Foe Within Must Be Met After Victory, Navy Trainees Told

NOTRE DAME, Ind. (NC)—The war is being fought between paganism and Christianity and the "issue will not be settled on the day when the Axis admit their defeat" but "ultimately you will have to meet the enemy from within," the Very Rev. J. Hugh O'Donnell, C.S.C., president of the University of Notre Dame, asserted here.

The occasion was the assemblages of the V-12 trainees under the new Navy Program who are enrolled at the University.

(A similar program is being conducted at the University of Rochester. Approximately 800 college and high school boys are enrolled. The Rev. Arthur E. Ratigan, recently appointed by the Military Ordinariate as Auxiliary Chaplain, reports that of this number at least 500 are Catholics. Many of them come from Fordham, Niagara and Canisius, Father Ratigan said.)

Pointing out that a "nation can only prosper through a family in which God-fearing parents rear God-fearing children, Father O'Donnell expressed a fear of certain phases of our war effort. He made special mention of women employed in war industries "while their children roam the streets or are farmed out in a day nursery."

First Home Front

He commended the women of America who are members of the Red Cross, defense workers or members of one of the military auxiliary services. But, he warned, "that the wife and mother who remains in her own home, living up to the Christian ideals of womanhood, is performing a greater patriotic service. Women have their duties on the home front, but the first home front is in the home."

Father O'Donnell declared that the nation's future will not be assured until "as people, we again make religion the motivating force in our lives."

In conclusion the speaker asserted his belief in youth and said that "the nation relies on you and I know you will not fail."

French Priests Take Up Forced Labor To Bring Workers Spiritual Care

VATICAN CITY.—(NC)—Problems confronting the Church in providing spiritual care for the workers taken into Germany from occupied nations of Europe are strikingly reflected in two stories reported by KIPA, the Swiss Catholic news agency.

It has been learned that many French priests have volunteered as simple laborers and have gone to Germany in this capacity, in order that the French workmen sent to labor in Germany may not be without spiritual assistance.

These priest-workers perform their required day's work and in their off hours dedicate themselves to the spiritual needs of their compatriots. His Holiness Pope Pius XII has granted them wide faculties. If they are not free in the morning, they may celebrate Mass in the afternoon or evening. They may offer up three Masses on Sunday.

The German Bishops at the Fulda Conference have requested the German Minister of Worship that more spiritual care be permitted for Polish civilians laboring in Germany. The German Minister told His Eminence Adolph Cardinal Bertram, Archbishop of Breslau, that "there is no reason why German priests should not baptise the children of Polish workers and assist at Polish funerals."

The fact is, however, that a number of humiliating and restrictive regulations operate against this practice. For example, the Polish language is forbidden to be spoken, only the immediate family could attend such ceremonies and no German should be present. Moreover it is not permitted to baptise Poles and Germans at the same time.

Bishop McEntegart's Consecration Set In New York City Aug. 3

NEW YORK (NC) — The Most Rev. Bryan J. McEntegart, Bishop of Ogdensburg, will be consecrated in St. Patrick's Cathedral here on August 3.

His Excellency the Most Rev. Amleto Giovanni Cicognani, Apostolic Delegate to the United States, will be the consecrator and the co-consecrators will be the Most Rev. Edmund F. Gibbons, Bishop of Albany and the Most Rev. Stephen J. Donahue, Auxiliary Bishop of New York. The Rt. Rev. Msgr. Robert F. Keegan, Secretary for Charities to the Most Rev. Francis J. Spellman, Archbishop of New York, will preach the sermon.

Bishop McEntegart will be installed in St. Mary's Cathedral at Ogdensburg on August 10, with the Most Rev. Walter A. Foery, Bishop of Syracuse, officiating. The Most Rev. J. Francis A. McIntyre, Auxiliary Bishop of New York, will be the celebrant of the Solemn Mass which will follow.

At the time of his appointment as Bishop of Ogdensburg, Bishop McEntegart was Executive Director of the War Relief Services of the National Catholic Welfare Conference.

German Bishops Meet At Fulda, July 17-19

VATICAN CITY.—(NS-Radio)—The Bishops of Germany will meet in conference in Fulda, July 17 to 19, according to German reports reaching here.

