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RUSSIAN PRELATE WHOM THE SOVIET CONDEMNED. IN U. S.

Bishop Closes Church Because Municipality In France Was Hostile

BY N C W D N 11 2011 10:11 AM

Paris, Nov. 9.—Since the Law of Separation made former rectories municipal property, some Municipal Councils have taken advantage of their legal right to elect the village priests by charging a exorbitant rental for the rectory. These incidents have become rather rare, but they still occur and the bishops, in retaliation, against such bad will are often forced to resort to measures such as the suppression of religious services in the parish.

This has just happened in Savor at Saint Alban des Villardis. A Municipal Councillor ousted the village priest and became the lessee of the rectory for the purpose of turning the priest out. Mgr. Grunel, Bishop of the Diocese, considering that the action of the councillor and its approval by the Council indicated that the inhabitants of the community no longer wanted a priest, has suppressed the parish of Saint Alban and has attached it to a neighboring parish. The territory of the parish of Saint Alban is under an interdict, the church is closed, the altars, stones and sacred objects have been removed and no religious ceremony, not even a funeral, may be celebrated therein. Nor may the church bells be rung.

Bishop Moves Favors Chess

(By N. C. W. C. News Service).
 Indianapolis, Nov. 13.—A site of 1910 acres, part of the Laurel Hall estate, formerly owned by Stoughton and Kate A. Fletcher, has been purchased by the Sisters of Providence of Mary of the Woods at Terra Haute, Ind. The property, according to an announcement made by Mother Mary Cleophas of St. Mary of the Woods, is to be developed as a girl's school and academy conducted by the sisters. It is reported that the purchase price of the site was \$100,000.

A corps of workmen will start a program rearranging the interior of the fifty-two room residence now standing on the estate. Other buildings included in the site purchased by the Sisters are a garage and power plant, five two-story stucco houses, five cottages, several greenhouses and a laundry. Plans for expansion include the erection of a gymnasium and the installation of a golf course and other outdoor recreation facilities. It is hoped to have the buildings in readiness for the opening of school next September.

(By N. O. W. O. News Service).

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 10.—Sir Ernest Howard, the British Ambassador to the United States, spent Monday, November 8, in St. Louis, as the guest of the local chapter of the English Speaking Union, of which Frank V. Hammar is president. Receptions were held for him at St. Louis University and Washington University, and in the evening he was honor guest at a banquet given by the Union at Coronado Hotel.

At the banquet the Ambassador said in part: "I firmly believed Anglo-American friendship would develop into a big, brutal, bullying power, never should desire to see it take root. But because I believe that, in spite of some lapses which are unavoidable in view of human imperfections, the British-American ideal in life is just and square dealing. I shall continue to advocate a clear, frank, friendly understanding between our two countries as long as there is a chance of it."

At St. Louis University Sir Edmund was welcomed by the president, the Rev. Charles H. Cloud, S.J., who in his address expressed pleasure at being able to greet a Catholic Ambassador from Great Britain. "It is also an interesting fact," said Father Cloud, "that the first document in our possession to prove the existence of the title 'university' is a deed of gift now in our library, which records the presentation in 1331 of the Domesday Booke and other books to St. Louis University by the government of Great Britain." He took occasion to thank the British Government in the person of its Ambassador for that gift.

Ambassador Howard left Monday night for Columbia, Mo., where he on November 10 presented the State University with a stone from the Cathedral of St. Paul in London.

By M. Massiani,
(Paris Correspondent, N. C. W. C.
News Service)

Paris, Nov. 9.—The city of Troyes in Champagne, is administered by a Socialist Municipal Council. Requested by the Minister of Beaux Arts to give a contribution toward the restoration of the church of Saint John, an interesting structure of the fifteenth century, a part of which was almost in ruins, the Council, by a vote of 17 to 9, refused to vote the appropriation. One of the councillors even declared that "the ideal would be to let the churches fall down so that everyone might be able to contemplate the beauty of nature."

The Minister of Beaux Arts had assumed responsibility for part of the expense, but since the law of Separation made the churches municipal property, the municipalities are always asked to pay a part of the expense of repairs and restorations. Fortunately, the faithful of the M. M. district raised a subscription covering the sum which the municipality refused to appropriate.

New York, Nov. 13.—Archbishop, cution.

Cieplak, former ranking prelate of the Catholic Church in Russia, once condemned to death by the Bolsheviks but subsequently released after a term of solitary imprisonment as a result of protests from all over the civilized world, arrived on the Leviathan Tuesday. Although he had expressed a desire that there should be no formal ceremonies of welcome he was given a tumultuous greeting from the crowd of several thousands gathered at the pier to meet him. The welcoming crowd included delegates representing Polish organizations in Chicago, Detroit, Philadelphia, Buffalo, and Baltimore.

