

SPAIN SENDS A PROTEST.

She Says That the Capitulation of Manila Was Invalid.

FORWARDS OBJECTIONS.

They Have Been Sent to M. Cambon for Presentation to Our Government.

Sagasta Warns His Cabinet to Be Prepared for Overthrow—The Ministry Likely to Fall at Any Moment—Madrid Papers Condemn the Policy of the Government—Gen. Weyler's Movements Watched.

Madrid, Sept. 14.—The government has sent to M. Cambon, the French Ambassador at Washington, for presentation to the United States, a protest against the capitulation of Manila, contending that it was invalid because it occurred two days after the signing of the protocol.

Spain also requests that the customs receipts at Manila continue to be devoted to the payment of interest on the amortization of the Philippine loan of 1897. She further insists that the United States shall compel Aguinaldo, the leader of the Philippine insurgents, to release his Spanish prisoners.

During the debate in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday Prime Minister Sagasta resented a remark made by Senor Silveira, the Conservative leader, as patronizing. Senor Silveira retorted: "I never think of patronizing a corpse. The only thing left to be done is decent burial."

It is believed that the Cabinet is liable to fall at any moment. Precautions have been redoubled against disturbances, which are hourly expected. Public attention is concentrated on the army and Gen. Weyler's movements.

It is reported that Prime Minister Sagasta has warned the Cabinet to be prepared for an overthrow.

Premier Sagasta informed the representatives of the press to-day that the appointment of the Spanish peace commissioners was delayed because the commissioners selected must be men who enjoy the full confidence of the government. Therefore time and care in their choice were necessary. "Moreover," he added, "I do not know who may be in power in a month's time."

The press of Madrid is almost unanimous in condemning the tactics of the government. To-day Senor Canalejas offered a motion in the Cortes requesting the government to produce documents and information necessary to the purpose of fixing the responsibility for the country's misfortunes. This places the Cabinet in a dilemma. Public debate on the motion will reveal the incapacity of the Ministers, while secret discussion will arouse the indignation of the armed forces of the honor of the army and navy being discussed privately.

Democratic Editors Meet. New York, Sept. 14.—The brains and thought of the State had a thoroughly satisfactory representation at the Hoffman House, when the Democratic editors gathered there at the invitation of the Democratic Campaign Committee to discuss the issues of the campaign over the dinner table.

There were general responses to the invitation. No place was vacant. The editors came from up and down in the State well charged with ideas as to party policy and eager to give them expression.

Hawaii to Be a Territory. San Francisco, Sept. 14.—The steamer Capt. from Yokohama and Hong Kong, via Honolulu, brings the following advices from the latter place, under date of Sept. 8:

"It will be the Territory of Hawaii." That is the name which the Annexation Committee has decided to recommend to Congress. This will be preserved in the political nomenclature of the United States the distinctive sign of this part of the Union.

Hebrews Carnot Enter Palestine. Washington, Sept. 14.—The Turkish Legation issues the following statement: "Then entrance into Palestine is formally prohibited to foreign Israelites, and consequently the Imperial Ottoman authorities have received orders to prevent the landing of immigrant Jews in that province."

The Gold Reserve. Washington, Sept. 14.—Another gain in the Treasury gold of \$2,300,000 brings the total net gold up to \$232,294,584. Considerable of the increase is due to the payments for the new war bonds, and further additions from the same source will result.

The Loss of an Officer. London, Sept. 14.—A despatch to the Central News from Omurman says the Khalifa in his flight took 3,000 men with him.

Lord Dufferin Speaks. London, Sept. 14.—At a banquet given this evening Lord Dufferin made a speech in which he dwelt almost exclusively on Anglo-American relations in the solution of the difficulties that had arisen in the East. The United States would be compelled to share, but it was pretty certain that their interests would not clash with those of Great Britain, because both nations were guided by the same rules of humanity and justice.

