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MORTGAGE BURNED

Representing total indebtedness of $150,000 the mortgage of Holy Family Church, Rochester is set in flames. His Excellency Bishop Kearney holds the document for the Rev. William W. Hetsel's match. (Story on Page 1A)

ON GUARD!

Gov. Dewey Reports Teachers Are Angry
AFT's Proposal Urged

By Rev. Patrick Flynn

New York State's public school teachers are keenly disappointed with proposals made this week by Governor Dewey for increasing teacher's salaries.

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Acting on the report of his special committee on the State Educational Program, Governor Dewey has recommended to the legislature an emergency appropriation of $32,000,000 to finance a $300-a-year pay increase for the State 77,000 regular public school teachers and to establish a State-wide minimum pay scale of $2,000 a year.

The teachers are disappointed and reportedly very angry. In New York City, where teachers' salaries are higher than upstate, there is the threat of a teachers' strike.

In Rochester, Miss Mary A Sheehan, president of the State Teachers Association, declared that the 44,000 members of her group are "thoroughly disheartened" by the Dewey committee's report

The $300-increase proposed by Mr Dewey for only until next years falls far short of the $450 annual and permanent increase sought by the teachers

Furthermore not all teachers will get the $300 increase which the State legislature is expected to approve next week Under the new appropriation any teacher who has already received any extra pay increase since June 30 1945 will now receive only the difference between that increase and $300 Some teachers therefore will receive only a little or nothing at all from the $32,000 000 which the State will hand out

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The Dewey recommendatio is also criticized because it wholly ignores and offers no assistance to the substitute teachers and a large number of these teachers are working as full-time teachers in both New York City and Buffalo This group, therefore, has nothing to cheer about in the prospect of the State's grant of $32,000,000

Those who stand to benefit the most from the Dewey recommendations are the estimated 3,000 teachers now working in the poor school districts where the annual teachers' pay is as low as $1,200. These teachers will now receive increases as high as $800 giving them $2,000, which is the minimum scale set by Mr. Dewey This $2,000 minimum, however is only guaranteed for one year and does not meet with the general request of the teachers for a state-wide minimum salary of $2,400 or $2,500 a year

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Finally, the teachers of New York State have not missed the emphasis made both by Mr. Dewey and his educational committee, on the fact that the proposed increases are of an 'emergency" nature and will be effective only for a fifteen month period ending in March 1948. The teachers were hopeful that Governor Dewey's assistance would be not only adequate but also permanent They are not consoled either by the promise of the Governor's Educational Committee that it will study the whole problem of State aid to education and try to formulate salary schedules which will give the teachers a sound economic

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CARD. DOUGHERTY GETS AUXILIARY

Washington (NC) His Holiness Pope Pius XII has named Msgr. Joseph Carroll McCormick, pastor of St. Stephen's Church, Philadelphia, to be Titular Bishop of Ruspae and Auxiliary to His Eminence Dennis Cardinal Dougherty Archbishop of Philadelphia. It is announced in word from Rome received by His Excellency Archbishop Amleto Giovanni Cicognani, Apostolic Delegate to the United States, here

Monsignor McCormick, who was Chancellor of the Archdiocese of Philadelphia from March, 1938, till December 1944, was born in Philadelphia, Dec 15, 1907 the son of the late Patrick J. and Catharine Dougherty McCormick. He studied at the parochial school of Our Mother of Sorrows in his native city, the College Ste Marie, Montreal, St Charles Seminary, Overbrook, Philadelphia the Pontifical Minor Seminary at the Vatican and the Pontifical Major Roman Seminary at the Lateran He was ordained in the Basilica of St. John Lateran in Rome, July 10, 1932 by Cardinal Dougherty.

Following his ordination, Monsignor McCormick continued his studies in theology at the Roman Seminary until 1934, when he returned to the United States He served as Vice Chancellor of the Archdiocese of Philadelphia from September 1934 until March, 1936, when he became Chancellor

All Christians Must Be Active in Political Life, Pope Pius Warns

Vatican City—(NC)—His Holiness Pope Pius XII, in an address at his angual audience for the Roman nobility, declared that the good Christian in these times must take an active part in the creation of a just society, delivered a penetrating analysis of the concept of personal liberty as applied to the press and motion pictures, and reiterated his concern over the delay in the conclusions of peace treaties.

Despite the uncertainties in current political life, the Holy Father emphasized, abstention from participation on the part of Christians is "inadmissible," whether due to discouragement or indifference.

