Report Reveals Full **Extent Of Damage In Belgium By Nazis**

MONTREAL — Historic churches and libraries were among the thousands of buildings destroyed in the German invasion of Belgium, according to the report of the Belgian Administration Reconstruction At Seraing, near Liege, the

Administration Reconstruction
Administration Reconstruction
Coramission made available here.
The Commission to which with
German spiroval was entrusted of the late Renaissance period, suftine massisment of damage during fered damage. At Argentesia a beautiful eighteenth century tion would cost at least 13,000,000, of the legism francs. The report of Foret in the Vesdre region, a shows that \$,832 houses were demollabed by Garman bombs or shells, that 25,156 houses were had ly damaged but repairable, and that 16,710 houses were alightly damaged. Other damage included the destruction of 352 factories, 6,800 miles of roads, 108 railroad stations and warehouses and 1,455 bridges and tunnels. The cities that succeed worst were Tournal, Louvain, Nivelles and Ostend.

One of the greatest fosses was that of the famous sand process of the church was set seriously damaged.

One of the greatest fosses was that of the famous rebuilt Louvain Library, one of Europe's finest. It was destroyed in the first World War by the Germans, but had been

oarefully rebuilt.

The commissions report refers to the heavy toll in churches and dodn churches at St. Job-in-'t Goor, Zandhoven and Burght were sample of the so-called flaming Gothic style, St. Jacques Church, was badly damaged, as was St. Nicholas Church. The carved oak decorations from the latter, which date back to the Regency period, were saved, however.

Brecht and Bever are in ruins.

Modern churches at St. Job-in-'t Goor, Zandhoven and Burght were sawed the church at Swangheer and the church that the famous painting "Descent from the Cross," by Nicaise de Keyser, and the Ronaissance furniture in the Sandviet church have been preserved from German louters. carefully rebuilt.

Lochout and Sandvilet to Zwind-recht and Burght, Famous six-teenth ontury windows in the Church of St. Zzonard were de-stroyed, but the church was not seriously damaged.

The baroque interiors of the churches of Grobbendonck and Meerhout have been gutted, and the famous spires at Berrandrecht, Brecht and Bever are in ruins.

Modern churches at St. Job-in-'t

Aim Of Faked Reports On Arms Seizure In Brazil Monasteries Exposed

By Msgr. Joaquim Nabuco

RIO DE JANEIRO - (N. C.) - Deliberate attempts by enemies to embarass the Catholic Church and the Government of Brazil are seen in the latest circulation of false re-

ports that police raids upon Catholic institutions in this country have resulted in the seizure of war paraphernulia and quantities of Nazi propaganda.

Some newspapers in Bahia and Parahyba printed reports that arms, munitions and Nazi propaganda had been discovered in Franciscan monasteries in those places.

(Similar reports were widely dis-seminated in the secular press of the United States.)

The Vicar General of the Archdiocese of Parahyba asked the police to see for themselves that the reports were unfounded, and to investigate particularly the memastery of the Franciscan, Fathers connected with Resario Church at Joac Passoa. This convent was one of those singled out in the false reports of arms setsures. The false reports of arms seizures. The police accepted the Vicar General's invitation, and were able to find nothing to substantiate the newspaper reports.

The Most Rev. Moyses Coelho, Archhishop of Parahyba, with whom this correspondent conferred, asked me to deny the newspaper reports involving the Catholic institutions as being absolute-large.

Fro Hildebrando, a German-born Franciscan of Bahla, who founded siid directs a social center-and school regularly attended by some 4,000 workmen, also told this correspondent that the report is absolutely false. The priest be-lieves that the false reports are de-liberately calculated to discredit the work of his social center. Not only the Franciscans but

The work of his social center.

Not only the Franciscans but other religious congregations in Birsail have numbers of German-been religious in their monasteries. But they are all deeply Brazilian. Ornolais of the State Department and of stheir Government agencies my they have received no information regarding the science of information regarding the science of the Caurch and the Gevernment of Brazil could serve their purposes by getting the German Religious into fronds.

The whole matter has served to gove that the Franciscans harbor we accept in the Franciscans harbor we accept in the real seconds as a served to gove that the Franciscans harbor has the Franciscans harbor accept in their monasteries.

