Goldstein's Book Store — 126 State Street

Our Xmas Gifts Always Please !

We have a full line of

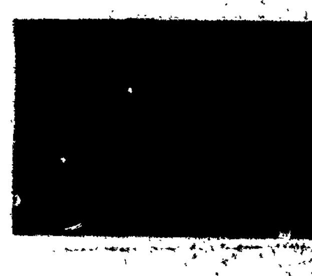
Prayer Books, Rosaries, Gold and Silver Crosses, Medals, Hearts, Holy Water Fonts, Crucifixes of all kinds and sizes.

Candlesticks,

Statues of all kinds, ranging in price from 10c to $25

We have also a big assortment of Stationery, Fancy Goods, Knives, Fountain Pens, Razors, Post Card Albums from 25c upwards.

As Usual our Xmas and New Year Post Cards and Booklets in German and English can not be excelled in the city.



Call and examine our stock

Money Refunded if goods prove unsatisfactory

SPECIAL---- A Beautiful Catholic Calendar will be given FREE to all our customers.

Goldstein's Book Store — 126 State Street

The Thought Foremost in the Minds of All

Prospective Piano Purchasers

As the Holiday Season Approaches is, What Kind of a

PIANO IS BEST TO BUY

As a lifetime purchase, without making a mistake. To make the selection easier we herewith append a partial list of our large line of pianos, with a few of their special points and superior qualities added.

Mason & Hamlin - - $600
"The Stradivarius of pianos."
Is one of the oldest and without doubt the finest piano on the market to-day. Such musical celebrities as Walter Damrosch, Harold Bauer, Katherine Goodson, Arthur Nikisch, etc., have given it their heartiest indorsement.

Hardmann - - - $525
"The only piano that improves with use."
A piano that is especially good for accompanying, and is indorsed by Caruso, Campanini, Tetrazzini and others.

Kurtzmann - - - $400
"Made for over half a century."
Sold in Rochester over 22 years, and is a superior buying proposition. They run back sixty years without a single change in quality.

Chapman - - - $425
"The Musician's choice."
A piano made to wear a lifetime and embodying everything that the most critical could desire.

Sohmer - - - $550
"Sold for over thirty years in Rochester."
Established 1872. A house of national reputation and rank, it is one of the best sellers among the absolutely standard pianos, and the name Sohmer stands for individuality of tone and superior workmanship.

Behning - - - $500
"The sweetest tone piano made."
The Behning piano enjoys an enviable reputation among lovers of a real sweet toned house piano.

Fischer - - - $450
"Oldest firm in the piano history."
Almost 100 years making pianos, and that means they have superior reputation to carry on.

Kohler & Campbell - - $300
"You pay for nothing but tone and construction."
This firm is one of the most enterprising in existence, and they present a very tempting proposition.

We also have several of the above Pianos, slightly used, at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

As An Example of Real Low Prices, Note the following:

Sherwood Upright Piano
Cost $275 - - - - - $135

Clinton Upright Piano
Slightly used - - - - $180

Hensel Upright Piano
Rare Bargain - - - - $199

Marshall Upright Piano
Costs $325 - - - - $155

Martin Bros. Upright Piano
Was $350 - - - - $195

Shoninger Upright Piano
Original price $450, only - $265

Terms can be made on any of the above to suit your own convenience

Everything in Sheet Music and Small Instruments

500 Copies of Standard Music, 5c per Copy

Song Hits from the "Fair Co-ed."
Song Hits from "Talk of New York."
Song Hits from "Boys and Betty."

New popular music: Rainbow, Vinita, Arab Love Song, Moisk New Barn Dance, Society Swing Twostep, Gainsborough Waltzes

E. J. CHAPMAN'S

MAMMOTH MUSIC ESTABLISHMENT

63 State Street — Rochester, N. Y.

FIVE FLOORS OF PIANOS, MUSIC AND SMALL INSTRUMENTS.

[illegible] BLOOD

It Is the Most Hereditary Thing About Animals.

A drop of the blood of a walrus shows no relation with a drop of whale's blood, or of the blood of any other cetacean, such as seals or porpoises, which, like the walrus, are mammals that have taken to the sea. Instead of that, the blood of the walrus immediately reacts with the blood of horses, asses and zebras, thus proving that he is an equine that no longer crops grass but goes where he can live on an exclusively fish diet. Likewise the hippopotamus is shown to be a modified pig.

Where a blood relationship exists, but is distant, these reactions are proportionately faint, but where no reactions occur there is no relationship at all. Thus, geology indicates that birds are descended from reptiles, and, oddly enough, the blood of a bird shows a distinct, though very faint reaction with the blood of a snake but none whatever with that of the winged bat or the flying squirrel, for these are mammals.

