

MOUNTED CUBAN POLICE.

General Wood Formulating a Plan for Guarding the Province of Santiago.

COL. HOOD TO COMMAND

Will Take Best Cuban Soldiers and Put Each Detachment Under an American Officer.

Conquered Territory to be Thoroughly Policed—The Cuban Officers to be Given Subordinate Commands—Thirty Schools That Will Teach Both English and American History.

Santiago de Cuba, Sept. 28.—Gen. Wood, the Military Governor of Santiago, is formulating a plan for the establishment of a mounted police force for service in the interior of the province. In his communication to the Washington authorities concerning his plan, Gen. Wood will recommend that Cubans who have voluntarily surrendered their arms and acknowledged American authority in the territory conquered from the Spaniards be employed on the force. Only the most energetic men of this kind, who stand well with their Cuban officers and have good moral characters will be selected as rural police. The men will be required to undergo physical and mental examinations, and must be skilled in handling firearms.

The best of Cuban officers, many of whom have come into Santiago during the past fortnight without money or means of subsistence, the result of three years' campaigning in the field will receive subordinate commands, such as Sub-Lieutenants, First Lieutenants, Sergeants and Corporals.

It is understood that Col. Duncan Robert Hood of the Second Immunes will command the rural police. Col.



GENERAL WOOD. Hood, in spite of his youth, has proved himself to be an energetic and capable officer.

Gen. Wood is determined to maintain perfect order in the conquered territory, and to protect the lives and property of citizens in even the most remote parts. He will not tolerate interference with workmen on plantations or in the mines by members of the so-called Cuban army or others. The rural police will be armed with carbines, machetes and revolvers. The men Gen. Wood proposes to select for the guard understand the country and the people. Gen. Wood believes that with rigid American discipline he can in a short time have a highly efficient force in service.

Thirty schools will be opened in the city of Santiago on next Monday. All the municipal schools will be free, and the city will furnish books. Every facility will be afforded to Cuban parents for the education of their children. The school system will embody only the best features of the old Spanish scheme. The general lines of the American plan will be followed. Sectarianism will be entirely eliminated, and the study of the English language and American history will be included in the course.

Scandalized the Queen. London, Sept. 27.—The new regulations for the Queen's drawing rooms, which will be in force next season, are due to the Queen's annoyance at the scandals discovered this and last year. It was found that impudic ladies of rank were advertising, for fixed sums, to bring out young ladies who are rich but not in society. The terms included presentation at court and the run of the London season. The idea of presentations being sold was a severe shock to her Majesty. The presentation lists were scanned more carefully than ever. It was not discovered that there was anything against the personal character of the ladies thus presented which would disqualify them from being received by the sovereign.

Deadly Tickets to Spain. Madrid, Sept. 27.—Ten thousand Spaniards in Porto Rico, who are resolved to abandon the island rather than remain under the American flag, have demanded repatriation at the expense of the State. The Government has referred the question to the Council of State.

The Oregon to Sail This Week. Washington, D. C., Sept. 27.—Instructions given by the Navy Department to Captain A. S. Barker, commanding the battleship Oregon and senior officer of the squadron which is under orders to proceed to Manila, require him to sail during the present week for Honolulu.

Extraordinary Repudiation. London, Sept. 27.—The London Daily News publishes an interview with Major Estlin, in which he admits having had a conversation with Mrs. Estlin, wife of the editor of the paper, who had written a sensational article on the Dreyfus case.

SEVENTY BURIED IN A MINE.

Eight Were Killed and Three Were More or Less Injured.

Brownsville, Pa., Sept. 26.—Out of the jaws of death came three score miners and their return was a feature of one of the worst disasters the Monongahela mining district has known for some time. Eight men lost their lives.

More than seventy men were entombed in the Empire mine of Snowden, operated by Gould & Company, a quarter of a mile below Brownsville, by an explosion of gas.

Searching parties made frantic efforts to reach the entombed miners, but their progress was slow and there was great danger of another explosion, which might bury them also under tons of rock and earth.