Papal Nuncio Blesses Shrine In Ireland

DUBLIN — His Excellency the Most Rev. Paschal Robinson, Papal Apostolic to Ireland, blessed a new shrine in honor of St. Anthony, erected in the Capuchin Church of St. Mary of the Angels, Church St., Dublin, on the Feast of the Saint.

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United Nations Represented At Mass For General Sikorski

WASHINGTON—Personal representatives of President Roosevelt, diplomats of the United Nations, and high-ranking officials of the United States Government were among those present July 10 at a Pontifical Mass of Requiem offered up in the National Shrine of the Immaculate Conception, here, for General Ladislaw Sikorski. General Sikorski, who was Premier of the Polish government-in-exile and commander-in-chief of the Polish armed forces, was killed in an airplane accident off Gibraltar, Sunday night, July 4.

His Excellency the Most Rev. Amleto Giovanni Cicognani, Apostolic Delegate to the United States, was celebrant of the Mass, which was arranged by Jan Ciechanowski, Ambassador of Poland to the United States, who attended with the entire embassy staff.

President Roosevelt was represented by Maj. Gen. Edwin M. Watson and Rear Admiral Wilson Brown, his Military and Naval Aides, respectively.

A high catafalque surrounded by lighted candles and draped in the national colors of Poland stood before the altar. At the foot of the catafalque was a wreath of flowers sent by the President of the United States.

Secretary of State Cordell Hull was represented by Assistant Secretary of State Adolf A. Berle, Jr. Associate Justice Felix Frankfurter of the United States Supreme Court, high ranking officers of the Army and Navy and other Government officials were also in attendance.

Lord Halifax, accompanied by Lady Halifax, headed a large representation of the British Embassy. Other diplomats who headed representations of their Missions in this country included the Ambassadors of Turkey, Belgium, Spain, Cuba and Jugoslavia, the Ministers of Greece, Czechoslovakia, Luxembourg, South Africa, Portugal, Sweden and Latvia. Representatives of The Netherlands and China also were present. General Henri Honore Giraud, presently in the United States, sent a special representative.

Message from Pontiff

Inspired by His Holiness Pope Pius XII, who sent a personal message of condolence and the assurance of prayers to the Polish Government in exile, Catholics throughout the world united in Masses and prayers for the [illegible] leader. In New York City, the Most Rev. J. Francis A. McIntyre, Auxiliary Bishop, sang a Solemn Requiem in St. Patrick's Cathedral. Sylwyn Strakacz, Consul General and other members of the Government occupied the front pews.

At Gibraltar, near the site of the airplane crash that took the live of General Sikorski, his Excellency the Most Rev. Richard Fitzgerald celebrated Mass in the Cathedral of St. Mary the Crowned. High ranking officers of the British, American, Fighting French and other United Nations forces attended.

In London, where a two-week period of national mourning was declared for Poland's valiant Premier, a Mass was offered in the Polish Church on Devonia Road and attended by President Wladyslaw Raczkiewicz and members of the Cabinet of the Polish Government-in-exile.

General Sikorski, whose grandfather was a soldier of the Polish unit which fought under Napoleon, became Premier of Poland in December, 1922, and served until 1923. He again became Premier on Sept. 30, 1939, and on Nov. 7 of the same year, also became Commander-in-Chief of the Polish armed forces.

Polish Consul General Sylwyn Strakacz, in a radio address over the National Broadcasting Company network, commenting on the death of Gen. Sikorski, said:

"Fighting Poland has been struck with a thunderbolt. The nation as a whole and every individual Pole has experienced the deepest shock. The death of General Sikorski has been the most painful blow for Fighting Poland. He was at the same time her Leader and her Father. He shared her hardships and dangers. Together with her he fought untiringly, he stood on the bulwark.

(Continued on Page 15)

WAC Officer, U. S. Born Chinese, Lauds Work Of Missioners In Far East

By Katharine McKiever

FT. OGLETHORPE, Ga. (NC)—"The Maryknoll Fathers do grand work in the Far East," Third Officer Emily Lee Shek said while discussing conditions in Hong Kong. A non-Catholic, she became acquainted with the Maryknollers as members of the American Colony at Hong Kong. She has visited the New York Motherhouse of the Society and corresponds with the Rev. Joseph P. Ryan there, who informs her that, according to the last news heard of him, a mutual friend, the Rev. Clarence Burns, M.M., is still interned at Hong Kong.

