

# Daddy's Opening Fairy Tale

By MARY GRAHAM BONNER

## THE MISSING CHICKEN

It was time for Chick Chick to furnish a meal for the family. And so they went forth to catch Chick Chick. That they knew would not be hard to do. He was always right out in the barnyard, ready to be fought, it seemed.

He was never afraid of any one and he wouldn't run away. Probably he was waiting right near the barn door.

But when they went out into the barnyard Chick Chick was nowhere to be seen.

They hunted for him everywhere. But Chick Chick could not be found. Something must have happened to him. He must have been run over or had some accident.

So, after they decided this, they took another chicken for the meal. After the meal was over and the family were out of doors, walking about, to their surprise they saw Chick Chick.

He was wandering about as though nothing at all had happened. They watched to see if he limped or if he had been hurt in some way. No, he had not been hurt. He seemed perfectly well.

Nothing seemed to have happened to him, and he did not seem afraid of them. He came right up to his meal of grain and did not run away.

"He must have been lost," the family said. "Yes, he must have been lost and he has only just got back from his wanderings."

But he did not seem tired or nor did his feet look dirty, nor did his feathers look mussed.

He looked very calm, and very quiet and very pleased with everything. And so the days went on. And Chick Chick wandered around the barnyard and had a beautiful time. He ate and he seemed to be a most contented chicken.

Well, a little while went by and the family were going to have a dinner party and they thought a nice chicken pie would be most delicious.

Well, they would have Chick Chick this time. He certainly wouldn't be lost a second time.

But on the day of the dinner party, when they went to catch Chick Chick, he was nowhere to be seen.

It was certainly very, very strange. Well, it had just happened that way. And they had to hurry with their party, so another chicken was caught.

And, after the party was over, once more Chick Chick was seen walking around the barnyard as well and as contented and as happy as could be—no signs of having wandered off or of having met with an accident.

Yet a third time they decided they would really have Chick Chick for a meal. He was getting a bit older and they waited any longer he would be so old.

So—this time nothing would happen. But something did happen! For the third time, just as it drew near the moment for catching Chick Chick he was nowhere to be seen.

Nowhere at all. This time they made up their minds to look for him—they did not think of an accident or of his having wandered off. But nowhere, nowhere could he be found.

Chick Chick showed up again when it was safe. Whether it just happened the way the family never knew, but, anyway, they decided to leave Chick Chick to spend the rest of his life in the barnyard—and strange as his actions sound, this is a true story.

**Got in First Lick**  
The youngster had thrown a stick at the sister, a year or two her senior. Katherine said daddy, "did you know that stick at your sister?" "Yes, daddy," was the defiant reply. "Why did you do it?" "Because," instantly replied the youngster, with her eyes flashing, "afterwards she hit me!"—Seattle Argus.

**Not Much Good in Him**  
Edwin—Mamma, when we die will we take our bodies to heaven with us?  
Mamma—We will take only what is good, son.  
Edwin—Well, I'll bet that I'll be waltzy thin when I get there.

**Therics in Danger**  
Little Boy—I'm not going to school today, cause you've got to work today.  
Mother—What have you got to do? Little Boy—I don't know, but teacher said that we've had caloused hands after today's classes.

## HIGH TEMPERATURE EFFECT ON THE BODY

### Man Cannot Endure More Than 90 Degrees F.

Washington.—That the human body in a state of rest and in still air, cannot endure indefinitely a temperature higher than 90 degrees Fahrenheit with 100 per cent relative humidity, has been determined by Department of Interior investigators at the Pittsburgh experiment station of the Bureau of Mines, co-operating with the American Society of Heating and Ventilating Engineers. In the course of the tests it was noted that the heavier and stouter men in the experiments when subjected to uncomfortably hot temperatures, lost more weight than the lighter and thinner men, but as rule could endure such temperatures for a longer period and complained less of the exhaustion which followed.

Loss of weight, in the subjects experimented with gradually increased with an increase in atmospheric temperature. Whenever the subject drank ice water he immediately gained in weight, and in all cases the subject within 24 hours, usually regained the entire weight lost. Subjects who drank ice water freely after exposure to high temperatures felt no ill effects, tending to disprove the assumption that such action develops severe cramps.

It was found that the exhaustion and weakness following subjection of human beings to a very high temperature and humidity for a short period is not so severe as subjection to a moderately high temperature and humidity for a longer period.

**Take Pulse Rate.**  
The pulse rate, rather than the rise in body temperature, apparently determines the extent of the discomfort experienced by the subject. Subjects became very uncomfortable after the pulse rate exceeded 135 pulsations per minute, and complained of unbearable and distressing symptoms when the pulse exceeded 160 per minute. The highest pulse rate recorded was 184 per minute. Subjection to high temperatures and humidities produced no marked change in the respiratory rate.

