"In vain will you found missions and build schools if you are not able to wield the offensive and defensive weapons of a loyal Catholic press."
—Pope Benedict XV.

CATHOLIC COURIER AND JOURNAL

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Diocesan Women Hold Annual Convention With Many Delegates

Catholic Women Vote Favorably On Parent-Teacher Organizations—Rochester Diocesan Council Concludes First Annual Convention With Adoption of Resolutons—Miss Yawman Re-Elected.

DELEGATES FROM ALL PARTS OF DIOCESE MAKE CONVENTION A GREAT SUCCESS

The first annual convention of the Rochester Diocesan Council of Catholic Women, held on Wednesday and Thursday last week, was a great success. Interesting meetings were held, with helpful talks, and discussions, and there were two delightful luncheons in the Columbus Civic Center dining room, served admirably by Miss Mary Sullivan. Keen interest was taken in all the sessions, and all of the delegates went home inspired and enthused by the convention. Bishop O'Hern was a big factor for good at all of the sessions, and his presence and encouragement were appreciated by the delegates.

Miss Cecilia M. Yawman of Rochester was re-elected president. Other officers elected were: Vice-presidents, Mrs. Louis A. Whalen, Mrs. James G McCarthy of Elmira, Mrs. Charles Gitbler of Corning, Mrs. T. A Kane of Geneva, Mrs. Charles Schneider of Auburn, Miss Mary G McCormick of Ithaca; recording secretary, Mrs. E. J. Farrell of Geneva; corresponding secretary, Miss Mary A. Buelte of Rochester, treasurer, Miss Alice F. Kirk of Rochester, assistant treasurer, Mrs. C. T. Lynch of Geneva, auditor, Mrs. William H. Rosenbach of Rochester, parliamentarian, Mrs. John McParlin of Rochester; assistant parliamentarian, Mrs. W Douglas Ward of Rochester, delegates at large, Mrs. Jeremiah G. Hickey of Rochester, Miss Elizabeth Harmon of Auburn, Mrs. John Grady of Corning, Mrs. Daniel Sullivan of Elmira, Mrs. Mary Cowan of Geneva, Mrs R L. Sullivan of Ithaca. The Council will conduct its next quarterly meeting in Ithaca in January

The Resolutions

The resolutions presented by Miss Mary G McCormick of Ithaca covered a wide range of subjects and occupied four pages of a typewritten report. In a pledge to "propagate and defend Catholic ideals of education," the Council promised co-operation in programs of religious instruction for those children not receiving formal religious school training, condemned birth control as an immoral practice, and announced its opposition to federal control of education.

"Resolutions were adopted relating to "standards in dress and manners as becomes Christian women," favoring parent-teacher organizations in the parochial schools, and condemning plays and movies which "cast morality into the butter of modern laxity."

The Speakers

Speakers at the various sessions included the Rev. Dr. Maurice S. Sheeley of Washington, D. C., Miss Mary G. Hawks, president of the National Council of Catholic Women, the Rev William Byrne of Ithaca, the Rev. Walter A. Foery of the Columbus Civic Center, and the Rev Joseph E. Grady of Aquinas Institute.

(Continued on Page Two)

President Zamora Tells Why He Quit as President Of the Spanish Republic

Resigned in Protest Against the Anti-Religious Action of the National Assembly, and Will Fight for Justice to the Church.

Madrid, Oct. 30.—When the Spanish National Assembly last week adopted for the Constitution of the new Republic articles that were hostile and unjust towards religion, Niceto Alcala Zamora, provisional President of the Republic since the abdication of King Alfonso, promptly presented his resignation. He was succeeded by Manuel Azana, a Radical, and a man who is expected to show more friendship towards the Socialists and Communists than towards religion. Soon after his resignation, Niceto Zamora gave out a statement explanatory of his action, and outlining his plans for the future. He shows himself in this statement to be a strong champion of justice for the Church, and indeed for all classes of people. His statement follows:

Zamora Tells Why

"My resignation as President of the Spanish Republic was brought about by my disagreement with the constitutional formula referring to the problem of religion in my country.

"The formula, as voted by the ministerial majority is not a democratic one, nor is it a criterion of liberty, or consonant with the dictates of justice. I was hoping we could provide complete equality and a just constitution for all Spaniards, but owing to the confusion created by the majority in Parliament the constitution will be distorted.

