

RESPECT FOR RIGHTS OF MINORITIES IS ESSENTIAL TO PEACE INSISTS PIUS XII

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"The guilt of beginning and prolonging a war is no graver than the making of an unjust and breakable peace." These words were uttered by His Holiness Pope Pius XII in an address to Archbishop Spellman. The Pope strongly stated on this as on many other occasions that the right of a nation to live was as sacred as the right of an individual.

This supreme truth must be recognized at the peace table. If the peace itself is not to be the result of another more terrible war. The Holy Father for many years has been teaching the principles of a just and lasting peace to the leaders of nations. His voice has been like a voice crying in the wilderness of a war torn world. His voice alone can be heard above the crashing of guns and the terrible thud of bombs. Based upon the teachings of the Saviour whom He represents, the words of Pius XII represent the only hope of a war-weary world ever attaining a just and lasting peace.

Foremost among the principles which the Pope teaches are essential to a respect for the rights of minorities. In His Christmas message of 1939 His Holiness emphasized the necessity of bearing in mind, in connection with a new international order, the needs and just demands of racial minorities. "A point which should be given particular attention if a better order in Europe is desired, concerns the real needs and just demands of nations and peoples, a well as ethnic minorities." Even if



means are unable to establish a strict legal right, they deserve to be examined in a friendly spirit with a view to meeting them wherever possible, and if necessary to revise treaties to achieve this desirable result. No peace can ever be successful unless there is assurance for all nations great and small, powerful and weak, of their right to life and independence. The will of one nation must never mean the sentence of death passed upon another. When this long hoped justice demands that reparation must be made not by force of arms or arbitrary decision but by the rules of justice itself.

In his Christmas message of 1939 the Pontiff made clear a necessary premise for a new order in the world: victory over the fascist principle that utility

is the foundation and aim of law, and that might can create right. This principle is bound to be a constant source of antagonism in international relations and can never be acceptable to modern nations. Hence the Pope exhorts the nations to return to honest, serious and moral international relations. This conception does not exclude the right to defend oneself if powerful life has been attacked, or to repay the damage sustained by such an attack.

Again at Christmas 1941 the Pope states in no uncertain terms that in a new order founded on moral principles there is no room for the violation of the freedom, integrity and security of other states, no matter what may be their territorial extension or capacity for defense. It is inevitable that the powerful states shall play leading roles in the formation of economic groups, including not only themselves but the smaller states as well. It is also most imperative that the rights of the smaller states in political freedom, to economic development and to the adequate protection, in case of conflicts between nations, of that neutrality which is theirs according to the natural as well as the international law. His Holiness further states: "There is no room for moral principles within the rights of a new order

founded on the open or secret aggression of the cultural and linguistic characteristics of national minorities. For the hindrance of their development and for their limitation or abolition of their peaceful fertility. The more conscientiously the government of the State respects the rights of minorities, the more confidently and the more effectively can it demand from its subjects a loyal fulfillment of their civil obligations which are common to all citizens."

The same and substance of these papal pronouncements could be formulated thusly: "(1) the exclusion of every form of aggression of the national rights of minorities, such as the right to preserve their peculiar culture (religious, historical, educational, etc.) their economic position, their economic capacity, and their natural fertility; (2) Affirmation of the necessity of a reciprocal sense of loyalty between the State and racial minorities within it."

INTERNATIONAL LAW

In their recent statement on Peace, the Catholic Bishops of the United States have insisted on the necessity of following the provisions of the Atlantic Charter without reservation or exception. In speaking of a possible International community as a solution to the war of the world, the Bishops state, "International law must govern in-

ternational relations. Might must be subordinated to law. An international institution, based on the recognition of its objective moral obligation and not on the binding force of a conventional clause, is needed for the preservation of a just peace and the promotion for the common good of the international community. The international community must guarantee to the weak and poor nations economic opportunities and reasonable standards of living. In this international organization an envisaged by the American Bishops, there must be a World Court whose authority must not only be advisory but also judicial. The World Court must have the foundation of an up-to-date code of international law achieved by the best legal minds of the age. It must have all, have the backing and sanction of every member of the international organization. Its word must be the final word. Its decision must be law in international affairs. The Bishops' Statement re-affirms the Papal pronouncements regarding minority groups. "We hold that if there is to be a genuine and lasting world peace, the International organization should demand as a condition of membership that every nation guarantee in law and respect in fact, the basic rights of men, families and minority groups in their civil and religious life."

