

# Correspondence

(Continued from the 7th Page.)

## OUR AGENT

Our Mr. A. Herman will collect in Caledonia, Bernard's Crossing, Charlotte and Rochester next week.

## Penn Yan

Miss Kathryn M. Grady has returned home from a two weeks' visit with friends in Rochester.

T. J. Guider is spending a few days in Rochester.

Miss Katherine C. Dolan is spending her vacation in Rochester.

Charles Townsend of Geneva, spent Sunday with his mother in this place.

Misses Mayme Mahar, Alice Dowling, Kathya and Anna Burns, Mary Craugh, Abbie Townsend, Margaret Carroll, Nora Ryan and Mrs. Mark Shultz, of Penn Yan, and Mayme and Margaret O'Neill are spending two weeks on Lake Keuka.

Messrs. Ed. McDonnell and John Coarsey of Geneva, and Misses Eva Rilling and Kathryn Guider of this place, spent Sunday in Watkins.

Miss Margaret Hyland has returned from Rochester.

Mrs. J. H. Meehan and family are spending two weeks at Willow Grove.

Mr. Jerry Callahan of Geneva, spent Sunday in town.

Miss Jennie Downs is visiting in Syracuse.

Sisters Felicitas and Cyril of Rochester, are visiting at the convent here.

Misses Julia and Mary Meehan and Margaret Guider spent Sunday in Geneva.

## Lima

Dr. M. M. Byrnes and wife of Java, N. Y., are guests of Dr. Byrnes' father, Michael Byrnes.

The Misses Anna and Nellie Hendrick are visiting their uncle, Father Hendrick, in Penn Yan.

Miss Minnie McCort of Rochester, spent four days with Miss Sarah Lockington last week.

Miss Anna Kiernan, the organist at St. Rose's church, who has been restrained from acting lately on account of sore eyes, were glad to state is better and able to take her place as usual.

## Hornellsville

The bans of marriage of Miss Catherine Broderick to Mr. Edward Konan, formerly of this city, but now located at Onondaga, N. Y., also the bans of Miss Anna Hill and Mr. John Flanagan both of this city.

James Smith, an old and well known citizen, died at his home on Loder street, Thursday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. Deceased was about 90 years of age, and lived the greater part of his time since coming to this country some sixty years ago, in this city. He was employed on the Erie R. R. when it was being built through this section, and later engaged in business on Loder street, and is well known to the older generation. The funeral was held from St. Ann's church, Saturday morning at 9 o'clock and his remains placed in the family vault, recently constructed for himself and wife in St. Ann's cemetery.

The remains of John Boyle, who was killed by the cars in Tennessee last week arrived in this city on train 15, Sunday evening and taken to the home of Mrs. Hugh Watt on Grand street. The funeral was held from St. Ann's church Monday a. m. Deceased was a member of Branch 33, O. M. B. A., and the B. of R. T., of this city, which societies attended the funeral in a body.

## Seneoa Falls

Miss Margaret McGuire, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur McGuire of Maynard street, was received as a novice sister in the order of the Sisters of St. Joseph July 28th, at Rochester. The name which she professes is Sister M. Severina.

Rev. Patrick Gilmore of Buffalo, was visiting at the home of his mother last week on Bridge street.

The Rumsey street bridge, opposite St. Patrick's church is announced to be constructed in September, and will be completed by December.

Wednesday, the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin Mary, masses were celebrated in St. Patrick's church at 7 and 8:30 o'clock.

A lawn festival was held Friday evening at the residence of Mrs. Owen Smith of Bayard street. The lawn was handsomely decorated with flags and lamps. About \$200 was realized. It was for the benefit of St. Patrick's church.

Rev. James O'Connor has returned from the sea shore with his health much improved.

The announcement is made of the approaching marriage of Thomas Maffron and Miss Jennie Guard, two well known and popular young people of this place.