For Religious Freedom

"Liberty of conscience, the free exercise of public worship and unlimited religious tolerance are principles which I always proclaim as being not only guarantees for Catholics but also guarantees for Protestants, Jews, Mohammedans and people of no expressed beliefs.

"In my opinion it is futile to discuss whether believing Catholics represent the majority or minority in Spain. If they are in the majority there is no power under democratic conditions to legislate against their feelings.

"If they are in the minority they are entitled to receive proper protection. With respect to their individual rights there should be a guarantee against abuses by the State and by public authorities.

"When I spoke last Saturday against dictation by the majority I considered that I was defending the welfare and peace of all Spaniards and accomplishing the duty incumbent on all republics of protecting the rights of Catholics.

For Legal Revision

"Not having succeeded in carrying through the liberal formula of tolerance and justice, I have resigned to devote myself to promote legal revision of the Constitution before other influences arise to attack it.

"The day the Constitution is reformed and throws open a path to justice I shall withdraw from political life with the feeling that I have acted as a Spaniard, a liberal and a Catholic. But until that day I shall have within me the faith, power and hope to fight.

"Spanish Catholics who strive to obtain revision of the Constitution must do so within the republic, without for one minute thinking of following the path of monarchial reaction or dictatorial madness.

Proposes To Fight

"I shall now start my parliamentary fight entirely unfettered, as a simple member in Parliament of the Progressist party. My first action will be in favor of a Senate, which I regard as a necessity. In this connection I disagree with supporters of a unicameral parliamentary system.

"I also shall intervene in regard to a bill framing the Constitution and setting forth the powers of the President of a republic, which have always appeared to me excessive and a source of danger.

"If I succeeded with a revision of the Constitution I shall retire from active politics and Parliament, saying: "I have twice helped in establishing the republic, first by assisting at the triumph of its creation and second by maintaining justice, which latter I consider an even a greater achievement."

Notre Dame Has 3,162 Students There This Year

Notre Dame, Ind., Oct. 30—The official registration figures for the University of Notre Dame show a total of 3,162 students attending classes. Of this number, 122 are members of the Holy Cross Order which give a student registration of 3,040. This number is slightly over the quota of 3,000 which was set by the university last spring and an increase over the 1930-31 registration of 171.

The college of arts and letters leads with 1,295 students and the college of commerce is second with 914.

Cardinal Asks That the World Let Christ Rule

Statesmen Are Helpless in the Present Distress, He Declares in Cathedral Sermon — Deplores Human Delusion.

New York, Oct. 30—Cardinal Hayes, preaching at St. Patrick's Cathedral Sunday morning, declared that the helplessness of rulers and statesmen presented a sad and discouraging picture in the present world distress. This, he said, was because they had taken the shadow for the substance, had preferred the darkness to the light and had sought the fleeting happiness of the flesh and not the enduring joy of the spirit.

It was the Cardinal's first sermon in the cathedral, which is his see pulpit, for twenty months. The day in the church calendar was the Feast of Christ the King

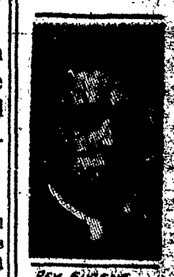
Cardinal Hayes declared that the material and sensual world, consumed with its own lusts and blinded by its own conceits, had rejected, in the main, Christ as King. He asserted that just before the present economic plight man had glorified himself with the deluaion that he had created an impregnable citadel of enduring prosperity, but that science, universal education and philosophy had failed lamentably to bring comfort and encouragement. He continued:

"Man today is struggling against a sea of troubles, drifting helplessly, he knows not whither. A wise pilot, a sure compass and a charted course are an urgent and an imperative need. . . . Human leadership has fallen on distressing days. The wisdom and experience of man, never more impotent than at present, have failed to profit the world, when aid is most necessary.

"In the crisis that confronts us we should turn, with greatest confidence, to the Headship of the human race, namely, to Christ our King, the way that never fails, the truth that never errs, the life that never decays and dies."

Rev. Eugene Burke Successor to the Rev. D. Hudson

CHICAGO—A native of Ithaca, the Rev. Eugene Burke, [illegible]



REV EUGENE BURKE C.S.C.