Holds Reception on Pier

Before the Archbishop left the pier an informal reception was held in the large waiting room. Monsignor Michael J. Lavelle, Rector of St. Patrick's Cathedral here, made a short address of welcome on behalf of Cardinal Hayes. Other speakers who also expressed sentiments of cordial welcome were the Rt.

American Catholics of Polish birth or descent. It was said here that Archbishop Cieplak owes his release from the Russian prison largely to the intervention of the United States and the British and Italian Governments. One of his purposes in coming to America, it was said, was to express his thanks personally to President Coolidge for this assistance.

Rev. J. C. Fagans, Auxiliary Bishop of Detroit; George Swinski, President of the Polish Welfare Council; the Rev. Stanislaw Rysakiowicz, of Jamaica, L. I.; the Rev. B. Celchowski, of Milwaukee; Dr. A. W. Ruslin, of Brooklyn; and Dr. B. Smykowski, of Bridgeport, Conn. Dr. Francis Saubench, Rector of St. Clements Church here, was chairman of the reception committee for New York; and the Rev. John Sobieski was chairman of the delegation from Chicago. Sisters of the Resurrection and of the Immaculate Conception were also on hand to greet the Archbishop and there was a large delegation from the Catholic Club of New York.

The Archbishop replied to the greetings briefly, thanking the delegations for their cordiality. He made reference to conditions in Russia only in an indirect way by referring to religious persecutions as follows:

"The Catholic Church withstands all sorts of persecutions but the Church seems to become stronger because of persecutions. The faith of our people is not disturbed because some of us are deterred from preaching that faith. We appear to become more united, we stand as one to combat the causes of persecution."

be equally meritorious."

Thursday morning the Archbishop attended the Solemn High Mass in the Chapel of the Convent of the Sisters of the Sacred Heart, marking the beginning of a four-day celebration in honor of St. Macelline Sophie Barat, one of the Saints canonized during the present Holy Year.

The Archbishop will remain in New York for a few days before proceeding to Washington. He is awaiting word from the Apostolic Delegation concerning his projected visit to the Capital.

Paris, Nov. 7.—Msgr. Cerretti, have been in contact. All have been

Archbishop of Corinth, who will very correct, very courteous and soon leave the Nunciature of Paris several have shown a kindness which to return to Rome, where he will has touched me deeply." Commenting on these remarks, next Consistory, recently visited several French papers have pointed Montreuil-sur-Bois, an industrial out that Mgr. Geretti, for his part, suburb of Paris, where he blessed will be remembered as an infinitely the completion of work on the amiable, courteous and fine diplomat. church of Saint Andrew. After the ceremony he attended a luncheon at Archbishop Gerretti was Auditor of the Papal Legation in Washington which M. Le Trocquer, former Minister of Public Works in the cabinet when Archbishop Falconio was which reestablished relations with the Apostolic Delegate.

home, was also a guest, in the past it has been, at times, Responding to the address of M. Le Trocquer, the Nuncio made a speech which was, so to speak, an official farewell to France. Under similar circumstances, to remain in the French capital and receive the red hat, from the hands of the President of the Republic. "I shall deeply regret France," the prelate declared, "the whole of France, but particularly Paris. In the present case it has seemed where I have indeed received the preferable not to renew this precedent since the red hat would have the warmest welcome, not merely from the Archbishop of Paris, the clergy to be bestowed by President Doumergue, who is a Protestant. The traditional rite includes the celebration of Mass, and it is at the end of the Mass that the President gives the many ministers with whom I the red hat to the new Cardinal.

German Delegation To Attend Chicago Eucharistic Congress

Rome, Nov. 9.—An exhibit of literature published by Catholic organizations of women all over the world was one of the outstanding features of the Congress of the International Union of Catholic Women's League, recently held here. The exhibit was on view at the reception tendered by the Marchesa Maddalena Patrizi, President of the Italian Catholic Women's League, to the delegates to the Conference.

While the exhibits sent by the various nations received favorable comment from the local Catholic press, special mention was given to the "Civics Catechism" published in fourteen languages by the N. C. W. C. which formed part of the exhibit sent to Rome by the National Council of Catholic Women.

11-1-51

St. Louis, Nov. 9.—German Catholics are making active preparations for a representative attendance at the International Eucharistic Congress at Chicago next year. Arrangements are being made by the "Roma" Travel Agency here, a Catholic enterprise, which had charge of pilgrimages to Rome during the Holy Year.

Plans are being made for a special ship for the German delegation to the Eucharistic Congress and it has been announced that the Blessed Sacrament will be exposed on the ship during the entire voyage, both on the going and on the return journey, a period of twenty days.

