

# Condensed Statement of Condition

of the

## Central Trust Company

25 EAST MAIN STREET

Rochester, N. D.

At the Close of Business, June 30th, 1928

### RESOURCES

Cash on Hand and in Banks	\$ 1,326,033.43
Loans and Discounts	16,080,282.50
Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	4,585,932.63
Customers Liability on Acceptances (see contra account)	22,313.00
Vaults, Furniture and Fixtures	-122,517.15
Real Estate Owned	622,544.86
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$22,759,623.57</b>

### LIABILITIES

Capital	\$ 600,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	908,878.74
Deposits	20,979,190.07
Bills Payable	(None)
Commercial Letters of Credit (see contra account)	22,313.00
Reserved for Taxes, Interest, etc.	249,241.75
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$22,759,623.57</b>

RESOURCES JUNE 30, 1928

\$22,759,623.57

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS

Authorized to Act as Trustee and Executor

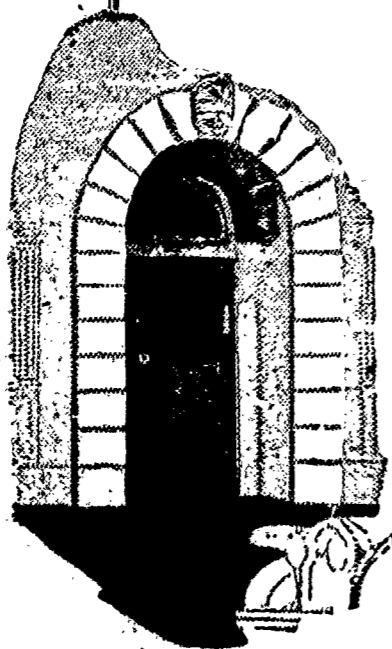
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William Pitkin  
Vice-President  
Louis F. Stupp  
Vice-President  
John A. Murray  
Vice-President  
Richard C. Melsenzahl  
Secretary  
John H. Rausch  
Assistant Secretary  
Horace S. Johnston  
Assistant Secretary  
H. D. Klump  
Assistant Secretary  
Thomas J. Seru  
Trust Officer  
Henry H. Hesselink  
Mgr. Brighton Branch

#### Directors

Charles E. Hoyt  
W. H. Mathews  
William Pitkin  
Max L. Holtz  
John P. Bowman  
John H. Gregory  
Mortimer R. Miller  
Frank Haverstick  
Esten A. Fletcher  
Buell P. Mills  
Louis F. Stupp  
John A. Murray

We Cordially  
Invite You to  
Make the Friendly  
Bank—Your Bank



### Heflin's Bigotry Called Chiefly Responsible For Robinson's Nomination

By Graham Kerans

(Staff Correspondent, N. C. W. O. News Service)  
Houston, Tex., June 30.—Senator Joseph T. Robinson of Arkansas received the Democratic nomination for Vice-President at the convention just closed here primarily because of the valiant defiance and fiery denunciation with which he met the challenge of religious bigotry during an exchange with Senator Heflin of Alabama on the floor of the Senate more than six months ago.

But for Heflin, it is very probable that Senator Robinson would not have been the choice of a majority of the delegates at Houston. As it was, he was preferred over many who were of equal or greater ability and political qualifications were in every way equal to his and whose "Geography," one of the prize considerations in the selection of a Vice-Presidential candidate, would ordinarily have been a cogent if not a decisive argument in their favor.

Delegates remembered his bravery. It is largely to Heflin, then, that the Senator from Arkansas owes the honor which, even if it does not finally result, is at least one that many voters coveted in vain. His rebuke to Heflin, though it appears to some to be "bad politics," was broadcast upon the political waters.

An analysis of the situation from the viewpoint of "practical politics" will show that Robinson became the Vice-Presidential nominee of his party because an overwhelming majority of the delegates—and of these a preponderant number were non-Catholics—were resolved to exercise bigotry. In other circumstances, pragmatists of the party would have tried to offset Governor Smith's Catholicism by the selection of a Vice-Presidential nominee who would appeal to Protestant fundamentalists. They would have balanced a Presidential nominee from the East with a Vice-Presidential nominee from the West or Middle West. And undoubtedly they would have avoided naming as the Vice-Presidential candidate a man who had challenged the forces of intolerance.

Bought Man Objectionable to Klan. If pragmatists had gone to the South for a Vice-Presidential candidate, they would have chosen Cordell Hull of Tennessee, a State which has for years been doubtfully Democratic, and would not have gone to Arkansas, which is unalterably Democratic. If they had wished to make a gesture to the Middle West, there was Evans Woollen of Indiana, a banker and farmer, and representative of a State which Democrats must endeavor to carry for Smith. The agricultural West had at least one eligible in the person of Governor Bulow. But disregarding all these considerations, the delegates gave their votes to a man whose principal claim to their suffrage was precisely the fact that, like Smith, he was objectionable to the Klan.