On the other hand, the marsupials, once such a great family, but now reduced to the kangaroo, the opossum and a small creature in South America, have now not a single blood relation left. As to man, he has no relationship to monkeys, but the blood of anthropoid apes shows a very faint reaction with his. Meantime, all the races of man are unmistakably of one blood, whatever their color or shade.

Hence the blood is by far the most hereditary thing about us. Neither the shape of the skeleton, nor the contour of the body, nor brain, heart, lungs, stomach, intestines, liver or skin, nor even ancestral habits about the great Food Question—Darwin's only Creator—how to eat or keep from being eaten—are comparable to a single drop of blood for telling the correct story of descent. All this gives a new meaning to the words, "For the blood thereof is the life thereof." Likewise, the old saying that insanity runs in the blood now wears a scientific look, since blood and family are so inseparably associated.

Average Ages of Birds.

The doctrines of vegetarianism appear to be slightly shaken by the result of an investigation that an English newspaper has made into the subject of the longevity of birds. With one notable exception the meat-feeding birds are the longer lived. The exception is the swan.

The average ages of some of the best known birds are given in the following table:

	Years.
Blackbird lives	12
Blackcap	15
Canary	24
Crane	24
Crow	100
Eagle	100
Fowl, common	10
Goldfinch	15
Goose	50
Heron	58
Lark	13
Linnet	23
Nightingale	18
Parrot lives	60
Partridge	15
Peacock	24
Pelican	50
Pheasant	15
Pigeon	20
Raven	100
Robin	12
Skylark	30
Sparrow Hawk	40
Swan	100
Thrush	10
Wren	3

The average age of the boarding house variety of chicken is still undetermined.

Tulip Soup.

"What makes this vegetable soup taste so different?" asked the young husband.

"Only the leeks you sent home," replied the bride. "You remember you said you were going to order leeks."

"I didn't order any leeks," growled the husband, but he finished his bowl of soup rather than disappoint her.

That afternoon he stopped at the grocery store.

"How did you come to send leeks up to my house this morning?" he demanded. "I didn't order them."

"Great Scott! Did you eat them?"

"O, for land's sake. They were Mrs. Jackson's tulip bulbs. She left them on the counter and they got into your basket by mistake."—Detroit Free Press.

Cry Baby Cure.

Alaska babies do not cry. They try it and then give up the bad habit from choice. To this desirable end they are gently persuaded by their mothers. When a baby begins to cry the mother takes a pot of water, fills her mouth with the liquid and squirts it into the face of the weeping infant. If the cry increases in force, so does the stream of water. No word is spoken, no blow is struck, but the victory is sure. Very soon the infant begins to connect weeping with the squirting of water in its face. Becoming firmly convinced that the two things are inseparable, it decides to cry no more.

Chinese Coolies Smuggled.

Smuggling Chinese coolies from Mexico into the United States is a busy industry on the border and a profitable one, but occasionally there is a setback. The other day one of the smugglers was caught as he was entering San Diego harbor at night, with eight coolies in a [illegible]

[illegible]

A Thrilling Episode in the [illegible]

I was certainly anxious and excited, especially when they halted 218 yards distant, and I saw they were all rams, writes a sportsman. I counted twenty of them. They were led by a kingly old monster who sprang upon a large rock, walked the air steadily and looked behind him.

I was in a quandary. I had a beautiful muzzle rest on a limb, was seated with an elbow resting upon each knee, and was pretty certain I could hit that ram; but if I missed a standing shot it was certain I could not make a running shot afterward at that distance. I decided to wait and was rewarded by seeing the leader spring down and come directly toward me at a trot, followed pell mell by the rest of the band. My heart fairly leaped into my throat as I shifted the rifle from the limb and waited for the time to fire. Nearer and nearer they came, gradually slackening their pace to a walk. Now was my time; and just as I shifted my rifle toward them a puff of wind wafted the scent of the Indians below to the leader, who sprang into the air as though shot and started off at a gallop. My first shot, fired hastily, kicked up the dust under him, and followed by the entire band he disappeared in the thick pines before I could even eject the empty shell. I sprang up and rushed around the pines to where the steep slope stretched below me just in time to see the band stop 250 yards distant and look back before they plunge into the gulch below. My last chance had come. Steadying myself as best I could, I held the gold bead on the shoulder of the leader and pressed the trigger. Instantly the sheep disappeared as completely as if the earth had opened up and swallowed them. Half dazed by the suddenness of it all I ran forward to the ledge, half blinded by the wind in my face, and there lay the grand old leader on his side, his eyes already glazed with death, his magnificent horns fourteen and [illegible] inches and more than a full circle, making me realize my hunt for the finest trophy our country [illegible] for was over, and I was satisfied.