The health, comfort and efficiency of men engaged in the mining industry may be impaired, in some instances very seriously, by abnormal physical conditions of mine air or by variations in its composition. This is true in some of the metal mines of the West, where high temperatures with varying humidities are encountered. Physiological studies have been made by the bureau of mines in some of the mines showing the effects of various temperatures and humidities.

As it is difficult to carry out studies on many controlled temperatures, it was thought best to make the present experiments in a laboratory and apply the results to the mining industry in so far as practicable. The experiments were conducted in two fully equipped chambers, insulated by cork board, designed to maintain air conditions at a desired temperature and humidity. The temperature, humidity and air motion of each room may be controlled independently of each other. The air conditions are controlled by apparatus outside of the chambers and entirely separated from them. Instruments for observing the body and surface temperatures of the subject, also for recording the rate of respiration and the rate of heart pulsations, and the apparatus for basal metabolism work are located in an adjoining room.

**Record Temperatures.**  
The oral temperature of each subject was registered by the one-minute clinical thermometer, while the surface temperatures were recorded by means of thermo-couples in contact with the body and connected to a potentiometer in an adjacent room by means of flexible wires. Surface temperature readings were taken without the knowledge of the subjects.

In addition to counting the rate of respiration by an observer, the rate was also recorded, at intervals unknown to the subject by means of an inflated tube strapped around the chest and connected by long rubber tubing to the kymograph placed in the room adjoining the chamber. The wave lengths were traced on smoked paper encircling the drum of the instrument.

## Irish Nuns Attack Tuberculosis With Sun and Air Cure

(By N. O. W. C. News Service)

Dublin, June 4.—The efficacy of the sun cure for children suffering from surgical tuberculosis is now recognized in many countries. St. Mary's Hospital, Finglas, Dublin County, is the only institution in Ireland where this cure is being applied. The Sisters of Charity who are in charge of a children's hospital in the city, struck by the large number of children affected by tuberculosis of the bones or joints, conceived the idea three years ago of providing a hospital in the open country where such cases could be properly treated and cured. During three years they have tried the sun cure with marked success. Besides the fresh air and sunshine cure, the home or joint of gland, which exhibits the disease is treated by a particular method which varies with the individual case. The death rate from tuberculosis is higher in Ireland than in any other country in the world.

Dr. T. W. T. Dillon who has spent twelve months at Leysin, Switzerland, where the sun cure has been adopted for tubercular affections of the joints, reports that astonishing results have been obtained. He makes an earnest appeal to Ireland. In this connection he pays a high tribute to the Sisters of Charity for the work they are accomplishing.

In this campaign against tuberculosis the Sisters of Charity are pioneers in Ireland. State or local authorities have done nothing for children affected with surgical tuberculosis. Adequate support has not been given the Sisters of Charity to cope with all the cases they are asked to admit, a large extension of accommodation is required. The attention drawn once more to the appalling ravages of the disease and the demonstration afforded by the sun cure, it is believed and hoped, stimulate public bodies and the community to come to the rescue of the suffering children.

## Cardinal Mundelein Praises Catholic Foresters for Gift

Chicago, June 26.—Cardinal Mundelein has written a letter of commendation to Thomas H. Cannon, High Chief Ranger of the Catholic Order of Foresters, for the Order's contribution of \$25,000 for the Seminary of St. Mary of the Lake, in connection with the Cardinal's return from Rome. He also expressed his gratitude for the part the Foresters took in his welcome home and for its continued "splendid spirit of loyalty and deep Catholic devotion."

The gift of the Foresters was presented on the train which bore the Cardinal from New York to Chicago by a special delegation sent to New York for the purpose. It was the first gift to be presented him after his return. The Cardinal, on that occasion also paid high tribute to the order and said that the order would be commemorated permanently through its gift.

The national convention of the Catholic Order of Foresters is to be held in Columbus, Ohio, August 4-7. The order now has 110,000 members.

## Theodore Dubois, Famous Composer, Dies at 86 Years

Paris, June 26.—Theodore Dubois, world-renowned composer of sacred music, died here recently at the age of eighty-six. He had been in feeble health for some time, and on Holy Thursday eve of this year, when his great oratorio "The Seven Words of Christ" was given, he was unable to attend, but heard the rendition by radio at his home.

M. Dubois had been connected with the National Conservatory of Music for fifty-three years and at his death was honorary director of that body. It has been a tradition for several years in a large number of churches in Paris to give a part of his greatest oratorio on the eve of Good Friday. This year, however, it was rendered in its entirety for the first time since 1917.