Third Officer Emily Lee Shek

Officer Shek, American born of Chinese parents, has received no news of her husband and two children—a 15-year-old boy and 11-year-old girl—since the fall of Hong Kong. Her mother died while she was still in Hong Kong.

Alone and wishing to do something to help win the war, she decided to enter the Women's Army Corps even before Congress had authorized its existence. But when it came to enlisting the weight requirement of 100 lbs. proved an obstacle; she weighed only 98 lbs. Six bananas and a lot of water brought her weight up to 101 lbs. Prior to enlisting in the WAC, she worked at the draft board in New York, where she inducted her own brother into the service.

"Any American girl really interested in trying to end this war," Officer Shek said, "should consider joining the WAC, the best way." She was sworn into the service on Sept. 17, 1942, and received her basic training at Ft. Des Moines, Iowa. After receiving her commission she was assigned to Company work in downtown Des Moines. She has been at Oglethorpe for seven weeks and is now its executive officer.

Bishop Sets Anniversaries Rite On Thanksgiving Day

(Continued from Page 1)

Parish School Pioneer

A pioneer in Catholic Education, Bishop McQuaid founded Seton Hall College in New Jersey. He soon announced his educational policies as Bishop and immediately set to work to inaugurate the great system of Catholic schools throughout the diocese which is today the pride of the country.

Bishop McQuaid committed himself to a twofold policy, schools for the children and priests for the spiritual work of the Diocese. He was not long in bringing the latter to reality. St. Andrew's Seminary, constructed to educate young men for the priesthood whose parents could not afford to provide their early education, was opened in September, 1870, two years following the Bishop's arrival in Rochester.

Always a great visionary, Bishop McQuaid was convinced that Rochester could never have a high place among the dioceses of the country until it had its own seminary for higher theological studies. Very early he began to lay the foundations for his new seminary. Out of the poor resources of his growing diocese he saved a little for the day when his dream would come true. As early as 1879 he sent young men abroad to prepare them in the best universities of Europe as the future professors of his seminary.

Cornerstone Laid in 1891

The cornerstone of St. Bernard's Seminary was put in place and blessed by Bishop McQuaid Aug. 20, 1891, the Feast of St. Bernard. The completion of the first building, designed to care for 98 students, was somewhat delayed and it was not until 1893 that it was opened. Its reputation was quickly established and increased applications necessitated increased accommodations. So two more buildings were added in the lifetime of Bishop McQuaid.

His life, filled with many and great accomplishments for the honor and glory of God and the increase of His Kingdom on earth, was brought to close with his death Jan. 18, 1909.

Distinguished Successors

The many projects which he began, particularly that of Catholic Education, have been fostered and expanded by his successors in office, all dedicated to the same ideals. He was succeeded by the Most Rev. Thomas F. Hickey, D.D., who had a distinguished reign as Bishop until his retirement in 1928.

The Most Rev. John Francis O'Hern, D.D., Vicar-General of the Diocese under Bishop Hickey, followed as the Third Bishop. His untimely death May 22, 1933, brought the Most Rev. Edward Mooney, D.D., formerly Apostolic Delegate to India and Japan. In 1937 the Holy See transferred Archbishop Mooney to the newly founded Archdiocese of Detroit.

The Fifth Bishop of Rochester, His Excellency the Most Rev. James E. Kearney, was installed as Bishop Nov. 11, 1937. Formerly a pastor in New York City, Bishop Kearney had served as the Ordinary of the missionary diocese of Salt Lake City, Utah. He was welcomed to Rochester in the evening of Nov. 10 by a crowd of clergy and laity assembled in the New York Central station. This gathering of Catholic laity outnumbered the entire Catholic population of his diocese in Utah. During the succeeding years, Bishop Kearney has endeared himself to all in the diocese, Catholics and non-Catholics alike.

Named For Saints

Montreal.—There are 1,179 streets named in the City of Montreal and 131 of them are accompanied by the prefix "St.," according to a report made by Conrad Archambault [illegible]

Rio Catholic U. Gets Government Land

RIO DE JANEIRO.—By a special decree, President Getulio Vargas of Argentina has granted a piece of land for the building of the Catholic University of Rio [illegible]