Prince von Lowenstein is at the head of the committee in charge of the German delegation.

(By N. C. W. C. News Service).

Dublin, Nov. 2.—Howard of Effra, representing all parts of Ireland, was among the large assembly at the Rotunda, Dublin, when Archbishop Mannix was presented with an address and a chalice of 18-carat gold "on behalf of the Irish priesthood." Others sent telegrams to associate themselves in spirit with the event. Canon Hackett, P. P., of Killiney, said:

"If for no other reason," said the reverend chairman, "the things that Archbishop Mannix did and suffered in the past for the sake of Ireland make us proud of this opportunity to meet and honor him tonight. With him we can all stand shoulder to shoulder again. Partion. The diocese to which I belong has been cut in two by that ruinous dividing line which seeks to make this island two nations. We thank the Archbishop of Melbourne for his powerful aid in helping us to resist it, and we confidently leave his fame to the future historian."

Father Burbage read the address in Irish. The challenge, a superb piece of Irish workmanship with symbols representing the thirty-two counties in Ireland, was then handed to His Grace, the chairman observing as he presented it: "Thirteen thousand miles away, let many a fervent prayer go up through the medium of this challenge that the traditional faith of Ireland will always remain—faith in God and faith in the country."

Archbishop Mannix responded: "You, priests of Ireland, have come from far and near to show your friendship here to me. You have not come like Nicodemus, in the night. You have come unafraid and unashamed. You have nothing to be afraid of or ashamed of. The laity received me with hearts of kindness. And now it is the turn of the priests. I could have slunk home to Australia on leaving Rome. But that is not my way. I had made up my mind, no matter what the issue might be, that I would come and face the Irish people. And as far as I can judge, the heart of the Irish people all over the country, taking them as a whole, is sound. Ireland does not want Partition. Yet five million dollars a year are being spent on special constables to maintain that sectarian border. There is no need to ask you to keep your eyes wide open to these facts. You are the witnesses of the evil, spiritual and otherwise, that Partition has wrought. And you know that Ireland is worth saving for God, for civilization, and for the Irish people."

(By N. C. W. C. Kettner)

Paris, Nov. 7. — Marshal Foch recently presided at the unveiling of a tablet in the little seminary of Folligny, Department of Meuse, France, bearing the names of the students of the seminary who gave their lives in the World War. The Marshal was, at one time, a student in the seminary. Another former student, who has also won one of the highest ranks in the army, General Anglade, was present also. In his address the Marshal stated that the heroes who suffered so much before falling on the field of honor had accepted their sacrifice with the thought that they would prepare future generations the return of the horrors of war. "This," he said, "is the memory bequeathed to us by those who died as brave men before God."

The ceremony was preceded by Mass, celebrated by the Vicar General of Toulouse.

Slender Killed By Machine
Peakskill, N. Y., Nov. 12.—(Tele.)—Christina of the Protestant Episcopal church of the Atonement was fatally injured at the convent of her order here while working beside a dough-mixing machine. Her clothing caught in the cogs and she was drawn into the machine before the power could be shut off.

(By M. C. W. C. News Service.)
Rome, Nov. 15.—The Pope will bestow the Golden Rose, the highest honor which the Sovereign Pontiff can confer, upon the Emperor of Austria, in appreciation of his splendid services to Catholicism, and the Emperor will, in turn, announce the bestowal of the Golden Rose upon the Pope.
The presentation of the Rose will take place when the Emperor returns from his voyage to the East, and is expected to be the twenty-fifth wedding anniversary. Monarchs, Emperors, Kings, and Popes, and the Pope himself, have bestowed the Golden Rose upon the Emperor of Austria, and the Emperor has bestowed it upon the Pope. The Emperor will bestow the Golden Rose upon the Pope, and the Pope will bestow the Golden Rose upon the Emperor.

AND AHEAD FOR THE

Redemptorist M. J. ...
American Legion and the Veterans
of Foreign Wars ...
more than 150 ...
were mobilized, while the ...
Celan permitted in Marching ...
Bank's Armistice Day ...
other marchers included the Junior
Order of American ...
members of the local Women's
Christian Temperance Union and ...
... of about 20 others

SECRET

Washington, Nov. 22.—The Federated Colored Catholics of America will meet in their first annual convention here December 6 and 7. The federation is two years old, a temporary organization having been set up in 1927 and made permanent last year. The membership includes practically all negro Catholics organized in the United States.

Klamm greeted the Klammets as they passed, and many refused to salute the flag where it was carried by Klamm.

So tense had the town become before the parade that individuals in the 55 members of the mob drove over their wives, sisters, mothers and their uniforms. These men were machine gunners.