Intelligence of the disaster soon spread and crowds gathered around the mouth of the mine. Terrible scenes of grief and horror were presented. Wives and children of the entombed men were frantic with grief and their shrieks and wails were frightful to hear. Notwithstanding the great danger, the rescuing parties worked bravely.

FROM ACROSS THE SEA.

Colon, Columbia. A fire at Panama destroyed twenty-four houses near the market.

Berne. The Government has ordered the expulsion from Switzerland of thirty-six Anarchists.

London. Mr. George N. Curzon, the newly appointed Viceroy of India has been elevated to the peerage as Baron Curzon of Kedleston.

London. The estate of the late Wolf Joel, the South African millionaire, who was shot and killed at Johannesburg in March last by Ludwig von Veitheim, amounts to £1,200,000.

Madrid. Senor Emilio Castelar, the newly known republican leader has received an anonymous letter bearing the London postmark informing him that he has been selected as a victim by the Anarchists.

Berlin.—A dispatch from Memel, Prussia, on the Baltic, says a terrific storm swept the Russian Baltic on Monday, destroying a large number of small craft. Along the coast between Polangen and Libau 120 fishermen were drowned.

London.—The Globe says alarming information has been received by the Government as to the position of the British residents in the Philippines. The British gunboat Rattler of the China station has been ordered to proceed with all possible speed to the island of Cebu in the central part of the Philippines, where the British community is said to be in imminent danger from the natives.

CHINA'S EMPEROR IS OUT.

Compelled to Abdicate in Favor of the Dowager Empress.

Peking, Sept. 26.—An imperial edict that has been issued announces that the Emperor has abdicated in favor of the Dowager Empress. The latter has ordered that henceforth the Ministers shall deliver their official reports to her.

The edict proclaiming the abdication says that the Emperor three times requested the Empress to reassume the Government, and that she yielded at the third request.

It is difficult to learn accurately what is happening in the palace. There is little doubt that the reform edicts led to the deposition of the Emperor. The Dowager Empress was



EMPEROR OF CHINA. content to let the Emperor alone so long as he was merely a figurehead, but when he initiated or sanctioned a policy that was opposed to her views she compelled him to abdicate.

Shanghai, Sept. 26.—It is rumored here that the Emperor is dead. It is declared that the gates of Peking are closed.

Tornado in Tonawanda. Tonawanda, N. Y., Sept. 28.—At about 5 o'clock Monday evening this city was visited by a tornado, which demolished houses, uprooted trees, overturned freight cars and swept a clean path about 200 yards wide for a distance of ten miles. The tornado swept over Grand Island before reaching this place, and it is reported that several people were killed on the island. One woman was picked up by the funnel-shaped cloud and disappeared from sight. Her body has not been found.

Lacret Opposes Garcia's Views. Santiago de Cuba, Sept. 27.—General Lacret Morlot has published a strong letter he has written to General Sanchez stating that America must give up the control of Cuba, or otherwise political outside for the Cubans would result. Better any fate than that, he says, better to return to the woods and fight.

Death of Fanny Davenport. New York, Sept. 27.—A despatch received from Duxbury, Mass., announced the death at 10:30 o'clock of Fanny Davenport. Miss Davenport died at the home of her husband, Mr. McDowell, where she had been seriously ill for many weeks.

THE DREYFUS REVISION.

Fight Against It at an Exciting Meeting Held in Paris.

THE CROWDS DISPERSED

Monsieur Brisson Is Violently Denounced by Monsieur Paul Beroulet.

Asserts Dreyfus Would be Lynched Declares a Revolution Should Occur the Head of M. Clemenceau Would Be First to Fall—Slight Demonstrations are Made in Paris During the Afternoon.

Paris, Sept. 27.—M. Paul Beroulet presided at a meeting held to-day for the purpose of protesting against a revision of the Dreyfus proceedings at which he made a speech violently denouncing M. Brisson and all the prominent supporters of revision, and declared that if a revolution broke out and the staff of the Government in Paris the first to fall would be that of M. Clemenceau.