"The good Christian is not satisfied with remaining passive in the midst of ruins," he said, "but feels it his duty to resist or prevent a cataclysm, at the least to limit the devastation and to rebuild the fallen house. This should be your line of conduct, while retaining freedom of opinion and judgment, accept the present contingent order of things and direct its efficiency towards the common good, not only of one class but of the entire community."

The Pontiff developed the thought that allowing the press and motion pictures to undermine the religious and moral foundations of society amounts to a legalization of license rather than of liberty.

Sees Morality Offended

"Freedom of the press and motion pictures," he continued, "if granted without regard to that supreme order, offends public morality and therefore the common good. Allowing the press and the motion pictures to attack and undermine the religious and moral foundations of the life of the people is a legalizing of license, not genuine liberty, as every a non-Christian can comprehend."

Making a reference to his previous discourses to the Roman nobility, the Holy Father said the uncertainties which were current in those past years still continue to be the characteristic note of the present moment, "not only in international relations, in which tolerable peace treaties are anxiously awaited, but also in the internal affairs of individual states, regarding the outcome of the clash of opposing tendencies of contrasting religious, social and political doctrines."

Warns on Discouragement

"You must not be discouraged, though many of you are perhaps saddened by the grave events of the past year," the Pontiff said to the nobles, and reminded them that the good of society and the State requires the collaboration of all citizens, "millions of upright minds seeking the common good by the light of God's law."

His Holiness expressed deep interest in the Italian Constitution, and urged those who are formulating it to have their eyes fixed on the order established by God.

"Your shattered country calls for the collaboration of all honest men and women in whose families and persons lives the best of the spiritual strength and moral energy of the traditions of the fatherland," His Holiness appealed to his audience, "and summons you to place yourselves at the disposal of the State to work for the common good. This is your path toward the future."

Plans Trip Here

CARD. VON PREYSING

BERLIN CARDINAL PLANS U. S. VISIT

Berlin — (Radio NC) — Conrad Cardinal von Preysing of Berlin will leave early next month by air for the United States for a visit of at least a month.

The Cardinal accepted an invitation extended on behalf of the United States Hierarchy by Archbishop McNicholas of Cincinnati, in his capacity as chairman of the administrative board, of the NCWC.

The invitation was conveyed to Cardinal von Preysing last week through Bishop Aloysius J. Muench of Fargo, N. D., now in Germany serving in a liaison capacity between the Church and U. S. Occupation Forces. The State Department and Army authorities have granted necessary clearances.

The Cardinal will be accompanied on the trip by his secretary and during his stay in the United States he expects to visit the four U S Cardinals and Archbishop Cicognani, Apostolic Delegate, in Washington

The invitation to Cardinal von Preysing to visit the United States goes back to the Consistories of February, 1946, when he and other German Cardinals first met the new U S. Cardinals, who immediately expressed a desire that German prelates visit the United States as soon as they found it opportune

Pope Gets Revised Testament Version

Washington (NC) A message conveying the gratitude of His Holiness Pope Pius XII for the specially prepared first edition of the revised English version of the New Testament, has been received by Bishop Edwin V. O'Hara of Kansas City, chairman of the Confraternity of Christian Doctrine

The edition, known as the Confraternity edition and brought out in 1941 through the efforts of the Catholic Biblical Association, was delayed in reaching the Holy Father because of the war. It was transmitted through His Excellency, Archbishop Amleto Giovanni Cicognani, Apostolic Delegate to the United States

Catholic Editors Meet

Vienna — (RNS) Plans for developing the Catholic press in Austria were discussed at a conference of Catholic publishers, editors, and writers held at Salzburg under the chairmanship of Archbishop Andrew Rohracher.

U.S. Note Protests Pre-Election Terror in Poland

Washington—(NC) — With news from Poland leaving little or no doubt that the elections scheduled for Sunday, Jan. 19, will be far from being as "free and unfettered" as stipulated and promised in the Yalta and Potsdam agreements, the United States in a strongly worded note to the Warsaw Provisional Government has declared that "the continuation of the present policy of suppression, coercion, and intimidation as applied to political opposition in Poland" violates the principle of the sanctity of international agreements.

The note, which was presented by U. S. Ambassador Arthur Bliss Lane, stated that the American Government "is especially perturbed by the increasingly frequent reports of repressive measures which the Polish Provisional Government has seen fit to employ against those democratic elements in Poland which have not aligned themselves with Yalta had been rejected.

'Repressive Measures' Used

The only party representing these "democratic elements" is the Peasant Party, led by Vice Premier Stanislaw Mikolajczyk, which is being systematically subjected to all the "repressive measures" at the disposal of a totalitarian regime seeking to perpetuate itself in power. According to news reports from Warsaw, the Peasant Party has asked its followers to boycott the elections in ten of 52 districts where the party's election lists had been rejected.

