiana State University.

Mrs. Roosevelt Likes Dictator's 'Whimsy'

By J. J. GILBERT

Washington — Marshal Tito of Yugoslavia seems bent on disproving the old adage that you can't have your cake and eat it too. And he seems to be having success — in some quarters.

This is brought to mind by press reports in these days of Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt's visit to Yugoslavia. Mrs. Roosevelt was quoted as telling reporters the United States should distinguish between Socialist and Soviet-styled countries; that she thought it was possible to develop a co-operative existence between such Socialist countries, including Yugoslavia, and the capitalist democratic countries, and that it was a "fortunate thing" for Yugoslavia to be ruled by one of Tito's "whimsy and youth."

Yugoslavia is not a Socialist country. It is a Communist-dominated country. Tito has told the world, and he was most vociferous at the time, the United States was pouring millions into his treasury, that he is a Communist and he doesn't care who knows it. Communists don't like Socialists at all, and if Tito is, as he insists, a Communist, then Yugoslavia is not a Socialist country.

TITO'S "WHIMSY" is indeed something new. You can bet the people of Yugoslavia never heard of it. He has been time after time described as a ruthless, arrogant, self-centered dictator, and his actions bear it out. He has said, in effect, that he is the only real Communist dictator left in the world. He said that in the days of Stalin, and you can believe that he thinks the same way now.

One does not get to be a Communist dictator through "whimsy". Unless, as the saying goes, he has a "whim of iron."

And Tito is not a youth. His age is generally given as 61.

HOW DOES TITO push the people around, persecute religion, rule his country with an iron hand, blot out opposition, and declare over and over again that he is a real Communist and will always be one—and at the same time get himself hailed as a whimsical youth who is good for his country? How does he get himself invited to an England



TITO MRS. FDR

hus with preparation for a coronation and received there with

500 Knights, Ladies Of St. Peter Claver To Meet Here

Dr. Beverly V. Barance, Jr., prominent young dentist of Baton Rouge, La., as supreme knight will preside over the 38th Annual National Convention of the Knights of St. Peter Claver opening in Rochester on Saturday, August 1, at Hotel Seneca.

MRS. VALLOT More than 500 delegates will attend the session which will continue through August 8.

This will be the first national convention in Rochester of the colored Catholics' organization which was founded in 1899 to promote fraternal insurance and charitable enterprises.

Presiding over the Ladies Auxiliary sessions will be Mrs. E. B. Jones, supreme lady who will come from New Orleans, La.

SOLEMN PONTIFICAL Mass will be celebrated by His Excellency Auxiliary Bishop Casey at St. Joseph's Church at 9 a.m. Monday, Aug. 3. Assisting Bishop Casey will be the Very Rev. John S. Randall, chaplain of Rochester Court, Knights of St. Peter



A. T. LECESNE

Claver, chaplain as Assistant Priest; the Rev. George S. Wood, deacon and the Rev. Robert Kress, subdeacon. Students of St. Andrew's Seminary will fill the minor office. St. Joseph's Choir will sing the Mass.

In the sanctuary also will be the Rev. Francis G. Wade, S.V.D., national chaplain of the order who will come from Maurice, La. Sir Knight Thomas Lee, Jr., supreme navigator, will preside over the 4th degree sessions on Saturday, August 1, in Rochester

there is only one member of the 4th degree, Sir Knight Orlando J. Green who is a past grand knight of Rochester Council.

OTHER MEMBERS of the national staff, Charles Broussard, deputy supreme knight; A. P. Turcaud, national secretary; A. B. Randolph, national treasurer and J. Roland Prejean, past supreme knight will accompany Dr. Barance to Rochester.

Archibald T. LeCesne, of Chicago, national advocate and as-

Senators Charge Red Conspiracy In U. S. Schools 'Well Entrenched'

Washington (NC) — In a unanimous report, the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee has announced that it found "concrete evidence of a well-entrenched force" engaged in an effort to distort the American educational process for subversive ends.

If American schools are to teach "in an atmosphere of freedom, without interference by a foreign conspiracy," an immediate program is needed to detect and render ineffective those educators pledged to obey Soviet commands, Senator William E. Jenner of Indiana chairman of the subcommittee, declared.

SENATOR JENNER released the following short summary of the evidence the subcommittee found in the extensive hearings it conducted in four sample areas:

"Communists are under orders to infiltrate our educational institutions from the nursery school to the university, in every part of the United States. They seek to take over higher education to train their leadership cadres, while their work in primary and secondary schools is to train the young as citizens of the communist State they see coming soon."

Among the witnesses the subcommittee heard were Dr. Bella V. Dodd, now a New York attorney and formerly a high official in Communist educational circles, and Herbert Philbrick, who was an FBI undercover agent within the Communist Party for nine years.

Senator Jenner said that "this thing" the subcommittee is examining is not a political party as the term is generally understood. Neither is it a "religion" for it denounces the very idea of a Supreme Being, he added.

"THIS THING," Senator Jenner continued, "is an arm of foreign government dedicated to the overthrow of our American Government by force and violence when its more insidious efforts have weakened us enough."

In its report the subcommittee makes a number of recommendations which it believes could be adopted by educational authorities without interfering with general educational standards.

The subcommittee suggested that consideration be given to more adequate ways to exchange security information and for more extensive use of state agencies to unmask educators whose communist affiliation can be legally proven.

SENATOR JENNER also pointed out that there are other Communists in the schools "whose status cannot yet be identified by evidence acceptable in a legal proceeding."

Reiterating that members of the subcommittee were sure that the great majority of American teachers are completely loyal, Senator Jenner said that these loyal teachers have in their hands "the power of numbers."

To help these loyal teachers marshal their strength as free Americans colleges (non-Catholic), he found that not only do they reject the soul, they have even thrown overboard the self. Instead of self they have substituted a concept of the mind as a "sequence of states."

"THE SITUATION is not any better in the other fields covered by the survey," Dr. King continues, "which includes philosophy, history, literature, economics, sociology, the sciences. That such concepts of the nature of man and society should permeate the teaching of large groups of educators in this country is of vital concern to all Catholics—both as Catholics and as citizens of the United States."

"It is impossible to reconcile such views of the nature of man and society with Christian truth. If you have taught your children the doctrines of the Church, they must give up what you have taught them or they must reject what their teachers offer them in college. It is a terrible position in which to place a young boy or girl. Doing it has resulted in many a personal tragedy. Don't do it if you can possibly help it."

In addition to the chairman the subcommittee's report was signed by Senators Watkins of Utah, Hendrickson of New Jersey, Welker of Idaho, Butler of Nevada, Eastland of Mississippi and Johnston of South Carolina.

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