Representatives of the Democratic organization of New York State neither entered nor attempted to exert any influence in the selection of Senator Robinson. They centered their efforts on the nomination of

Smith, and that would have been jeopardized had they essayed to name the Vice-Presidential candidate as well. There was no need for New Yorkers to urge the nomination of Robinson. He was the preference of a big majority of the delegates from the outset.

**Determination to End Klan Sway.** It was noticeable that many of the delegates to this convention were amateurs in politics. Not a few of them were women new to the task of making candidates. Of male delegates, a considerable number were farmers and small business men. At least half of the 1,100 delegates were from States in which Catholics are few and in which intolerant influences have been for several years influential or predominant in their respective Democratic organizations. Oklahoma, Kentucky, Mississippi, Colorado and Arkansas are instances in point.

But these delegates obviously had come to the convention with the determination to rid their party of Ku-Kluxism and to give the Presidential and Vice-Presidential nominations to men whom the Ku Klux Klan opposed.

These discussions of the Democratic convention are not written because of their partisan interest implications. Their purpose is to emphasize the change that has been wrought in the state of mind of a vast number of Americans since 1924. In the Democratic convention of that year, a resolution looking to condemnation of the Ku Klux Klan and to reiteration of an historic doctrine of the Democratic party was beaten by the votes of men and women who belonged to the so-called "invisible empire." Just as the Democratic reflected, at that time, the bigotry that was rampant in almost every quarter of the country, so the spokesman of the party at this latest Democratic convention have reflected the present reaction against religious prejudice and intolerance.

**Robinson's Speech Recalled.** It is worth recalling some of Senator Robinson's speech in the Senate when Heflin was attempting to spur the delegates to capture and control the Democratic convention just held. Few politicians, including perhaps Senator Robinson himself, believed that his speech could bring him, as a reward for his courage, the second highest honor within the gift of his party. But that has happened, confounding thereby timid leaders who have been temporizing and consorting with the Klan, and giving comfort to Americans, non-Catholics and Catholics alike, who want to see an end of religious bigotry.

Here are some extracts from Senator Robinson's speech in the Senate: "I have heard the Senator from Alabama a dozen times during the last year make what he calls his anti-Catholic speech. I have heard him denounce the Catholic Church and the Pope of Rome and the Cardinal and the Bishop and the priest and the nun until I am sick and tired of it as a Democrat." "I do not believe in excluding a candidate because of his religion, nor do I believe in nominating a candidate on account of his religion. I believe, Mr. President, that one who is a Catholic has just as much right to apply for the favor of his party as one who is a Methodist, or a Baptist, and I believe that when you deny that right, you deny a fun-

damental principle of this Government."

**No Distinction On Religion.** "There is not any well-grounded feeling in the Democratic party of antagonism toward Catholics. Many of our strongest supporters are members of the Catholic Church. Many of the greatest Democrats this nation has known have been members of the Catholic Church. While I do not belong to the Catholic Church—and what little religion I have is invested in the Methodist Church, in my wife's name, as is suggested—the fact remains that one who looks at history with an unprejudiced eye cannot fail to recognize the fact that the glory of this Republic and theuster of that flag and the promise which the future holds are locked up in the memory, the deeds and the achievements of the Catholic Church. No distinction has been made or can be made as to what religion they professed.

"When the storm of war swept the world and men were dying daily by thousands, and the best and tenderest of this nation could give was given when women whose hands had never known the touch of toil had gone to the front and donned the uniform of the Red Cross, and were standing by the bedside of the wounded and dying, and fighting back with valor, delirium, disease and approaching death, there was no question then as to whether they were Catholics or Methodists or Baptists.

**Tribute To Card. Merier.** "Above the smoke of conflict there towered one figure, venerated by men, women and children throughout the world. It was the figure of the cardinal—Cardinal Merier. God bless his memory! No man made greater sacrifices, endured more prolonged hardships, faced death with more unyielding courage than this Catholic cardinal!"

A moment later, speaking of the spirit of religious intolerance, Senator Robinson said:

"It is all contrary to the spirit of this Government, and he does his country no service who lights the torch and sounds the cry of religious intolerance and persecution."

### Catholic Chosen Chicago Schools' Superintendent

W. J. Bogan Given Post By Unanimous Vote Of Board. His Splendid Record As Acting Head

Chicago, June 29.—By a unanimous vote the Chicago Board of Education yesterday elected William J. Bogan, a Catholic, superintendent of the city's public schools. For the last nine months Mr. Bogan has served as acting head of the schools.

H. Wallace Caldwell, president of the board, declared Mr. Bogan would be free of political interference in performing his duties, a promise most reassuring to the new superintendent, who acted as first assistant to William McAndrew during that official's last two years as head of the system, at the close of which the board voted that he be ousted. In his speech of acceptance, Mr. Bogan voiced gratitude for such assurance and said the public schools should be conducted solely "on a basis of merit."

Acting as head of the school system, but without the title and salary, without the power of initiative or authority, which remained with the board, Mr. Bogan ran the office during the entire 1927-28 school term. His record during that time, speeches of the trustees showed yesterday, was a large factor in his selection as superintendent at \$15,000 a year.