In the view of many observers, the Peasant Party has the support of the great majority of the Polish people and would emerge victorious from the elections—if they were conducted in accordance with the pledges given at Yalta and Potsdam.

Prior to its note to the Warsaw Government, the United States asked Great Britain and Soviet Russia, as signatories of the agreements, to associate themselves with the American Government in reminding the Warsaw regime of its obligations. The note addressed to London and Moscow said that "it is both a duty and a right for the three powers who are parties to the Yalta and Potsdam agreements to call to the attention of the Polish Government in a most friendly, but in a most insistent, manner the failure of the Polish Government to perform its obligations.

OK with Moscow

While the British government is understood to be in full agreement with the views of the United States regarding the political situation in Poland, reports from Moscow say that the Soviets know of no "irregularity in preparations for the balloting, unless it was on the part of right-wing terrorist groups." And, as was to be expected, the Warsaw government strenuously denies that its measures in any way impair the true expression of the will of the Polish people.

In its note to London and Moscow the American Government listed some of the "reprehensible methods" used by Warsaw with the aim of eliminating the participation of the Peasant Party in the elections These methods include (1) political arrests and murders, (2) compulsory enrollment of Peasant Party members in the "bloc" political parties, (3) dismissal of Peasant Party members from employment, searches of homes, attacks by secret police and communists on party meetings and headquarters, (4) suppression of the party press and (5) arrest of the editorial staff of the party bulletin

Congress Gets New Bill Granting Federal Aid To Non-Public Schools

N.D. Head Denies Betting Caused Break With Army

Special to Courier-Journal

Notre Dame, Ind. — Notre Dame's outstanding record in athletics, but particularly in football, was defended here this week by the Rev. John J. Cavanaugh, C.S.C., President of the University of Notre Dame, speaking at a testimonial dinner given in the 1946 National Championship Notre Dame football team by the St. Joseph Valley Alumni Club of Notre Dame.

Father Cavanaugh also emphasized that the danger of gamblers getting to Notre Dame as West Point players had absolutely nothing to do with the recently announced suspension of football relations between the two institutions.

Almost from the beginning of his talk he took issue with "reformers" of the game.

"True storm in athletics," he said, "will not be accomplished by the mere publishing of noble, high-sounding codes which are often hypocritically evaded in actual practice. . . . When we in American sports hold the winner under suspicion merely because he is a winner, we discredit many of the fine qualities that have made football inspiring — and we come perilously close to the kind of dismal thinking that stigmatizes with suspicion the man who achieves outstanding success, a kind of thinking which is trying to spread itself all over America and to make Communism popular in our economic life by reducing the ambitions and possibilities of all men to a mediocre and monotonous average stature."

Play to Win

In speaking further of the winning record of the Fighting Irish, Father Cavanaugh said: "We shall always want Notre Dame men to play to win so long as there is a Notre Dame. But with even more emphasis, we want Notre Dame men to play to win cleanly and according to the rules."

With reference to the Irish coaching staff, he said: "I will put them up for the decency of their lives and cleanliness of their speech, for their ideals and methods in handling boys, for their sense of fair play, for their support of academic standards, as well as their ability as coaches, with any other group of coaches in America," Father Cavanaugh continued, "It is apparently envy that inclines critics to say that Frank Leahy's success depends upon his choice of material. For two of the best six years he has been a head coach, he had nothing whatever to do with the selection of the material he coached.

With indirect reference to the recent meeting of the National Collegiate Athletic Association in New York, where it was decided to boycott institutions not living up to the rules of amateur practices, he said. "If the great educational institutions of this country agree on practical standards for athletics and decide not to schedule other institutions that will not observe these standards, Notre Dame will go along, providing the decent corollary of such a policy is put into effect that no institution observing these standards will be excluded from competition. It must be remembered that the American way tolerates no penalty on success or on winning providing success is achieved according to the principles of fair play."

FATHER CAVANAUGH

MAILERS SIGN WITH COURIER

A wage increase has been given to members of the Rochester Mailers Union 66 in a recent new contract made with the Catholic Courier-Journal. The Rev. John E. Randall, managing editor, has announced.

The contract, which runs from January 1st to July 31st, provides for a 44-hour week on the day shift and 7½ hour shift which is equivalent to $45.10 per day and $54 per week. The contract also guarantees double time for overtime.

The previous contract between the newspaper and the union provided wages under the new contract for day shift workers will be $42.90 per day and $51.60 per week, night workers $45.60 per day and $55.20 per week.