M. Dubois won the Prix de Rome in 1861, and afterward was organist at the Church of St. Clotilde here and then of the famous Madeleine Church, succeeding the master, Saint Saens. He was named director of the Conservatory in 1896.

## Jugo-Slavs Working

Belgrade, June 10.—Fest Day will be celebrated this year for the sixth time on the Feast of Saints Peter and Paul. The interest in the Catholic press has increased each year and efforts are now being made to establish a Catholic daily, the need for which has long been felt. The clergy are working hard for the new daily which will form one of the principal topics of discussion on the National Free Day.

## \$1,500 in Cash Prizes To Be Given By Holy Name Society

(By N. O. W. C. News Service)

New York, June 26.—The headquarters of the Holy Name Society here has announced that \$1,500 will be given away in prizes in the course of the national convention of the Society in Washington in September.

These prizes will be given in four groups for the best essays submitted, as follows: 1, open to priest only \$1,000 in four prizes for the four best original pamphlets on "How to Build Up and Maintain a Society"; 2, open to all Holy Name Society members not to exceed 10,000 words and less than \$100; 3, open to priests and seminarians \$200 in four prizes for the best four original sermons on the Holy Name Society; 4, open to seminarians and college boys \$100 in three prizes for the best original papers on "The Holy Name Society as a Builder of American Citizens"; papers not to contain less than 1,500 words or more than 3,000; and 5, open to college and high school boys \$50 in three prizes for the best original papers on "Junior Holy Name Societies and Boy Scouts"; papers not to contain less than 1,000 words or more than 1,500.

Conditions of the contest state that all papers must be typewritten and submitted not later than Sept. 1, 1924. Bibliography and references must accompany manuscripts, names are not to be signed but placed, with addresses, on separate sheets of paper, and manuscripts are not to be returned but are to be deposited with the Society's office. The prize winners will be announced at the convention.

## Bardstown Church Pictures Proven Gifts of a King

(By N. O. W. C. News Service)  
Bardstown, Ky., June 21.—New data have been found definitely establishing the fact that the ancient pictures hanging in the old Bardstown Cathedral here were actually gifts of Louis Philippe, King of France, to the Bishop of Bardstown, Representative Hon. Johnson of Kentucky some time ago. Certain data from Washington, indicating that the pictures, which are of a religious character and have always drawn large crowds every week, were gifts of a king.

The verification was found by the Rev. Henry S. Spalding, S. J., of St. Louis University, while he was examining the historical archives at Loreto Academy, Loreto, Ky. Leading through copies of the "U. S. Catholic Miscellany," published in Bardstown, Ky., about 1810, Father Spalding came across an article published in 1831 giving an account of a speech in the House of Representatives by Charles Wickliffe, Representative from the Bardstown District. In this speech, Wickliffe was quoted as saying definitely that the pictures Bishop Flaget of Bardstown had received from France were the gifts of the Duke of Orleans, later King Louis Philippe of France. An extract reads:

"The articles upon which duties have been paid, and which the king contemplates to refund, consist of paintings and of articles of furniture presented some years since by the then Duke of Orleans, now King of France, to the Bishop of Bardstown. They are specimens of art and taste designed as ornaments to a house of public worship."

## C. U. Law School Conforming With Higher Standards

Washington, D. C., June 26.—The announcement of the School of Law of the Catholic University, which has just formed, promises the highest requirements, adopted in conformity with the recent decisions of the American Bar Association and the Association of American Law Schools. The Catholic University School of Law, which was the first in the District of Columbia to receive official recognition for complying with the standards of the American Bar Association, is revising its requirements to conform strictly with those standards.

Applicants for admission to the LL. B. course must have completed one year of college work or the equivalent, and beginning September 1, 1925, no applicant will be admitted who has not completed two years of college work or its equivalent. Courses in the Undergraduate Law School will be given in the first, second and third year classes, as usual. In addition, a Pre-Legal course has been established.

The opportunity for graduates in the Law School, it is pointed out, is now more favorable than ever because of the availability of principal topics of discussion on the National Free Day.

## Brother Bonaventura Novel Educational Idea of Instruction

(By N. O. W. C. News Service)

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## Should be Carefully Examined

Should be carefully examined. Done now, before it is too late. Help you.

## YOUR ROOM

Should be carefully examined. Done now, before it is too late. Help you.

## BOOKING AND INTEREST

Should be carefully examined. Done now, before it is too late. Help you.

## B. J. HENNER, CARPENTER

Furniture and Trade Goods. Office and Storage.

## FRANK J. HALL

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