Nominated by Vice-President Brandenburg, Mr. Bogan received the unanimous vote of ten trustees. Trustee James Hemingway, the eleventh member of the board, was not present.

In accepting the position, Mr. Bogan said in part:

"You have conferred on me the greatest honor possible to confer upon anyone who believes in children. I hope you may never have cause to regret your act. I am delighted with the assurance of President Caldwell, who speaks with authority, that the schools will not be dominated by politics. Politics should be relegated to the back-ground."

He then spoke of the great financial responsibility in the expenditure of more than \$80,000,000 annually, the greater responsibility to the 500,000 school children. He pleaded for fairness and justice to the 12,000 teachers "upon whose happiness depends largely the happiness of the children." He advocated a substantial raise, adequate to the service of the teachers, as soon as the board is able to settle its present financial difficulties.

Asked after the meeting about his attitude toward religious opposition raised against his candidacy for the office because he is a Catholic, the new superintendent asserted that his record would show fairness to all creeds. "I never have asked a man his religion, nor have I cared to know it," he said.

### Fr. O'Hara Addresses U. of Wisconsin Class on Rural Family Life

(By N. C. W. O. News Service) Madison, Wis., June 29.—At the opening session here Monday of the Summer School for Rural Leaders at the University of Wisconsin, an introductory address was given by the Rev. Edwin V. O'Hara of Eugene, Ore., Director of the Rural Life Bureau of the Social Action Department of the department of agricultural economics at the University, in terms.

### British War Memorial In Belgian Cathedral

Louvain, June 28.—The British Ambassador to Belgium has just unveiled, in the Cathedral of Our Lady at Antwerp, a memorial tablet to the fallen English soldiers of the Great War.

Beautiful in its simplicity, the tablet bears the English coat-of-arms the following inscription, in both English and Latin:

"To the glory of God and the memory of the million dead of the British Empire, who fell in the great war of 1914-1918, many of whom rest in Belgium."

### Deaths

Kryk—William Kryk died suddenly June 30 at Newport, N. Y. Funeral from St. Josaph's Church, July 3.

Baker—Margaret L. Baker, widow of the late Fred H. Baker, died suddenly July 4. Funeral from Holy Cross Church, July 7.

Drew—Mary A. Drew died at her family residence, 110 Aberdeen street, July 3. Funeral from the Immaculate Conception Church, July 6.

Coniff—Mrs. Bridget Coniff, widow of Edward Coniff of Macedon, N. Y., died July 3, aged 79 years. Funeral from the home, 126 West Hickory street, East Rochester, N. Y., July 6. Burial at Palmyra, N. Y.

Leutz—Mrs. Amelia Uitz Leutz, aged 65 years, wife of John Leutz, died July 3, at the home, 35 Oakman street. Funeral from St. Joseph's Church, July 6th.

Mastrodonato—Antonette Mastrodonato died July 4 at her residence, No. 14 Ritz street. Funeral from Our Lady of Mount Carmel Church, July 7th.

Murphy—Daniel J. Murphy died July 3, at his home in Old Forge, N. Y. Funeral from St. Joseph's Church, July 6th.

### Gov. Smith Is Unable To Be At "Klan" Fete

New York, July 3.—Because of two previous Fourth of July speaking engagements, Gov. Alfred E. Smith of New York, Democratic nominee for the Presidency, announced yesterday that he would be unable to accept the invitation of Maj. D. Smith of the Borough of Queens to address more than 25,000 men and women at what is described as a Klan gathering tomorrow in South Jamaica, where it is understood Senator J. Thomas Heflin of Alabama is to be the principal speaker.

The police, according to Police Commissioner Warren, will take every precaution to protect the meeting.

### English Dominicans' Head Visitor in U. S.

San Francisco, July 2.—The Very Rev. Bede Jarrett, O. P. of London, Provincial of the Dominican Order in England, has arrived here, coming directly to the Coast to conduct the annual retreat of the Dominican Sisters which opened at the Dominican convent in San Rafael last week.

Upon the conclusion of the retreat he will return to his home in London. During his stay in this city he is the guest of the Dominican Fathers at the University, in terms.

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### DEATHS OF THE WEEK

Funeral services were held from the respective churches on dates given. All burials made in Holy Sepulchre cemetery unless otherwise mentioned. May their souls rest in peace.

Broccoli—Lorenzo Broccoli died at his residence, 514 Seo street, June 30, aged 79 years. Funeral from Mt. Carmel Church, July 3.

Mayer—Eleanor—One of the twin daughters of Albert S. and Mary Cathoun Mayer of Livonia, N. Y., died at St. Mary's hospital, July 1. Funeral July 2. Burial in Holy Sepulchre cemetery.

Lang—Joseph Lang, aged 61 years, died July 1st. Funeral July 4th.

Ranches—Michael Ranches, aged 63 years, died at the residence, 671 Norton street, June 30. Funeral from St. Stanislaus Church, July 3.

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