Cardinal Blesses

Cross For Highest

Peak In New World

BUENOS ATRES. - His Eminence Luis Cardinal Copello, Archbishop of Buenos Aires, blessed the cross which is to be Placed by the Condors of the Anges Club on the surrenit of

Aconcagua, highest peak in the Western Hemisphere.
The ceremony occurred in the Basilica of Santa Rosa de Lima. The wooden cross weights 161 pounds and is divided into five sections.

of pounds and is divided into five sections.

Mt. Acononyua is on the Argentine side of the United horder and towers over the Uspallata Pass made famous by the statue of Christ of the Andes. Its altitude is 23,098 feet and there are only four higher mountains in the world, all of them in the Himalayas.

Sweden Teachers Down Nazi Infiltration Move

SWEDEN. Efforts of the Quisling Government in Norway to make an Axis tool of the Norwegian school system have been condemned at a meeting of Swed-ish school tenchers, according to a speaker on a short-wave radio pro-gram sent out of Sweden. The Central Committee of the

Swedish Association of Elementary School Teachers, it was stated, adopted a resolution stating it had "teaced with sorrow and diamay of the measures taken against Norwegian teachers" and extending sympathy in the "struggle against the stempt to convert the Norwegian school system into an in atrument for educating the people in an outlook of life foreign to Northern mentality."

BETTER HOUSING

Octawa - The French-speaking Particular Council of the St. Vincent de Paul Society here has taltlated a merement to alleviate ever-covided conditions scholar In the beautiful of sendy families.

VICTIM OF JAPANESE BOMBS IN MANILA



In this picture, one of the arst reaching the United States since the Japanese bombing of the Philipan tass picture, one of the mint reaching the United States since the Japanese combing of the Philippines, is shown the Dominican Church of Santo Domingo, in Manila as it went up in fismes following the treacherous assault. The church pictured here was greated in 1867 and is the fourth in succession to the original structure erected in 1888. Priceless books and records were destroyed in the fire. (N.C.W.C.)

Hope In Russia For Polish Catholics; None Under Nazis

By MEGR. ZYGMUNT

RAUZYNSKI

(Written for NOWO News Service)
The wounds of the Church in Poland are indescribably terrible.
However, if there is any grain of solace amid Polish Catholics' suffering and any ray of hope for better-days with the relatively near future, it must be said they are to be found in Russia.

The oppression, hardships and disabilities endured by the Poles at the hands of the Soviets have been too great to permit of any great

the hands of the Soviets have been too great to permit of any great rejoicing over what may be regarded as a somewhat improved condition of Poles in Russia since the signing of the Polish-Soviet pact. A staggering amount of changes must yet be made before Polish Catholics enjoy real religious liberty under the Russians. Nevertheless, the situation of Polish Catholics under the Nazis

Nevertheless, the situation of Polish Catholics under the Nazis is infinitely worse at this writing. Dioceses have been liquidated, priests murdered, arrested and deported by the thousands, and the civilian population has been deprived entirely of the consolations of religion. of religion.

Were the prospect for the future to be based on the current status of Polish Catholics in Russia, it could be said that in Russia the Church is rising from the cata-combs, while in Germany it is de-scending into the catacombs.

Extended Wide Faculties

On the eve of my departure from England for the United States, I received from the Most Rev. Joseph Gawlina, Field Bishop of the Polish Armed Forces, a cable from Cairo, in which His Excellency notified me that he landed safely there from England and would proceed shortly to Soviet Russia. Blahon Gawlina advised that the Bishop Gawlina advised that the Holy Father has extended to him exceedingly wide ecclesiastical and pastoral faculties to aid him in meeting the most important prob-lems confideted with his appostolic mission there.

At present, only 52 priests enjoy freedom in Soviet Russia, and they freedom in South Russia, and they are all army chaplains, although they are permitted to minister spiritually to the civilian population of Poland deported into the USSR in the course of the occupation of Polish territory in the pariod September, 1939, to June 22. 1941. The number of Polish citi-sens thus in the USSR is about 2,000,000, of whom 200,000 are offi-cers and soldiers.