We have in the above tried to summarize the many statements of the Pope and the American Bishops on the minority problem. These statements agree that the peace depends on a just solution of the problems of minorities and that the peace depends on the peace rights of nations must be just. As Pope Pius XII said, "The peace of Christ on earth the Pope's heart beats at the persecution of the weak and his hands are extended toward all those who are victims of this world war in the history of the world. There is a grave obligation on the heads of allied nations and especially on the powerful Big Three to take every means toward the achieving of a just and lasting peace. Recent events have given the millions who are weary of war much cause to wonder whether or not these leaders have ever heard of the plans of Pius XII."

When the September 1944 conference began, we had heard how the Pope had been talking since his death in 1939. It was not until the end of the war that we knew the truth.

into practice the moral principles of Pius XII. These hopes were dashed to great disappointment at the conference. It was announced that there was already present agreement and only the present agreement. The conference did not practically accept the hope or because it had to do with the right of anyone of the Big Three to vote on a question involving aggression perpetrated by itself. The Soviet Union insisted that a nation whose action was up for scrutiny should have the decisive voice in the official review of its own case. In other words, each great power is a law unto itself. "Might does make right," and in every case of this kind the weaker and weaker nations must pay the price. This would hardly seem to be a strong basis for a just and lasting peace.

THE CASE OF POLAND

The case of Poland is most interesting as an example of what is happening to minorities. Poland as a nation has a right to exist. The original Allies took up arms in defense of that goal. If Poland is destroyed or cut up to create the territorial hunger for larger nations, such an intention will prevent real peace in Europe. The Polish question is more than a minor local question. It has universal implications. It is being treated as though it were the exclusive affair of the Soviet Union. Russian claims that Poland is its own, the reminder with a few acres left of German territory, will be given to Poland under a puppet government, subject to the Russian. The Polish people will not accept this. They will fight for their own freedom. One can see the danger of Poland under such a puppet government. It is likely that the Polish people will fight for their own freedom and that they will win.

It would seem that the leaders of the Big Three would need to give much more attention to the principles of morality contained in the words and teachings of Pius XII, if they are sincere and honest in their plotting for a just and lasting peace. Peace can be achieved. It is possible, however, only by putting into practice the moral principles of Pius XII. The only way to achieve this is by the united action of all nations.

ON GUARD

(Continued from Page 1)

Ms. unsuspecting readers, "are two of Spanish Republicans' greatest leaders." What a tragedy if this leads an informed reader to identify these two Spanish Communists with such (C. O. F. Malwra as Governor Dewey and Senator Vandenberg.

La Pasionaria is a particularly interesting creature. The editors of COLLIER'S and their author Ted Allen seem to be totally unaware — and this is hard to believe — that she is the "pin-up girl" of Spanish and even International Communism. She was one of the evil spirits during those days in Spain when millions were in flames and the blood of priests and nuns was flowing in the streets. When the monstruous Calvo Sotelo rose in the Spanish Curia to protest the Red violence, it was Communist member La Pasionaria who screamed at him: "That is your last speech!" It was too! He was murdered a few nights later. Since the Franco victory in Spain La Pasionaria has spent some of her time in Moscow — present headquarters of International Communism — where she writes verbal attacks against Franco. Check the files of the New York Communist DAILY WORKER for proof of this.

The record of Dr. Juan Negrin is also well known. There is no cause for the editors of COLLIER'S not knowing it. An indication of Franco in the League of Nations in 1936, Negrin's position Government he occupied in Madrid was to receive hundreds of millions of dollars worth of Spanish gold. It was after this piece of treachery that Negrin became the central financial supporter of gold in the world, and began to tell that the gold would now gold which the world had. The new gold standard was the Spanish gold standard. The gold was the gold of the world.

After the Franco victory Negrin became blind and was the chief of State because of his incompetence. Franco's victory in 1939 was the result of Franco's victory. The Franco victory was the result of Franco's victory. The Franco victory was the result of Franco's victory.

lous Negrin, assisted by such able agents as La Pasionaria, would have remained in a Soviet-groomed decept of Spain. At the present moment Negrin is in Paris. With Moscow support he is plotting the overthrow of Franco and a return of himself to power. In such he is not starving either. He sent plenty of money out of Spain against the day when he would have to flee before Franco. Judging from the American press Dr. Negrin has enough money to hire some good press agents as well as pay for his board and keep in Paris.

The high of democracy in Spain does not mean the high of democracy in the League of Nations. The League of Nations is a tool of the Communists. The League of Nations is a tool of the Communists. The League of Nations is a tool of the Communists. The League of Nations is a tool of the Communists.

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