Father Burke was [illegible] Notre Dame University [illegible]

Concert Artist Becomes Fatal Death Ends Work

Rev. Charles A. Craig of Lynbrook, L. I., Teacher for Ten Years as Vocalist.

Lynbrook, L. I., [illegible] The Rev. Charles A. Craig, [illegible] of St. Raymond's Roman Catholic Church here, died early Sunday morning of complications after [illegible] of illness due to heart [illegible] He was 64 years old.

After graduating from Seminary College, Father Craig [illegible] the country for ten years [illegible] pianist and vocalist. [illegible] artistic career, he [illegible] the priesthood at St. John's [illegible] Brooklyn. After being [illegible] June 17, 1905, he was [illegible] tor of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church in Brooklyn. [illegible] while there caused more than [illegible] five young men to be [illegible] During the last ten years [illegible] at St. Joseph's he was [illegible] of Bedford Council, Knights of Columbus.

In 1920 Father Craig [illegible] tor of the Church of [illegible] the Snows, Blue Point, [illegible] ing until 1926, when he [illegible] ferred to St. Raymond's in Lynbrook.

Pope's Picture is Radioed From Vatican City to Paris, Inaugurating a New Invention

Pontiff Watches Transmission of His Photo, and Receives in Return Photo of Cardinal Verdier of Paris.

Vatican City, Oct. 30. — A radio transmission of a photograph of Pope Pius XI was made here Saturday from the Vatican to Paris over a new invention by the French scientist, Edouard Belin, who also presented the invention to the Pope. The Holy Father took the keenest interest in the entire proceeding of the transmission of his picture to Paris, and received in return from Paris a picture of Cardinal Archbishop Verdier and an autographed letter to the Pope.

The Pontiff stood for more than an hour without showing any sign of fatigue. Even the intense heat of the two rooms failed to tire him, although he removed his hat shortly after entering, then his white cloak. The ceremony was informal, the Pontiff chatting with those present, apparently in excellent spirits and health.

Of Great Interest

At 1:25 M. Belin's apparatus received a radio-photograph from Paris, which, when developed, showed the Cardinal Archbishop at the French Colonial Exhibition in the midst of a group of Africans from one of the pavilions and French dignitaries. The autographed letter came separately.

Pope Pius spent a long time examining them. M. Belin giving a minute explanation. Meanwhile, the court photographer had taken a picture of the Pontiff, surrounded by those present. This was immediately developed and transmitted while the Pope watched every detail, aided by M. Belin's explanation. The transmission took twelve minutes.

After imparting his benediction upon all present and on the students of the Ethopian College, Pope Pius entered a closed automobile and drove through the Vatican gardens to his private apartments.

Thousands Hear Pope Pius Pray, Church in Spain

Pilgrims from All Parts of the World Join Supreme Pontiff in Special Prayers.

Vatican City, Oct. 30—Pope Pius XI offered a public prayer in St. Peter's Cathedral Sunday for divine relief for the world's troubles and for the future of the Catholic Church in Spain.

He celebrated mass in the presence of thousands, including numerous Spaniards, blessing the worshippers as he was carried up the aisle to the altar, where all the Cardinals in Rome and hundreds of prelates awaited him.

Among the ecclesiastics present were Bishop Thomas O'Reilly of Scranton, Pa.; Father Joseph Rhode of Santa Barbara, Cal., and Archbishop J. T. MacNally of Hamilton, Ont.

The mass was in fulfillment of the Pope's pledge to the Spanish people ten days ago, encouraging them to work for the church and asking them to join in prayers for religious peace.

He designated the mass "with special intention that the great tribulations which afflict the church and the faithful people of the beloved Spanish nation shall cease."

On the balcony over the entrance to St. Peter's six trumpeters heralded on silver instruments the coming of the Pontiff on the papal throne, carried on the shoulders of eight men. A procession of nobles and Palatine Guards preceded him up the aisle.

The Cardinals were seated on the front rows about the high altar in their rich robes. Descending from his throne, the Pope was seted with vestments for the mass by his prelates.

Will Perhaps Become "First Lady" of the Philippines

MANILA — If the Philippines achieve independence, and the likelihood seems stronger now than any time within 30 years, Madame Aguinaldo, wife of the ex-revolutionary general, will perhaps become "first lady" of the islands. During the recent visit of Secretary of War Patrick J. Hurley, the Aguinaldos played a prominent part in the round of social and diplomatic activities that marked their visit. The report of the Hurleys on their return to America is eagerly awaited in the islands.