Not all Polish priests have been freed. According to the list presented by the Polish Embessy in Russia to the Soviet Government, some 156 are in the Solowlecki Islands in the White Sea. They have lands in the White sea. They have not yet been released because there have been no communications with the islands during the winter. These priests all have been sub-jected to hard manual labor. Assisted, from Abread

Author Is Colonel In Polish Army

Monsignor Kaczynski, a Colonel in the Polish Army and author of article in adjoining columns, is Dean of the Polish Army Chaplains, a member of the Polish National Council, and Chaplain to the President of Poland. Before the war, Monsignor Kaczynski was a Canon of the Cathedral in Warsaw and Durector of KAP, Polish Catholic news agency, which functioned under the direction of the Polish Hierarchy. Wounded in the course of the Battle of Warsaw, he escaped from Poland in March 1940 to Rome. From there he went to Paris, where he was appointed chaplain to Munsignar Kaczynski, a Colonel in Rome. From there he went to Paris, where he was appointed chaplain to the President of the Republic of Poland and Director of Ecclesiastical Affairs for the Polish Government in Exile. He is visiting the United States with General Wladyslaw Sikorski, Prima Minister of Poland.

priests in Russia. General Sikorski allotted \$10,000 for this purpose and subsequently donations from various parts of the world, largely from the United States, have been received for the benefit of the Polish clergy in Russia. The Holy See has been most solicitous for the welfare of the Polish population and since the signing of the Polish-Soviet agreement has been sending aid to the Polish people, who have been suffering greatly from material privations and are from material privations and are harassed by epidemics, particularly of typhus and dysentery.

Monsignor Cienski, who was de-ported from Lwow, is the head of

the army chaplains in Russis, while Father Kucharski, a Jesuit, who was deported from Wilno, bas charge of the spiritual ministry to the civilian Polish population. They have received aid from Eng-

difficulty in fulfilling their pastoral duties. In fact, during his recent visit to Russia, General Sikorski visit to Russia, General Sikorski participated in church services and was accompanied frequently on such occasions by the Soviet Vice-Commissar of Foreign Affairs, Wy-

Saynski, and his suite.

However, it must be emphasized that such freedom of public worship and practice of religion in what is now Russian territory is what is now Russian territory is limited and confined solely to the army and Polish civilian popula-tion. Nevertheless, this is a rather notable concession for Russia's atheistic government. At present, it is, of course, almost impossible to forsee if this situation will preto forses it this situation will pre-vail, let alone improve in the fu-ture. If such a condition presages any developments in the future, undoubtedly it would be the first light to fall upon the catacombs into which the Church in Russia has been forced.

The situation of the Church in

The situation of the Church in German-occupied Poland is critical, to say the least. Some Catholic priests wrote a letter from Breslau, which I received through the Most Rev. John Erik Muller, Vicar Apostolic of Sweden. This com-munication paints a tragic picture of the Church and Catholics in Nazi-occupied Poland. According to these priests, seven Polish dioto these priests, seven Polish dio-ceses have been liquidated Poz-nan, Gniezno, Wloclawek, Plock, Pelplin, Lodz and Katowice. The Bishops of these dioceses were de-ported and 90 per cent of the clergy imprisoned or exiled. Worse, a large number of them was exe-cuted by the Gestapo. Churches are closed and millions of Catholics are entirely without Mass or the Sacraments. Sacraments.

Bishops Incarcerated

Several Polish Bishop are now in Nati concentration camps, includ-ing: Bishop Marius Fulman, of Lublin, now in custody at Nowy Sonicz, and Auxiliary Eishops Leo Wetmanski, of Plock, imprisoned land in the form of 40 field chaptels, prayer books, rosaries, medals, together with a large supply of Wioelawek, in the camp at Lond, clothes, food and medicine.

The Rev. Leopold A. A. Braun, American priest in charge of the single Catholic church allowed open in Moscow — St. Louis de Francois — collaborates with the Polish priests who are having no 1941. rrancois - collaborates with the the Nazis at Dzalidow in July, Polish priests, who are having no 1941.

Generosity of U.S. Forces In North Ireland Lauded

american troops recently arrived american troops recently arrived towards the people in Clarer is at a Northern Ireland port, one of "rapidly endearing them to the the first acts of its Command was Irish." "This latest genture is but to present several sundred loaves of bread and stocks of canned since the arrival of the initial fruits, coffee, meet and poultry to latch some weeks ago," he said. These pricets all have been subfruits, coffree, mest and politry to
a Catholic charitable institution, it
has been revealed by Father Mc
Concret Windyslaw Silverset Prime
Minister of the Exiled Phila Government in Greek Relian, have
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Father McGovran and Connot.

Father McGovran and the gen
Bishop of Devn and Connot.

Father McGovran sald the gen-

BELFAST.—When one group of erosity of the American for merican troops recently arrived towards the people in Ulster