Since the mailers handle the Courier-Journal at night, they will receive under the new contract the nightly wage rate of $14.00. This represents a $2.80 increase over their previous nightly rate.

The agreement also carries a "closed-shop" clause by which the newspaper promises to hire only members of the Rochester Mailers Union. Mailing operations of the Courier-Journal normally requires six mailers.

Father Randall signed the contract for the newspaper. The union was represented by Raymond A. Mattare, president, and Clem A. Putnam, secretary-treasurer.

Pay for mailers in all commercial printing shops in Rochester is governed by the Courier-Journal contract, President Mattare stated.

CWV Ask 300,000 DPs Admitted

Cleveland — (NC) — President Harry S. Truman, the State Department and the Congress were petitioned in a resolution adopted at the meeting of the national board of officers of the Catholic War Veterans, here, to admit 300,000 displaced persons from Europe to the United States for settlement in the agricultural areas of the nation, it has been announced by National Commander Max H. Sorensen.

The resolution states that it is apparent the farm economy of the nation can support large numbers of farm workers and points out that a large number of the displaced persons in Europe are farmers.

James J. Norris, executive assistant of War Relief Services-National Catholic Welfare Conference, who recently returned from a trip to the DP camps in Germany, Austria and Italy, spoke before the board.

The resolution stressed the importance of bringing whole families of displaced persons to the United States, pointing out that the family is the cornerstone of civilization.

Ruthenian Union With Rome Recalled

Paris — (NC) — A Solemn Pontifical Mass was offered in the Church of St. Wladimir here to commemorate the 50th anniversary of the Union of Brest, by which Orthodox Ruthenian Bishops and more than ten million Christians of the region were [illegible] Church of Rome.

Don Sturzo Sees Civil War Threat in Italy

Rome— (RNS)—Sharpening conflict between the Communist and the Uomo Qualunque (Common Man) parties has brought a threat of civil war to Italy, according to Don Luigi Sturzo, aging priest-founder of the Christian Democratic party, and one of the nation's most respected statesmen.

Writing in the Milan publication, Italia, Don Sturzo warned that Italy is dividing itself between extreme rightist and leftist blocs, each of which is arming against the other. He said the outbreak may come "when one or the other had a psychological confidence of winning."

Don Sturzo compared the situation in Italy to that in Spain during the Franco revolt, and predicted that if a conflict develops the United States and Britain would be aligned on the side of the rightists, while Russia and Yugoslavia would support the leftists.

"I hope, however," the priest-statesman added, "that all this will turn out to be a macabre dream."

Coincident with Don Sturzo's warning was a statement by Ildefonso Cardinal Schuster, Archbishop of Milan, in the local diocesan bulletin charging that "the power of atheistic Communism plus the irreligiousness of Protestant nations" are the two greatest threats confronting the western world at present.

Cardinal Schuster appealed to the western powers to recognize the alternative "either to defend our traditional civilization or to enter into the orbit of the Kremlin and the political and religious system of Moscow."

Pastor Plows Parish Streets

Chicago — (NC) — The Rev. M. A. Canning, of St. Ferdinand's Church here, who recently bought a tractor in Milwaukee, turned it to good use following a heavy snowfall by rigging it up as a snow-plow and clearing all the sidewalks leading to the church. He also drove through the streets of his parish and cleared paths for pedestrians.

CIO Bars Donations to Red Cross, NCWC War Relief, March of Dimes

Washington — The Congress of Industrial Organizations has notified local and state industrials councils that they are prohibited from making contributions or sending delegates to organizations other than a group of 36 which has been approved by the national office. Only one Catholic organization — the Catholic War Veterans — appears on the approved list

Such outstanding organizations as War Relief Services-National Catholic Welfare Conference, as well as the American Red Cross and National Foundation for Infantile Paralysis, were not included in the CIO approved list. The March of Dimes campaign of the National Foundation.

The list, described as tentative and subject to change, was drawn up in conformity with a CIO rule, which empowers the national office to recognize national organizations to which local and state councils may make contributions or send delegates. It was explained.

The CIO statement in outlining the list, says: "In the application of the rule, assistance may have been denied to many worthy organizations and causes which would merit support except that it is the primary responsibility of our councils to concern themselves with the needs of the CIO." The statement also explains that the fact an organization is listed does not make it incumbent upon a council to make contributions or send delegates to it.

In the breakdown, the CIO approves 13 organizations, grouped as community services and relief, but no Catholic organization is among them. There is no Catholic group among the five race relations organizations approved. The Catholic War Veterans is among the nine approved veterans organizations, but there are no Catholic groups among the five educational institutions and organizations or the four miscellaneous organizations approved.