## Corning

It is delightful to reflect upon the power of the press; especially when one happens to be a writer and when by the term "press" is meant the particular sheet for which one scribbles. A few weeks ago I launched forth in this column into an almost tattered article setting forth in expressive terms the sad picture of abandoned Bronson Park, at Fainted Post, and recalling, with pathetic vividness the nights when artists and artists were wont to disport themselves upon the stage there, to the delight of admiring Corningtons. And behold! the ink I had used was hardly dry when up blazed the lights at Bronson Park, a piano appeared on the stage and the delightful sound of fog-horn voices rendering rag tune songs was heard again in the land. This is as it should be and I now bow myself off, so to speak, from the subject, pen in hand.

Dr. Francis Ely of Pittsburg, was in town early in the week.

There has been much sickness in the city during the summer and the Free Library still remains closed on account of the danger of spreading diseases.

Those people who argued that the Corning Gas Co. was giving the city or selling to it, lights at just as cheap a rate as was possible, seem, in view of the lately made contract, to have been "twisted." Mayor Lane deserves credit for turning and twisting the matter as you will, the interesting and indisputable fact remains that he has served the city and the taxpayers from a needless expenditure of thousands of dollars. If he never did anything else worthy of note but just this, he would merit the title of public benefactor on his stand alone.

Rev. J. M. Bustin was in Buffalo during a recent visit.

A fatal accident happened on Saturday morning at West. E. Exposition of West.

# ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

road street, when in going down stairs she fell forward and putting out her right arm to save herself suffered a fracture of the bone of her wrist. Dr. McNamara was called at once and set the arm. It will be some time before the patient will have the use of her hand and the shock was quite a severe one.

We have not yet noticed the shirt waist man in Corning. Here is a chance for some young man to make himself conspicuous and distinguished and introduce the new male garment. The line should be carefully drawn between the shirt waist man and the man in his shirt sleeves. One is a man in a new garment the other is a man who is half dressed. You may say that it is sensible and comfortable to take your coat off on a hot night in a dancehall. So it is for the wester. It would be a so sensible and comfortable for the wester, to appear in a smoking jacket, or with his shoes off. The essence of this sort of reasoning is selfishness, and true gentleness is simply perfect unselfishness. The highest breeding is that which teaches a man to think of others before himself.

## Shake It In Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder, it cures painful, smarting, swollen feet and ingrowing nails and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It is the greatest comfort-discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. It is sold by all drug stores and shoe stores. Buy mail for 25c in stamps. Trial Package FREE. Address, Allen S. Ometed, LeRoy, N. Y.

The Sisters of St. Ann, at Lachine, Canada, on July 24, 25, 26, commemorated the fiftieth anniversary of the foundation of their order. They have missions as far North as Juneau City and the Upper Yukon District, Alaska.

Four Sisters of Notre Dame, who have been abroad a year studying the methods of the English colleges for women, have returned, and will act as teachers at the Trinity College.

Everybody seems pleased that Georgetown University has honored Senator Vest with the title of LL. D. No public man deserves more from the Catholic people of this country.

Bishop-elect Moeller of Columbus, will be consecrated on August 23th, the feast of St. Bartholomew. His Grace Most Rev. Archbishop Elder will be the consecrating prelate.

In the Mission Church Roxbury, Mass., more than 1100 converts have been received into the Catholic Church by the Redemptorist Fathers, since their establishment in that place.

A niece of the late Cardinal Manning is one of the head nurses in the fever ward of the British hospital camp at Kimberley.

The Hon. Miss Morris, daughter of Lord and Lady Morris, has entered the Carmelite convent, Notting Hill, England.

The celebrated Lutheran theologian and writer, Dr. Kropp Tonning of Norway, has been received into the Church.

Two more Sisters of St. Joseph have gone from Copenhagen to Iceland, thus making the number of Sisters seven in all on that island.

When an oven is too hot for the proper baking of its contents put a basin of cold water inside.

Never slam an oven door when anything is baking. Such a proceeding will ruin the contents.

To cut hard-boiled eggs in smooth slices dip the knife in water.

## INTERESTING NOTES

Dried orange peel 'loved to smoulder on a piece of red-hot iron or an old shovel, will kill any bad odor in existence and leave a fragrant one behind instead.

When ice is scarce liquids can be rapidly cooled by pouring them into large jugs, round which two or three layers of flannel have been wrapped, the flannel is saturated with water, and the rapid evaporation that takes place cools the liquid as effectively as a refrigerator.

