

## Klan Paper May Not Get Permit From Radio Board

Washington, D. C., June 28.—The Federal Radio Commission announced yesterday that it will be virtually impossible to grant a wave length to The Fellowship Forum's \$46,500 bearded station, now almost completed and designed to promote "Protestant Americanism" throughout the United States with all the vigor of 10,000 watts.

Informed last week that the anti-Catholic newspaper, which is said to represent the views of the Ku Klux Klan and certain fraternal organizations, was constructing a station on Pennsylvania Avenue, this city, O. H. Caldwell, Federal Radio Commissioner, wrote the following letter to James S. Vance, general manager of the publication:

"Dear Sir: Indirectly I have learned that your organization is erecting a radio station.

"This letter is simply to call your attention to the radio law of 1927, which requires that a permit be obtained from the Radio Commission before construction of a station is commenced.

"For your convenience, application forms for a new station are inclosed herewith. At the present time, however, the commission has on file some 300 applications for new stations for which it is unable to find wave lengths. I can, therefore, give you very little encouragement looking toward a wave length on which to operate in the near future.

"Very truly yours,

"O. H. Caldwell."

Paper Collects \$17,296

Notwithstanding that the law requires that a permit for erection of a station be obtained from the Commission before construction of said station is commenced, The Fellowship Forum, through its columns, has publicly stated the various stages of progress of its undertaking and from time to time published the condition of the fund that is being subscribed for its expense. In a recent issue of the paper it was said that \$17,296 had been raised.

Most of the contributions are in small amounts coming from widely separated parts of the United States; the donor's name usually being given only as follows: "K. K. K.", followed by the name of the town. The appeal for funds is still going on.

## Proper Designation Of Catholic Bishop Debated in England

London, June 27.—An isolated Protestant reference to the Catholic Church in England as "The Italian Mission" has led to a discussion in the Catholic newspapers over the correct designation of Bishops. At the present time they are usually referred to as Bishops—or are given the title of "Monsignore" (generally shortened to Msgr.)

A Bishop's secretary was said to have written in a certain extent to blame for the retention of the title of "the Italian Mission", because they use the Italian word "Monsignore".

Other correspondents object to the method—widely adopted in America as well as in this country—of referring to prelates as "Bishop" or "Msgr." This designation is incorrect, it is held, because, technically speaking, Bishops have no surnames, simply signing themselves by their Christian names with the addition of the names of their Sees.

One suggestion is that the Bishops should be called "The Right Rev." This, however, it is contended, does not overcome the difficulty of finding a short title which can be used in conversation or writing.

The prefix of "Doctor" (shortened to Dr.) is suggested, but it is pointed out that that would not apply to all the Bishops, since not all of them hold degrees.

One correspondent believes that the solution is to refer to the Bishop as "Lord" but declares at the same time that it is impractical.

For the moment the problem remains unsolved.

## Coal Miners Help Decorate Catholic Church in England

London, June 27.—Coal miners, and other members of the congregation who took special instruction at an art school, helped to construct and decorate a magnificent Lombardic church opened last week at Burslem.

At the opening ceremony, Bishop Barrett celebrated Pontifical High Mass in the presence of Cardinal Bourne, 70 other clergy, the mayor and mayoress of Stoke-on-Trent, and leading Anglicans and Nonconformists.

The church has taken two years to build. The miners were principally engaged in demolishing a large pottery factory which stood on the site, and in laying the foundations. Hundreds of tons of brickwork were removed.

The interior decoration and stained glass work, designed by Gordon M. Forsyth, were carried out partly by him and partly by parishioners who became students at the local school of art to fit themselves for the task.

One of the three chapels in the church is waiting the canonization of Pope Pius X, to who it is to be dedicated.

## London Conference Of Anglican Church Takes Prayer Book

London, June 27.—The London Diocesan Conference (Church of England) has approved the new Prayer Book, following the action of several other diocesan conferences, but the voting showed a large section of opponents to the proposal.

The Bishop of London, was, of course, for acceptance. Of the clergy 138 voted for acceptance and 33 against, and whilst 186 of the laity were in favor, 178 voted against the new book.

Bishop Ingram counselled the Anglo-Catholics to be content with the concessions secured for them in the Deposited Book. He said that in championing their cause and trying to get fair play for them in the Church he had been the subject of much misunderstanding.

"There can be no order in the Church," he said, "if every individual Bishop acts in the way in which he would individually prefer. Certainly in London we do not intend to stand out against the rules laid down for the whole Church."