Queer Furs.

"This is cat fur," said the furrier. "We use it for linings. [illegible] for muffs, [illegible] any animal that wears fur, in fact, is salable in the fur market [illegible] is fitted up with [illegible] into an imitation skin. [illegible] used, I believe, in rope making. The dog, the cows and the [illegible] a fur that, properly treated, makes a very handsome lining. But [illegible] are employed in certain delicate repairs, and they also serve to form the thumbs of cheap gloves. A queer thing about the fur business is that the furs must be taken in the dead of winter; the trapper must work under the cruelest climatic conditions; only then is the fur at its best. The dresser, on the other hand, who could work best in cold weather, must do all his work in the heat of summer, or otherwise he would not be able to keep up with the changing fashions."

India's Precious Metals.

It is estimated that $1,500,000,000 in gold, and perhaps as much in silver, is hidden away in the Hindu stocking. Vast quantities of the precious metals are known to be kept in the form of personal ornaments. From time immemorial India has been a reservoir into which the precious metals have flowed from all quarters of the globe, only to disappear from statistics. Could the idle wealth be drawn upon, the effect on the industrial and commercial [illegible] of the country would be very great. It is, therefore, a matter of moment to try to turn India's dormant capital to active use. It may be impossible to do it. The Oriental mind views everything in a way incomprehensible to westerners. But if only a tithe of the concealed hoards of India were vitalized a new aspect might be given to the conditions of life in England's great eastern empire.

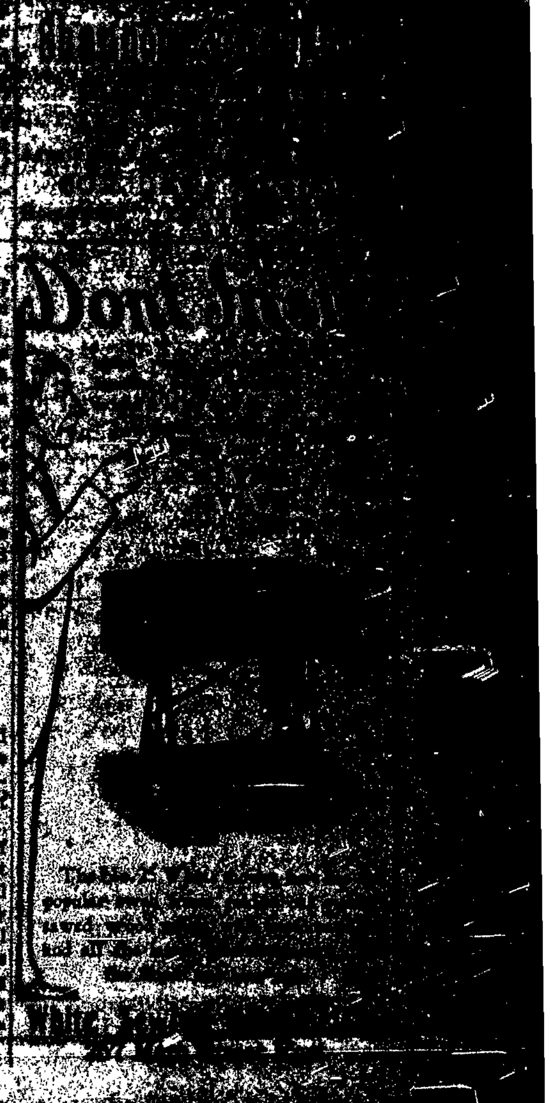
Retributive Justice.

A case of retributive justice, so far as it goes, is reported from Paris. An attendant at the Andral hospital, where physiological investigations are being made, discovered that a dozen rabbits had been stolen from their hutches. The loss of the rabbits themselves was not a source of trouble to the authorities, but the fact that they had been inoculated with various germs has had a disturbing effect. It is known that the rabbits had all been inoculated, and several of them were tuberculous or typhoid subjects. The police lost no time in warning the thieves of the dangerous nature of their "swag," but none were returned.

A King's Grave Opened.

King Edward I. of England died July 7, 1307, and 466 years later the English Society of Antiquarians opened his tomb in order to find out if he really had been buried in wax, as the legend ran. The chronicler of the time remarks, "To their great astonishment they found the royal corpse to appear as represented by the historian." "Although the skull appeared bare, the face and hands seemed perfectly entire." The king was found to be 6 feet 2 inches in length, thus fully justifying his nickname of Longshanks.

AT BRYAN'S

Cod Liver Oil

Bryan's Drug [illegible]