Mansour, the horse that ran third in the Grand Prix of Paris in 1894 and came in only a length and a half behind Matchbox, who was sold for \$25,000 is now pulling a public cab in the streets of the French capital.

Fifty thousand typhus germs will thrive in the small circumference of a pinhead.

Twenty-thousand aristocrats are at present confined in the prisons of Europe.

The barbers in some towns in Germany are compelled by law to cleanse and disinfect their combs, brushes and razors immediately after use and before they are applied to the hair or head of another customer.

The Dalecarlian village of Orsa seems to offer advantages as a place of residence to persons of small incomes. The municipality owns extensive forest lands, and by the judicious sale of some of them the village has a revenue of about \$25,000 a year. The inhabitants pay no taxes of any kind. A first rate education is provided for their children without the cost of a penny, and each village in the district has its telephone, which is open free to the public use.

# PEARL OF THE OAKS.

(Copyrighted)

BY MARY ROWENA COTTER.

## PART FIRST.

Old Hugh O'Neil was dead, and instead of mourning his death or talking of his virtues as they might be expected to do, the neighbors were, as is too often the case, commenting upon how his property was to be divided. A very few thought that his two sons, Hugh and Denis, ought to share equally, others shook their heads, saying that Hugh would certainly have the larger share as he had always been his father's favorite, while a third class declared that Denis might have been disinherited.

The property in question was a fine old estate in the southern part of Ireland, which for many years had been in possession of the O'Neil family. A noble family they had been in years gone by, but unfortunately, the late owner had been the black sheep of the flock. Scorning the loyalty of his forefathers, both to their religion and country, he had first sworn allegiance to the ruling powers of England, then forsaken his religion and married the daughter of one of the worst enemies of his country. In a little over a year his wife was dead and an infant son was left. His mourning for her only lasted a few weeks and before another year had passed he was married again. His second wife was a young and devoted Catholic, who believed that by her prayers and good example she might win him back to his duty and save the soul of his child as well. But when it was too late she had reason to regret her fatal step for he left nothing undone by which to drive her from her faith. Through sixteen weary years she bore her persecutions with angelic patience, praying and trusting that all might yet be well. Without his knowledge she had had his first wife's boy as well as her own baptized and was bringing them up in the Catholic faith. She attended Mass, in the meantime, in the private oratory of her dearest and trusted friend, Lady Saxon, who lived two miles distant.

Little Dennis had from his infancy been the joy of his mother's heart, for combined with a tender, loving disposition, which caused her to call him her girl, a title which pleased him far more than it does most boys, he had plainly shown that he had inherited her piety. Hugh, on the contrary, had early shown marks of his father's proud, rebellious spirit and had it not been for the affection she had won from him by her gentle forbearance, he might have made serious trouble for her. He caused her, however, many hours of bitter anxiety which grew almost intolerable, when at the age of eleven, having learned that his own mother had been a protestant, he refused to receive his first communion, for which he had been preparing; but the gentle patience of his step-mother soon won back his heart so that he received the sacrament with apparent fervor; and, while she lived, all seemed to go well with him. The boys were seventeen and fifteen when death robbed them of her who had been the kindest of mothers to both. The younger had knelt beside her and had received her dying blessing as he told her of his hopes of devoting his life to the priesthood; but Hugh, while he mourned her death, felt relieved that he was free from the gentle influence which had led him to the practice of religious duties that had so far helped subdue his evil nature. "No more confessions or lectures from the priest for me," he said; "Now I am free to do as I wish, and what I wish is to throw off the yoke of Rome."

Four years had passed since then, and each year had increased the gulf between the brothers so that now they were more like strangers than members of one household. Hugh, following the example of his father, was not only becoming a bitter enemy to his own country but was entering upon a life of reckless dissipation. While he outwardly professed to be a member of the Church of England, in the depths of his heart he secretly scorned all form of religion, but none more than that in which he had been so carefully brought up. His conduct was the source of much grief to his brother who increased in virtue as he increased in years, and like his mother, bearing with heroic patience, the bitter persecutions he almost daily endured from the hands of his relatives. Spending most of his leisure hours in prayer and study, he intended to remain at home until he became of age when he hoped to be able to fulfill the promise made to his dying mother.