MME AGUINALDO

Asks Mexican Priests to Ban All Violence

Bishop of Vera Cruz, Where Priests Are Banned, Issues Pastoral Letter for Peace.

Mexico City, Oct. 30—Catholic priests of the State of Vera Cruz are warned not to identify themselves with any armed movements in protest against the religious laws of the State in a pastoral issued last night by Msgr. Rafael Guizar Valencia, Bishop of Vera Cruz. The pastoral is an answer to requests from clerics for instructions as to the stand they should take.

According to the Vatican's orders, the pastoral says, neither the episcopate nor the clergy can take part in armed movements.

"As the recent legislation in the State of Vera Cruz allowing only two or three priests to perform their offices for 850,000 inhabitants amounts to practical elimination of Catholic practice, it openly contravenes the Constitution," continues the pastoral, "and we must continue our resolution never to recognize such a law.

"If Catholics, exasperated by their afflictions, adopt forcible means of showing their sentiments, it must be clearly understood that the clergy shall have nothing to do with such means."

The pastoral concludes with a reference to recent attacks by mobs on some churches and begs all good Catholics to pray for the members of the Vera Cruz Legislature and the Governor of the State that they may realize their errors.

Corning Priest Attends Meeting St. Bona's Alumni

Very Rev. Dean Griffen Heads Delegation to Annual Meeting in New York City

St. Bonaventure, Oct. 23. — Very Rev. James Griffen, V.G., LL.D., of Corning, N. Y., President of the Rochester Chapter of the St. Bonaventure alumni association, headed a delegation of alumni from the Rochester Diocese, who attended the third annual meeting of the National Association in the Hotel Pennsylvania, New York City, on Thursday, October 8. Forty classes in the history of St. Bonaventure's College and Seminary and 24 chapters of alumni throughout the country had representatives among the 200 graduates present.

Heading the list of speakers were the Hon. Michael Williams, LL.D., Editor of Commonweal, Very Rev. Thomas Plassman, O.F.M., President of St. Bonaventure's, Rev. Dr. John P. Boland, D.D., D.C.L., LL.D., Buffalo, national alumni president, and Hon. Patrick O'Connor, Wilkes-Barre attorney.

Msgr. Michael Lavelle, rector of St. Patrick's Cathedral, represented Cardinal Hayes at the gathering. During the alumni banquet greetings in the form of telegrams were read from His Holiness, Pope Pius XI, Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt, and

Bible Reading On Court Docket, November Term

Washington, Oct. 30—An appeal to the United States Supreme Court by 37 residents of the State of Washington form a decision of the State Supreme Court prohibiting the teaching of the Bible in the public schools has been placed on the November docket.

The appellants, in their suit in the state courts, sought to compel the state superintendent of schools and the state board of education to make compulsory the teaching of the Bible in the state public schools.

Only Catholic On U. S. Supreme Court Bench

WASHINGTON—Pierce Butler is at present the only Catholic on the United States Supreme Court bench. On close questions affecting the social and economic life of Americans he is generally found to be lined up with the conservatives. His home is in Minnesota. He is scholarly and, like all other members of the Supreme Court, dignified. He takes a part in the diplomatic and social life of Washington.

JUSTICE BUTLER

Masses All Over Spain Celebrated on Sunday For Welfare of Church

Prayers Are Simultaneous With Those [illegible] Pope at the Vatican—Law Meeting [illegible] Catholic Press Sponsors Campaign [illegible] vision of Constitution on Religious [illegible]

FREE CHURCH IS MYTH, AS THE LAWS MAKE ALL RELIGIOUS [illegible]

Madrid, Oct. 30.—All over Spain, in mighty [illegible] small village churches, Masses were offered [illegible] being of Spain and the Catholic Church, [illegible] unison with those offered by the Pope in Rome [illegible] message to the Spanish people counselling [illegible] for the Church's contentions as to its [illegible]

The Papal Nuncio, Msgr. Tedeschini, himself officiated at mass and gave holy communion in the Basilica here, while congregations in the huge Catholic Cathedrals of Seville, Toledo and Castille joined in the supplications.