Peace Proposals Under Discussion in Spain. Madrid, Sept. 13.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day Lieut. Gen. Correa, Minister for War, declined to comply with several requests for the production of documents referring to the war basing his refusal on the ground that production would be "injurious to public interests."

The Senate appointed commissions to study the various peace proposals.

864 Men Killed in Battles. Washington, Sept. 1.—The official records of the War Department, as far as completed, show that there were thirty-three officers and 231 enlisted men of the army, 864 in all, killed in battle during the war with Spain. These casualties include all the lives lost by the army in the battles in Cuba and Porto Rico.

Philippines Want Annexation. Manila, Sept. 13.—Twenty leading public men, representing all factions of the Philippines, have held a conference to consider the future fate of the islands.

Eighteen of the conferees emphatically declared in favor of annexation, while the other two were in favor of the establishment of a republic.

Estates Chartered a Steamer. New York, Sept. 14.—Capt. Estate of the Spanish Navy, has completed arrangements for chartering the Anchor Line Steamship City of Rome to take the Spanish naval prisoners from Portsmouth, N. H., to Santander, Spain.

AN EMPRESS MURDERED.

Elizabeth of Austria Stabbed at Geneva. Geneva, Switzerland, Sept. 10.—The Empress Elizabeth of Austria was assassinated here to-day.

The Empress had been staying for some weeks at her favorite bathing place, Montreux. This morning she made an excursion to Geneva in a small private steamer, and proceeded on her arrival to the Hotel Beau Rivage, as was her custom, attended by a limited suite. She had luncheon served in a private room.

The Empress left the hotel at 12:35 P. M. and walked slowly toward the pier to take the steamer back to Montreux. As she was crossing a path the assassin stepped up as though he intended to speak to her. When within a foot of the Empress he drew a stiletto and stabbed her in the breast.

FROM ACRAC THE SEA

London, Sept. 14.—The Hong Kong correspondent of the Daily Mail writes that he learns from a Spanish source that the German frigate Albatross is lying off Palawan in the Sulu Sea awaiting instructions to occupy the island.

Dublin, Sept. 14.—The Irish Free State was released from Portugal prison in January, 1910, after serving ten years of a twenty years' sentence for treason felony. He has been elected Lord Mayor of the city of Dublin.

Copenhagen, Sept. 14.—The Danish Parliament has decided to send a peace conference to the end of the present year or early next year.

Paris, Sept. 13.—The Council of yesterday's meeting examined the matter of improvements in the shore sea and channel defenses, and also discussed the question of improvements in the fleet.

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THE MARKETS. Produce. MILK AND CREAM.

The average price paid for the surplus on the platforms has been 2 1/2¢ qt net to shipper.

Wheat—Sept. 14 @ 87 1/2
Doc. 85 1/2 @ 85 1/2
Corn—Sept. 14 @ 34 1/2
Doc. 34 1/2 @ 34 1/2
Oats—Sept. 14 @ 24 1/2

Butter. Creamery—extra @ 18 1/2
Firsts @ 17 1/2
State Dairy tubs, extra @ 17
Factory Fresh, first @ 13 @ 13 1/2

CHEESE. State—Full cream, new, large 7 1/2 @ 7 1/2
Small @ 7 1/2

VEGETABLES. Potatoes, L. I. # bbl. @ 1.37 @ 1.75
" Jersey " @ 1.37 @ 1.62
Onions, L. I. # bag. @ 2.00
" Jersey " @ 2.00 @ 2.25
Turnips, Russian # bbl. @ 50 @ 75

LIVE POULTRY. Chickens, # lb. @ 9 @ 10
Turkeys, # lb. @ 8 @ 9
Ducks, # pair. @ 40 @ 50
Geese, # pair. @ 75 @ 1.25
Pigeons, # pair. @ 15

DRESSED POULTRY. Turkeys, Wisconsin # lb. @ 10 @ 12
Broilers, Phila. # lb. @ 14 @ 16
Fowls, State & Penna. # lb. @ 9 1/2 @ 10
Squab, # doz. @ 1.75 @ 2.00

BEANS—Sterile, \$1.85 @ \$5.60; bulls, \$2.25 @ \$3.25; cows, \$1.40 @ \$2.75; live cattle, @ 10 1/2¢; dressed weight; refrigerator beef, 1 1/2 @ 1 1/4¢ per lb.