The Bishop of Durham and one of his canons were in disagreement when the matter was discussed at the Durham Diocesan Conference. Canon Bothamley supported an amendment for the rejection of the Book, remarking that the new Book authorized and enunciated the objective Presence. "When we have crossed that line," he said, "we have crossed into the Roman camp."

The Bishop of Durham said that the adoption of the Book would give a chance to restore discipline in the Church and that rejection would mean chaos.

## First Victoria Cross In World War Won By Irish Catholic

Dublin, June 27.—The Stonyhurst War Record, just published, shows that the first member of the British Army to win the Victoria Cross in the World War, was Lieutenant Maurice Dease, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Dease, of Lexington, Mullingar, Ireland.

This fact is proved by a letter to the Stonyhurst authorities from the British War Office, dated October 1, 1926, and which is now published for the first time. This letter gives full particulars of the engagement, date, and time of day, when Lieutenant Dease won this coveted distinction.

Stonyhurst is the best known Jesuit College in England, and receives a good many Irish Catholic pupils from the wealthier classes. The War Record of the College shows that of its alumni, 1012 served in the World War, of whom just half were Irish. The total from the College who won the Victoria Cross was three.

The Victoria Cross is the premier decoration for bravery in the British Empire. It was instituted in 1856 at the close of the Crimean War. It consists of a small cross, known technically as a "Croix Pattee", and popularly as a "Maltese Cross", which is always cast from captured cannon. It carries, in the case of non-commissioned officers and men, an annual gratuity of £50 which may be increased in cases of hardship to £250 a year in the discretion of the British Home Secretary.

## French Unknown Soldier is Honored By Priest-Veterans

Paris, June 27.—Every day of the year a group of veterans go at about six o'clock in the evening to revive, a symbolic gesture, the perpetual flame which burns on the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier. The turn of the "Drac", the Veteran's League for Religious Rights, was the most recent. Many priests and religious, displaying their decorations won on the field of battle, mustered in the Champs Elysees, whence they marched to the Arc de Triumpe.

The lay president of the League, Jacques Pelicard, the hero who is famous for his cry before St. Mihiel, "Stand up, ye dead!", with the aid of a religious, sustained Brother Martial, a Franciscan who lost both his legs. It was Brother Martial who leaned over the flame and revived it. Two Marists then laid a wreath on the stone.

Then behind the dipped colors, several thousand recited the Our Father.

## Census Of Detroit Parish Shows 1,079 Not Before Known

Detroit, June 27.—Some surprises are being developed by the Catholic census which the Diocese of Detroit is just completing.

An instance is that of a Detroit west side parish. Previously, this parish was recorded as having 960 families, with 4,000 persons. The census has revealed 1,284 families, with 5,079 persons—324 families and 1,079 persons more than were known to belong to the parish.

It is believed similar cases will be developed when the returns are tabulated. Bishop Gallagher is having the census made on the most complete scale, based on methods which he outlined specifically to his clergy.

# ONE HUNDRED FIFTEENTH SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

## The East Side Savings Bank OF ROCHESTER

July 1, 1927

### RESOURCES

Mortgages		\$22,053,380.00
United States Bonds	(Market Value)	5,045,774.25
Massachusetts State Bonds	(Market Value)	139,500.00
Wyoming State Bonds	(Market Value)	5,000.00
Alabama State Bonds	(Market Value)	100,000.00
Maryland State Bonds	(Market Value)	50,000.00
City of Boston, Mass., Bonds	(Market Value)	99,900.00
City of New York Bonds	(Market Value)	555,000.00
City of Rochester, N. Y., Bonds	(Market Value)	885,250.00
City of Albany, N. Y., Bonds	(Market Value)	5,500.00
City of Buffalo, N. Y., Bonds	(Market Value)	395,000.00
City of Syracuse, N. Y., Bonds	(Market Value)	20,000.00
City of Troy, N. Y., Bonds	(Market Value)	18,800.00
Railroad First Mortgage Bonds	(Market Value)	1,425,750.00
Loans on Collateral		1,200.00
Banking House		402,000.00
Cash on Hand and in Banks		60,000.00
Collectible Interest Due and Accrued		11,000.00

### LIABILITIES

Due Depositors		
Dividends Accrued to Depositors		
Reserved for Taxes and Other Expenses		
Surplus		
Surplus (Bonds at Market Value)		\$ 2,915,025.00
Surplus (Bonds at Amortized Value)		2,732,998.88
Surplus (Bonds at Par Value)		2,461,250.00

Dividends Credited 58,265 Depositors June 1, 1927  
at the rate of 4% per annum

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# The East Side Savings Bank of Rochester

Corner Main Street East and Chilton Avenue South

Incorporated November 1, 1869