If Dreyfus ever returned to France, M. Beroulet asserted, he would be lynched.

In conclusion he announced the intention to reconstitute the League of Patriots, which the government formerly dissolved, and a resolution to that effect was carried by acclamation.

Slight demonstrations were made late this afternoon but the crowds which gathered were quickly dispersed by the police.

Beyond a few scuffles during the single police charge in dispersing the supporters of M. Beroulet, no disturbance has occurred, but large numbers of extra police are on duty.

Colonel Bourdieu of the general staff, who has been in charge of the second department of the Intelligence Bureau in succession to Colonel Henry has been dismissed and sent to join his regiment. The reason for his disgrace has not been made public.

Paris, Sept. 28.—The Ministers, after a long discussion at the Cabinet council this afternoon, finally decided in favor of revision of the Dreyfus case. The council also decided to send instructions all over the country to treat rigorously any persons attacking the army through the press or at public meetings.

The Buffalo to Go to Manila.

Washington, Sept. 27.—A still further increase in the already large fleet under command of Rear Admiral Dewey has been provided by the Navy Department in the decision to send the cruiser Buffalo to Manila. She is commanded by Commander Joseph N. Hemphill, who until recently was in charge of the enlisted men's branch of the Naval Bureau of Navigation. He tried very hard to get the cruiser in condition for sea service before the end of the war, but the overhauling required consumed more time than was estimated originally. Nearly all the officers have been assigned to the Buffalo, and her crew is now on board. It was at the personal request of Commander Hemphill that his ship was assigned to the Asiatic station.

Thinker Bianco Means Trouble.

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 27.—Major General Graham, commander of the Second Corps, constituting Camp Meade, is not in sympathy with the movement to muster out troops, as he believes that the war is not over and that more hard fighting will be required to bring the Spaniards to a realization of their helplessness condition.

He regards the attitude of General Blanco at Havana as a defiance to the United States that is likely to result in serious armed conflicts for the possession of that city. He credits Blanco with having an army of 125,000 men, 80,000 of whom are regulars.

Cab's Get Wheat to Grind.

Topeka, Kan., Sept. 27.—The fourth and last flouring mill in Topeka has shut down for want of wheat to grind. It is estimated that seventy-five mills in the State are idle from the same cause. The farmers are not selling their wheat, but are waiting for better prices.

The farmers are holding their wheat, they say, because they have money enough on hand, and are able to hold it, and not because there is any understanding among them to that end. It is thought that there are 70,000,000 bushels of wheat in the State.

Corbett Stops Training.

Asbury Park, Sept. 27.—Corbett and his retinue of trainers have broken camp and left for New York. The champion said that he was tired of training when there were no positive assurances in sight that his proposed fight with McCoy will come off. Corbett had intended remaining here until the second week in October, and it was a surprise to his friends when he announced his determination of getting out.

Laura Jean Libbey Married.

New York, Sept. 28.—The marriage of Laura Jean Libbey, the author, to Van Meter Stillwell, a Brooklyn lawyer, took place on Wednesday last, the Rev. Dr. J. G. Beechers, rector of the Episcopal Church of the Incarnation in Gates avenue, officiating, but the announcement did not appear until yesterday afternoon.

Death of Fanny Davenport.

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WOODFORD'S RESIGNATION.

He Will Not Return as United States Minister to Spain.

Washington, Sept. 26.—Officers of the Administration admit that Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, has tendered his resignation as United States Minister to Spain, but are not able to give any reason for that action other than that Gen. Woodford practically relinquished his diplomatic post when he received his passport from the Madrid government last April and has not been drawing any salary for more than two months. The tender of the resignation means, of



GEN. STEWART L. WOODFORD. He will not return as United States Minister to Spain.

England and Russia Clash in China. London, Sept. 27.—A special despatch from Shanghai says that Kang Yuwei's brother has been arrested in Peking and condemned to death. The despatch also says that Sir Claude MacDonald, the British Minister gave instructions that Kang Yuwei should be protected from arrest. The British Consulate holds his baggage and documents referring to State secrets.