CALVES—Common to prime veals, \$5.00 @ \$8.00; 100 lb.; choice and extra small lots at \$6.00 @ \$7.75; mixed calves at \$5.00 @ \$6.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Common to good unshorn sheep, \$2.87 @ \$4.50; hams, \$4.85 @ \$6.25.

HOGS—Common to good, \$4.00 @ \$4.40.

TROUBLESOME AGUINALDO.

Hong Kong Correspondents Think It Was Unwise to Take Him Back to Cavite.

San Francisco, Sept. 14.—The reports of Manila correspondents sent to the Hong Kong papers, which arrived to-day by the steamer from China, show that the attitude of Aguinaldo has created great uneasiness on the part of American and English observers. The correspondent of the Hong Kong China Mail, after speaking of the great skill shown by Aguinaldo in avoiding friction with Gen. Anderson, says:

"There can be only one construction placed on the latest developments of the navy policy. Aguinaldo and his supporters evidently imagine that the United States will withdraw her troops as soon as Spain is conquered, leaving the revolutionary troops in possession. Yet all observers admit that there can be no dual control. As time goes on it becomes more clearly evident that the United States officials who were responsible for taking our insurgent leaders to Cavite may have made a grievous mistake."

\$1,500 for His Injuries. New York, Sept. 14.—The Supreme Court of New Jersey decided yesterday that James Conroy, for many years superintendent of schools at South Amboy, is entitled to \$1,500 for injuries received while attempting to board a train of the Central Railroad of New Jersey at Toms River on December 18. He contended that he stepped on the train while it was standing still and that it started before he could get up the step. The railroad company contended that he tried to board the train while it was moving. His injuries have unfitted him for teaching.

Russian Prisoner of Our Navy. Washington, Sept. 14.—An official report presented to his government on the operations of American fleets during the war, Prince Lieven, a captain in the Russian Navy, writes most enthusiastically of the conduct of both officers and men and of the marvelous discipline that was enforced which enabled the ships to be so magnificently fought when the opportunity arose for a clash with those of Spain. The prince early in the war applied for permission to accompany the fleet under Admiral Sampson and was present with it throughout the greater part of the war.

Body of Burgogne Victim Found. Washington, Sept. 14.—The State Department has received a letter from Consul-General Osborn in London, reporting that he has been informed by the Receiver of Wrecks that the body of Alfred R. Jacob, an American citizen, was picked up by the British steamer Londonian. The receiver said he held certain property found on the body and desired an inquiry to be made to ascertain if there are any legal heirs of Mr. Jacob living in the United States.

Letter's Father Has Paid All. Chicago, Sept. 14.—Joseph Lott has cleared up his famous wheat deal. Every creditor has been paid, obligations to banks whose assistance was enlisted had been cancelled and 14,000 bushels of wheat have been liquidated since the announcement of the voluntary assignment, nearly three months ago.

This has been done only by great sacrifice, including the giving of mortgages on property belonging to the Letter estate aggregating nearly \$5,000,000 in value.

Fine Reason for Hops in Washington. Seattle, Wash., Sept. 14.—The hop picking season in the Puwlluv and Yakima valleys is on, and pickers are gathering from all portions of the State and British Columbia. The crop being in the past six years is also the sides being the largest raised in Washington, the hops being bright, free from insects, and very superior. The yield is from 15,000 to 2,000 pounds per acre, and dealers are generally engaging the crop at 10 cents. It will require 4,000 pickers for a month to gather the crop.

The Nicaragua Canal. City of Mexico, Sept. 13.—The Mexican Government has been officially notified that the Diet of the Greater Republic of Central America has asked the Government of Nicaragua for all the documents in the archives relating to the construction of an interoceanic canal across Nicaragua "for the purpose of investigating the reasons why the United States of North America appear to be decided to construct the canal."