After Mr. O'Neil's funeral the will was read. In it he gave his fortune, consisting of the large estate on which he had lived, besides much tenement property and a large sum of money to be divided equally between his two sons, on condition that the younger became a member of the Church of England, and promised fidelity to the ruling country. The young man's face flushed with indignation, but closing his eyes while he breathed a

silent prayer, he was ready to listen calmly to the second part of the will; namely, that if he refused to comply with the requirements he was to be disinherited and his share of the fortune to be divided between his brother and some relatives of his father's first wife.

All was silent until the attorney turned to the young man and asked, "My young friend you have heard the conditions of this will, are you ready to give your decisions upon the matter, or do you wish for time to consider it?"

The eyes of all present were fixed upon him as he answered in a low firm tone, which betrayed no sign of emotion, "My decision is made sir, and I am willing to give up all rather than prove a traitor to my God and my country."

"Consider well what you are doing, young man, and remember that you have your choice between a princely fortune and poverty."

"Better sacrifice a fortune than my honor here and eternal happiness hereafter," was the calm reply, and thus the matter was settled.

Unwilling to remain at the place he no longer considered his home, Denis gladly accepted the hospitality of Lord Saxon, who offered him a home as long as he would remain. This the young man hoped would not be long for now that he was free he would go to work at once and earn money to pay his way through college, and he trusted that he would soon be able to prepare for the great work to which he felt himself called. When he laid his plans before his kind benefactor the gentleman said, "God has abundantly blessed me with the goods of this world and I feel that I could do no better than spend a little in assisting the son of my mother's dearest friend in carrying out so noble an object as you anticipate, so you need give yourself no further anxiety about finding work."

"My dear friend, you are too kind to me in trying to rob me of the reward I would receive in working for my education. I could not accept a much."

"You must, for the sake of my dear mother who would do the same for you if she were living."

"It is too much, you are too kind to me."

"Not at all, you might be inclined to consider me selfish if you only knew how I wish to share in the reward of your good works."

"You shall have my prayers for what yourself and your saintly mother have already done for us, but I prefer to work my way through life."

"You are a noble young man and you cannot know how much I admire your courage in this trial, but you must accept my offer. Who knows but what the time may come, when my own little home may be robbed of her parents and need a friend to help her."

"God grant that such may never happen."

"I hope not, but none of us know the future."

Lord Saxon had his own way, and in a few weeks Denis O'Neil was, at his expense, installed in a Dominican College in England. Hugh who had ceased to mourn his father's death as soon as he had been hidden beneath the sod, had been elated over his good fortune, but the novelty of being alone in the great house was beginning to wear off and he wanted his brother home, even though his presence often cast a censure upon his own almost disgraceful conduct. He was firmly convinced that Denis would never forsake his religion and country, so there would be no danger of his coming into possession of the inheritance he had so willingly given up, but he might share his home with him until a companion more suited to his taste might be found. When he heard that his brother had gone to prepare himself for the priesthood his anger was intense. He called on Lord Saxon, and after telling him how lonely he had been since the departure of his brother, he begged of him to send for him to return to his old home, but the lord firmly refused. His visit was repeated several times with the same result and at last, no longer able to control his bitter disposition, he promised to have Lord Saxon and his family severely punished if his brother did not return within a few days.

The Lord's face bore an expression of frigid firmness as he listened to the threat, but suddenly that stern expression faded and as if unconscious of the presence of an enemy a tender smile took its place. What did it mean? Only this: at that moment a sweet childish voice had called, "Papa" the patter of little feet was heard on the marble floors on the hall and through the half open door glided a little girl of about four years. Fear crept into her great eyes as she beheld the stranger, then she crept shyly to her father's side and climbing upon his knees hid her face on his bosom so that only masses of golden curls were visible. Forgetful of all else the father pressed his darling close to his heart and kissed the fair brow.

(To be continued)

# O'Grady Stands for the People and Refuses to Step Aside at the Dictation of the Boss.



HON. JAMES M. E. O'GRADY.