The Russians are incensed at the latter fact, and it is reported that Russia has offered the Dowager Empress the services of 10,000 troops from Port Arthur to keep order in Peking if necessary. It is stated that the British fleet in Chinese waters has been divided between Taku and Shanhai-kwa under orders to intercept Russian transports in the event of an attempt to land troops.

Gomez Appeals for Food.

Washington, Sept. 27.—Telegrams received by the Cuban delegation at Washington from the Cuban exiles who arrived at Key West and who were sent by Gen. Gomez depict the situation in the province of Santa Clara as most critical. The Cuban army there, they say is starving. For over two weeks they had eaten no meat the vegetables were almost gone and the last mules and the horses had been killed to feed the sick. The children and old people are reported dying by dozens every day. Gen. Gomez makes an appeal for aid, and says his men are desperate.

A \$2,000,000 Steel Plant.

Sharon, Pa., Sept. 27.—The Bessemer Furnace Company will erect a \$2,000,000 steel works. The plant will be large enough to utilize the product of the eighteen furnaces of the Manoning and Shenango valleys. As Sharon is the central point of these valleys concerns, the plant will probably be built here.

Cubans to Get Comal's Cargo.

Washington, Sept. 27.—A statement was issued by the War Department that the Cuban Commission had effected an arrangement with the Spanish authorities whereby the steamer Comal carrying a cargo of supplies for the suffering people of Cuba, would be permitted to land her cargo at Matanzas free of duty.

Germany Backing Aginaldo.

San Francisco, Sept. 26.—The Post publishes a story to the effect that Germany is planning to send numerous trading vessels to the Philippine Islands, besides furnishing Krupp guns and artillery for field use.

THE MARKETS.

Produce. MILK AND CREAM. The average price paid for the surplus on the platform has been 2 1/2¢ @ qt. net to shipper.

Wheat—Sept. 27 @ 70 1/2 @ 71 1/2
Corn—Sept. 27 @ 33 1/2 @ 34 1/2
Oats—Sept. 27 @ 20 1/2 @ 21 1/2

BUTTER. Creamery—extras @ 19 @ 19 1/2
First @ 17 1/2 @ 18 1/2
State Dairy tubs, extras @ 18
Factory, Fresh, first @ 14 @ 14 1/2

CHEESE. State—Full cream, new, large @ 7 1/2 @ 7 1/2
Small @ 7 1/2 @ 7 1/2

VEGETABLES. Potatoes, L. I. @ 1 50 @ 2 00
Jersey @ 1 50 @ 1 82
Onions, L. I. @ 2 00 @ 2 25
Jersey @ 2 00 @ 2 25
Turnips, Russian @ 50 @ 80

LIVE POULTRY. Fowls, # lb. @ 9 @ 10
Chickens, # lb. @ 9 @ 10 1/2
Turkeys, # lb. @ 8 @ 9 1/2
Ducks, # pair @ 40 @ 50
Geese, # pair @ 75 @ 85
Pigeons, # pair @ 20

DRESSED POULTRY. Turkeys, Western # lb. @ 8 @ 10
Broilers, Phila. @ 14 @ 16
Fowls, State & Penn., # lb. @ 9 1/2 @ 10
Squab, # doz. @ 1 75 @ 2 00

LIVE STOCK. BEEVES.—Steers, \$4 85 @ \$5 50; bulls, \$2 25 @ \$3 25; cows, \$1 40 @ \$2 75; live cattle, 9 @ 10 1/2; dressed weight; refrigerator beef, 7 1/2 @ 9 1/2 per lb.

CALVES.—Common to prime veal, \$5 00 @ \$5 00; 100 lb. choice and extra veal, \$5 00 @ \$5 00; mixed calves at \$5 00 @ \$5 00.

SWINE AND LAMBS.—Common to good uncured cheap, \$3 87 @ \$4 50; lambs, \$4 55 @ \$5 55.

HOGS. @ 4 25 @ 4 60

THE MARIA TERESA FLOATED

Naval Constructor Hobson Has Succeeded in Raising Her.