Gen. Clay Gets a Divorce. Richmond, Ky., Sept. 14.—Gen. Castus Marcellus Clay has obtained an absolute divorce from his girl-wife. The decision was rendered by Judge Scott in the circuit court here. Gen. Clay, in his petition, simply charged his wife with abandonment. She made no denial and did not ask for alimony. It being understood that he was to provide for her, Mrs. Clay is to resume her maiden name of Dora Richardson.

Destination at Dawson. Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 14.—The last steamer from St. Michael reports that hundreds of Americans are at Dawson destitute. They have had semi-official notice to try to reach American stations on the Yukon, as the Canadian government will help none but British subjects in the winter season.

J. Sprague reports that there are hundreds of Americans who are objects of charity at present.

Big Prize Money For the Eagle. Newport News, Va., Sept. 14.—It is said that the crew of the gunboat Eagle will probably get more prize money than that of any other warship engaged in the war between Spain and the United States. An estimate has been made that no member of the converted yacht's crew will receive less than \$5,000.

WILHELMINA ENTHRONED.

Young Queen Takes the Oath and Addresses Her People.

IMPRESSIVE CEREMONY.

Receives the Pledged Allegiance of Her Ministers, Council and People.

There Was No Religious Ceremony. The Queen Was Not Forced On Her Head and the Queen Merely Bowled When the Emblems of Authority Were Presented to Her Majesty.

Amsterdam, Sept. 14.—With simple ceremony, but amid imposing surroundings, the young girl who is to be Queen of the Netherlands took possession of the throne to-day. She and her Ministers of Council took the oath of allegiance to the crown and to the constitution, and personally received the pledged allegiance of the members of the Council of Ministers.

The young queen, who is only sixteen years of age, took the oath of allegiance to the crown and to the constitution, and personally received the pledged allegiance of the members of the Council of Ministers.

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ALGER WANTS AN INQUIRY.

He Asks the President for an Investigation of the War Department.

Washington, Sept. 14.—The War Department's contact of the Spanish-American war will be investigated by order of President McKinley. A commission will be appointed for this purpose by the Chief Executive, and every branch of the service will be made the subject of a rigid inquiry. The investigation will be thorough and impartial, and will be instituted in a short time.

The inquiry will be made upon the formal request of Secretary Alger, who has been made the subject of a attack on every side. The Secretary has already made his request, having sent an official communication to the President asking that the conduct of the war by his Department be made the subject of a rigorous inquiry.

Estimable Deputies. Paris, Sept. 14.—The most interesting news item in the Journal to-day is the special dispatch from the Journal to-day saying that the Estimable Deputies, who have been made the subject of a attack on every side, have committed suicide. The story is denied at the Ministry of War and the Prefecture of Police.

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SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

Sugar with arsenic in it has been sent to a widow in Newark, N. J. Plans are being perfected for the peace jubilee to be held in New York. Gen. Miles ordered the regular soldiers at Camp Wikoff returned to their old posts.

An explosion of gasoline wrecked three buildings and killed several persons in Philadelphia.

The Spanish instructions have been received, and the Porto Rican Commissioners will begin work at once.

Three hundred revolutionists are reported to have been killed during last Wednesday's election in Guatemala.

The assassin, who was at once seized and hurried away, has been subjected to a rigid examination in his cell.

Lieut. Sears was hit by a brick in San Juan while bearing a letter from the American Commission to Macias.

Acting Secretary of War Melkielejohn announced that all the troops at Montauk Point will leave there before this week.

A three-year-old child in Paterson, N. J., was killed by whiskey that it drank from a bottle carelessly left within its reach.

Money is getting scarce on account of the large amount locked up in the United States Treasury, and rates on call loans are much higher.

Samuel Schwartz, who figured in the hat box mystery, is sponsor for a fellow countryman who claims to be an heir to a \$15,000,000 property.