Clerical Forces Active

In the meantime the clerical press sponsored a series of meetings today which opened with a clamor by "Revolutionists" for a campaign to oppose the constitutional articles separating Church and State, expelling the Jesuits, and which, it is alleged, not only end completely all State aid to the church within two years but actually create a "subject" rather than a "free" church, by making it impossible for religious orders to teach and practice their religion.

Demonstrations Feared

Three thousand enfranchised women of the new Spain "have sent a petition to a Catholic deputy to the Cortes, Gil Robles, asking that no demand revision of the Constitution which as yet is not even finished.

Irish Hierarchy Bans Republican Army [illegible] Its Work Sinful

New Communistic Society is Likewise Condemned [illegible] Eireann Passes Public Safety Bill Which Virtually Amounts to Martial Law.

Dublin, Oct. 30.—The Catholic hierarchy of Ireland has issued a long pastoral letter, attacking, but not naming, the "Republican Army" and the new era of terrorism in Ireland, forbidding Catholics to join this society of "a militant character," and condemning the Saor Eire society as "frankly Communistic in aim." In keeping with this action, the Dail Eireann on Friday passed a public safety bill, which establishes military courts to try persons charged with sedition against the government. This bill virtually places the Irish Free State under martial law, and has been denounced as the most drastic piece of Irish legislation since the coercion act of 1881.

The Pastoral Letter

The attitude of the Church towards the so-called reign of terrorism in Ireland is defined in no uncertain terms. Extracts from the pastoral letter of the hierarchy follow:

"Deeply conscious of our responsibility for the safety and morals of our people we cannot remain silent in the face of the growing evidence of a revolutionary campaign and a communistic campaign which if allowed to run its course would mean the ruin of Ireland, body and soul.

"You need not be told there is in active operation a society of a militant character whose avowed object is the overthrow of the State by force of arms, aggrogating to itself the right to terrorise public officials and conscientious jurymen, to intimidate citizens into silence or acquiescence and even to take human life. Such measures and actions are in direct opposition to the law of God and come definitely under the condemnation of the Catholic church; nor can bloodshed be made legitimate through motives of patiotism.

A Communistic Society

"Alongside this society is a new organization entitled the Saor Eire (Free Ireland) which is frankly communistic in aim.

"It is our duty to tell the people plainly that these two [illegible] separately or in alliance [illegible] and irreligious and no Catholic can lawfully be a member of them. The Bishops will direct the priests to exercise every effort to keep the young people from such societies and vigorously instruct them on the [illegible] of murder and the satanic tendency of communism."

Anti-Sedition Law

The public safety, or anti-sedition law, was fought vigorously by Eamonn DeValera and his followers and by the Labor Party. But it was carried by a vote of 81 to 41, and becomes effective this week. Military courts are given full authority to try any person accused of sedition against the government, and to inflict any penalty, even death. There is no appeal from these courts. Bitter debate preceded passage of the bill, and armed soldiers, with fixed bayonets, guarded the parliamentary building during the debate and the voting. Although the measure was stubbornly opposed by the Fianna Fail and the Labor party before the debate closed every party agreed that crimes had been committed throughout the country which no government dared ignore and which any government would be bound to punish.

Petain Gets Degree From St. John's, Md.

Annapolis, Md., Oct. 23—Marshal Petain of France paid a brief visit to St. John's College Friday and received the honorary degree of Doctor of Science from Dr. Douglass Huntley Gordon, president of the institution.

Marshal Petain was originally scheduled to spend considerable time in Annapolis, touring the Naval Academy previous to the ceremonies at St. John's. The Academy, however, received word this afternoon that he would be unable to come, but that Rear Admiral Descottes-Genon would represent the Marshal.

Minister Cares For Dying Priest In South China

Maryknoll, N. Y. Oct. 19—News of the recent death in Yeungkong, South China, of Father Philip A. Taggart, M.M., was accompanied by an account of the care he received in his last moments in the house of a Presbyterian minister.

The Presbyterian minister was a close friend of Father Taggart and the minister was [illegible] Father Taggart was [illegible] Catholic priest [illegible] friend's house [illegible] contents [illegible] minister [illegible] care from [illegible] Protestant [illegible] utmost to relieve [illegible]