ONE TUG PULLED HER OFF

Salute of Twenty-One Guns Greeted the American Flag Flying From Her Main Truck.

She Is Now Lying at Anchor in Guantanamo Bay—Hawners Were Passed to Both the Merritt and the Chapman, But Only the Latter Was Needed—Hobson Has Done What He Promised.

Playa Del Este, Cuba, Sept. 27.—Naval Constructor Hobson has kept his promise. At ten o'clock yesterday morning the Spanish cruiser Infanta Maria Teresa was floated and was towed thirty-five knots in eight hours by the United States Steamship Potomac and the tug Merritt. She is at anchor now in Guantanamo Bay.

Salvage was begun at the ship. An anchor beam from Naval Constructor Hobson brought the Newark to the surface. The ship was hoisted and the Potomac from Guantanamo Bay.

Operations were begun immediately with a team on the Infanta Maria Teresa's main deck. A hawser was passed at half-past nine o'clock from the starboard quarter of the Infanta to the Chapman and from port to the Merritt.

The Chapman pulled the Infanta off alone when the hawser drew taut. There was a great demonstration by steam whistles and later the flagship signalled to salute the American flag with twenty-one guns. The Newark, the Scripion and the Alvarado responded.

The men were called to quarters and the band played the "Star Spangled Banner."

NAVAL CONSTRUCTOR HOBSON.

The Infanta sheered badly from some cause as yet unknown.

Naval Constructor Hobson was perched on the after turret, watching her closely for four miles.

The pumps were going continually. The conveying fleet included the tug Merritt, the steamer Senior and the barge Sharpe. The trip was made without incident.

Marchand Refuses to Leave Fashoda.

London, Sept. 27.—The Daily Telegraph's Cairo correspondent telegraphing says: "General Kitchener found the French at Fashoda. He notified Major Marchand that he had express instructions that the territory was British, and that the French must retire, and offered them passage to Cairo."

"Major Marchand absolutely declined to retire unless ordered to do so by his government. No fighting occurred. Major Marchand was given clearly to understand that the British insisted upon their claims, and the rest has been left to be settled by diplomacy between the respective governments."

"General Kitchener sent a long official despatch to London, hotated the union jack and the Egyptian ensign and left as a garrison the Eleventh and Thirteenth Sudanese battalions and the Cameron Highlanders to protect the British flag. Colonel Jackson commands the garrison."

Woman Arrested in the Klondike.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 27.—Mrs. Woods, who last Spring conducted a party of New York women into the Klondike, has been arraigned by Judge McGuire at Dawson for selling a fake claim. She had taken part in every stampede out of Dawson during her residence there, and had thus become a famous character.

Judge McGuire is quoted by the Dawson press and by the late arrivals from there as saying to the prisoner: "If this charge is proved against you I am going to give you six months at hard labor."

Hay to Assume Office on Thursday.

Washington, Sept. 27.—Col. John Hay, the new Secretary of State, is now at his country place in New Hampshire. He has informed the State Department that he will assume the duties of Secretary of State on Thursday next, and official notices to that effect are being prepared in Col. Hay's name for transmission to the members of the Diplomatic Corps. On next Saturday the new Secretary will receive the members of the Diplomatic Corps at the State Department.

Lost Mistress a Chambermaid.

Chicago, Sept. 26.—Florence Frost, heiress to an estate in Delaware, for whom the police were asked to look, has been found at Dale's Hotel, No. 286 Wabash avenue, where she had been working as a chambermaid.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

Switzerland will not give the assassin Lucheni up to Austria.

Gen. Garcia has returned to Santiago and was honorably welcomed.

President McKinley is said to favor the addition of a Minister of Colonies. Gen. Greene testifies to the bravery of the Astor Battery boys at Manila.

The first of many suits growing out of the Bourgoigne disaster has been begun.

The Spaniards have been notified that their evacuation of Cuba must not be further delayed.

The American Peace Commissioners and two of the Spanish Commissioners have arrived at Paris.