Surgeon-General Sternberg has ordered that the soldiers be sent away from Camp Wikoff at once, for fear of the effects of the equatorial storms.

Rear Admiral Dewey says he considers the situation at Manila critical. It is understood he has asked for an additional cruiser and a battleship.

Queen Victoria restored to his rank, Col. Fin. Rhoades, brother of Cecil Rhoades, who was dismissed from the service for his part in the armed raid into the Transvaal.

A one Chairman Allison, of the Senate Finance Committee, says the war tax will not be repealed at the forthcoming session of Congress.

Corporal Edwards, of the Seventy-first New York Regiment, supposed to be dead, was found among the fever-stricken patients on hospital ship Shwinnock.

Owing to Blanco's refusal to receive Red Cross supplies American troops may be sent to Havana to take the place of the Spaniards sooner than had been planned.

The bridge being built across the Lawrence near Cornwall, Ont., by the New York and Ottawa Railroad, fell and a large number of workmen, probably forty, were killed.

The Spanish transport Saturnoqui has arrived at Santander from Santiago de Cuba. There were eighty-three deaths on board of her during the voyage. Gen. Linares was also a passenger.

Mayor Van Wyck has requested the President to allow the volunteer and regular regiments to mobilize in New York before being disbanded or distributed for the purpose of celebrating a peace jubilee.

A pretty woman's body, dismembered and tied in pieces of canvas, was found in a creek near Bridgeport. No clue to her identity or that of her murderers has been found.

A cable message was received from Havana which says that the Spanish authorities absolutely refused to allow the Comal to land provisions which she carried for the starving inhabitants of Cuba unless the full duty were paid.

Attorney Kenefick and Sheriff Kilgallon prevented the Lavigne-Rime fight at Buffalo. The sheriff even refused to permit a boxing exhibition. This action means that the McCoy-Corbett fight will not take place at Buffalo.

There is mystery still, and plenty of it, in the disappearance at Coney Island of Miss Louise King. The police think that she may have been drowned but they believe it much more likely that they have to deal with a romance than with a tragedy.

Both houses of the Spanish Cortes were in an uproar. Gen. Weyler charged that Sagasta was responsible for the loss of Cuba. Other members attacked the generals of the army, declaring that they ought to be stripped of decorations and hung by their sashes.

Sugar Refining in Hawaii. Honolulu, Sept. 13.—A wonderful impetus has been given to the sugar industry by annexation. Improvements are planned and under way which will involve an expenditure of millions. Refineries will be built to handle the raw sugar of the various plantations, and it will not be long before the sugar of the islands will all be shipped to American markets in a refined state.

Alger to Visit All Camps. Washington, Sept. 14.—Secretary Alger announced after the Cabinet meeting to-day that he intended to make a tour of the various camps at which large bodies of men are now stationed, with a view to ascertaining for himself the exact condition of affairs.

The Secretary probably will start next week.

Admiral Schley Reaches San Juan. San Juan, Porto Rico, Sept. 13.—The United States transport Seneca, carrying Rear Admiral W. S. Schley and Brig.-Gen. W. W. Gordon, of the Porto Rico Military Commission, arrived off the harbor last night, but did not enter until this morning.

Twenty Months With Neck Broken. Sea Cliff, L. I., Sept. 14.—Charles M. Leighton, 16 years old died here yesterday after living twenty months with a broken neck. The injury was received in a coasting accident in January, 1897.



M. JOVIAS CANNON, Who has received Spain's Protest.



THE CZAR OF RUSSIA.

route of the Czar's procession until the atmosphere in every room had become saturated. One of their number was to remain in the house and strike a light when the Czar was passing, in expectation that the house would be blown to pieces and the Czar killed by the flying debris.

This duty fell to the lot of one Alexander Kolanoff. In his agitation Kolanoff seems to have made an error, as the explosion was mistimed.

Kolanoff's mangled body was found among the ruin.