## Mr. O'Grady Has Always Been a Faithful Public Servant.

O'Grady is Entitled to Second Term by Precedent on Account of His Record

### O'Grady's Career as a Public Officer.

James M. E. O'Grady was born in Rochester in 1841. He was educated in the Rochester Free Academy and graduated from the University of Rochester in 1864. He pursued the study of law while yet in college, and was admitted to the bar the same year he was graduated. He has been in active practice in Rochester ever since. His first public position was as an unsalaried clerk in the district attorney's office. He served as school-commissioner for several years from 1872 and was elected president of the board of education. He has always been a Republican, and was elected to the assembly in 1892 by a plurality over J. M. Redmond, Democrat, and minor candidates.

Mr. O'Grady introduced a large number of bills during the session of 1893. Amending the code of civil procedure, a bill increasing the fees of the penitentiary of Monroe county for caring for state convicts, and making an appropriation for the State Industrial school. Mr. O'Grady in 1894 presented a large number of bills amending the charter of Rochester. He also presented a bill appropriating \$25,000 for the construction of a state dam across the Genesee river for canal purposes, a bill authorizing boards of supervisors to buy for towns the Myers' automatic voting machine, a bill relating to the fees of notary's clerks, a bill providing for an equal division of the election inspectors of the state between the great political parties, and a bill providing for the election of women trustees of the Soldiers' Home at Bath.

In the year 1894 Mr. O'Grady was elected for a third time, receiving 6,814 votes, M. J. O'Brien, Democrat, 4,711, and J. H. Hodgkinson, Prohibitionist, 533 votes. Mr. O'Grady in 1895 was appointed chairman of the committee on cities, and a member of the committee on ways and means. In 1896 he became the Republican leader in the assembly. In the fall of 1895 Mr. O'Grady, as a candidate for a fourth term, received 6,180 votes to 3,814 for William S. Woodruff, Democrat, 123 for Eerom Morse, Prohibitionist, and 114 for Jesse Freeman, Populist. In the assembly of 1896 Mr. O'Grady was chairman of the ways and means committee, and also a member of the cities and rules committee.

Mr. O'Grady in 1896 introduced the following bills of interest relative to the payment of back taxes to the amount of \$1,200,000 by New York city for the support of the state's insane, relative to the transfer of county hospitals for the insane to the care of the state, creating a commissioner of jurors in counties above 500,000 inhabitants; giving additional power to guaranty company, making an appropriation to pay newspapers for certain advertisements by the state, providing representation for New York state at the Mexican National exhibition, relative to the sale of the state's building at the Atlanta exposition; regarding the legislature's contingent expenses; making an appropriation for repairs to the capitol; providing for a survey of the Genesee river; changing the salaries of the fish, game and forestry commission; creating the office of deputy commissioner of public works; making an appropriation for extraordinary repairs to the canals; making an appropriation to carry out the election law; amending the railroad law relative to electrical experts; providing for the construction of bicycle paths in Monroe county; the annual appropriation act; the annual supply bill; the supplemental supply bill; providing for the celebration of the 100th anniversary of the capitol at Albany; the annual tax bill.

At the election of 1896, Mr. O'Grady was again a candidate for election to the assembly. He was elected by 6,038 votes, to 4,326 for Benjamin Haag, Democrat; 131 for M. Berman, Socialist Labor, and 128 for E. Morse, Prohibitionist. At the organization of the assembly of 1897 Mr. O'Grady was elected speaker of the assembly, and as such was chairman of the committee on rules. Mr. O'Grady was re-elected to the assembly of 1898 by receiving 5,738 votes, 4,361 for J. B. Y. Warner, Democrat; 81 for Julius Wilttrup, Prohibitionist, and 152 for Jesse Freeman, Socialist Labor. As speaker of the assembly of 1898 Mr. O'Grady was chairman of the committee on rules.

In the fall of 1898 he was elected to the Fifty-sixth congress, receiving 20,717 votes to 17,227 for John R. Fanning, Democrat; 1,165 for Frank A. Steverman, Socialist Labor, and 900 for Benson M. Roberts, Prohibitionist. His record as a "first year man" was a notable one and was favorably commented upon by the local press without regard to politics.

The magazine features the rep...