The New England Loan and Trust Company, of New York, has gone into the hands of a receiver.

It is understood the Japanese Government has decided to negotiate for a \$50,000,000 loan.

Chang Yin Huan, the great enemy of Li Hung Chang, has been arrested and will be stripped of his offices.

Lieut. Hobson, having raised the Infanta, now proposes to raise the Infanta and come on her to New York.

The Rev. Dr. De Costa declared that the Episcopal Church is in danger of becoming the stronghold of errors and lies.

Dewey used \$47,000 worth of ammunition at Manila, and Sampson and Schley at Santiago not to exceed \$100,000.

The Seattle Assay Office shipped twenty boxes of gold bullion, weighing 200 pounds each, to the Philadelphia mint.

For three days the steamship Eastern Pinner was tossed about by the hurricane that wrecked the island of St. Vincent.

Mrs. Charles Van Alstine, wife of a Klondike miner, has mysteriously disappeared, together with \$38,100 in cash and certificates of deposit.

Scott Currier, fourteen years old, son of a New York physician was killed in the Adirondacks by his father's hunting party, who mistook him for a deer.

Col. Bryan left Washington for Jacksonville. He will remain in command of his regiment if it is not mustered out and do garrison duty in Porto Rico if necessary.

Bridgport police have obtained additional evidence tending to prove that Emma Gill met her death and was dismembered in Dr. Nancy Guilford's house.

Evidence has been found connecting Harry Oxley and Howard Guernsey, both neighbors of the Gills in Southington, Conn., with the murder of Emma Gill. Both men were arrested.

William Larsen, who is recovering from an accident and an operation at St. Vincent's Hospital, with part of his brain exposed, has lost the power to speak his mother tongue, Norwegian though he can speak in English.

The extraordinary record, 40.8 miles an hour, was made at the second trials of the torpedo-boat destroyer Hal Lang just built at Elbing, Germany, by the Schichau works for the Chinese Government.

The discovery that Colonel Roosevelt made on March 21, 1898, that he was a resident of Washington and not of New York State, and that he is ineligible on that account for the Governorship of New York, has created a stir among those who have been watching the progress of the campaign.

Berlin Fears a French Crisis.

Berlin, Sept. 27.—The German press regards the situation in Paris as extremely critical. The National Zeitung compares it with the situation of the Spring of 1870 during the reign of Napoleon. Only an immediate revision of the Dreyfus trial, it says, will avert the imminent disaster.

The Hanoversche Courier fears an outbreak of Chauvinism which might evoke another war with Germany. There is also great consternation in diplomatic circles over the continued threatening aspects of affairs in the Orient and the unceasing sending of Russian and English troops to Crete. It is doubted if the Kaiser, under such menacing conditions, will persist in his plan of visiting Palestine this Fall.

Married Fifty Women.

Buffalo, Sept. 26.—Charles W. Woodruff, who is under arrest here, is said to have married more than fifty women since 1885. The police have found four Buffalo women with whom he went through the ceremony of marriage, but none of them will consent to appear against him, so he is held while the police seek for further evidence.

Ketchikan's Book.

London, Sept. 26.—Grant Richards, publisher of 9 Henrietta street, Covent Garden, has secured the publication rights of Major Estlin's conference of his connection with the Dreyfus case. The statement will be contained in a book of the size of the ordinary six-shilling novel, and will be issued as soon as possible.

Fleet of the Philippines.

Manila, Sept. 27.—When the American auxiliary gunboat Hugh McCulloch captured the Philippine steamer Abney on August 24, an insurgent gunboat followed her to Cavite harbor. The Americans contemplate taking possession of the entire insurgent fleet because they are flying an unrecognized flag, which makes them liable to seizure by any nation as pirates.

Lord Mayor Calls on Peace Commission.

London, Sept. 27.—The Lord Mayor of London, the Right Hon. Horatio Davies, M. P., paid an early call in his gorgeous state equipage, with footmen in brilliant liveries, upon the United States Peace Commission at the Hotel Cecil.