

## A PERIPATETIC BAR.

Public Houses on Wheels to Accommodate the British Workman.

When the British workman cannot go to the public house, the public house goes to him. It is a huge barrel set upon wheels and divided in the middle so that beer and ale may be carried.



PERIPATETIC PUBLIC HOUSES.

On the sides it is boxed with bread, cheese, pork pies and tobacco. No spirits are allowed to be sold from this peripatetic bar, and the publican who dispenses more than one quart of liquor to a customer is liable to a heavy fine.

These obliging taverns patrol the region of the docks mainly. Eleven o'clock is the dockers' lunch time, and the barkeeper is a busy man then and at one, when all the men from the ships' holds and packing sheds rush forth to dinner.

## A WONDERFUL GUN.

Will Destroy a Gunboat Without Striking Her.

Hudson Maxim, an English inventor, has recently designed a gun which is a most remarkable weapon. It can be made to perform the feat attributed to it by the inventor. He claims that it will hurl a ton of wet gun cotton a distance of nine miles and destroy a war vessel without even striking her. He claims that this missile falling within 200 feet of the target will destroy it utterly. "With ten such guns of 24-inch calibre mounted on the fortifications of New York harbor," says Mr. Maxim, in a dispatch to the New York Journal, "I will guarantee to defend the city against the combined navies of the world. The total cost of this defense will be only one tenth of that of one battleship. One hundred of these torpedo guns will not exceed in cost one battleship."

Army and navy people regard Maxim's scheme as visionary. They question his ability to handle gun cotton in the way he proposes, or to hurl a missile nine miles with accuracy under any circumstances. This person must not be confounded with Hiram Maxim, the inventor of the Maxim rapid-firing gun. Hudson Maxim has been accused by the English technical papers of purposely allowing his name to be confused with that of Hiram Maxim for the purposes of exploiting his inventions and furthering his schemes, the propriety of which have been criticised.

**A Labor-Saving Gang-Plank.**  
A novel gang-plank is being employed by the International Steamship Company at its wharf at Eastport, Me. Owing to a variation of 26 feet in the tide level and the fact that loading is accomplished by trucks, considerable trouble has always in the past been experienced in loading and unloading, and at times several men would be required to push the trucks up the steep gang-plank. The present arrangement, as constructed by the Belknap Motor company of Portland, Me., is in brief a reversed treadmill operated by an electric motor through suitable gearing. The gang-plank is a frame supporting a moving floor sixty feet long and four feet wide, upon which the stevedores simply run their loaded trucks and stand until they are carried to the top of the incline. It is found that the conveyor is in every way a success and effects a great saving in time and money.

**A Russian Propaganda.**  
The Russians are at present making vigorous efforts in the direction of a religious propaganda in Syria, and to this end are subsidizing on an extensive scale the orthodox schools established in the principal centers, such as Tripoli, Beirut, Damascus and Haifa. Six new schools are to be established before long. One of the conditions of this liberality, viz., that the Russian language should be thoroughly taught in the schools, has caused a certain amount of discontent in the community.

**Failure of the Eads Jetty.**  
The Eads jetty at the mouth of the Mississippi river are reported by Major J. B. Quinn, United States Engineer, as having failed for several days in a brief recent storm ending June 30, 1896, to maintain the legal channel depth of twenty-six feet, owing to shoaling. According to the report, an increased dredging plant or some extension and modification in the dikes and jetties are necessary in the immediate future to maintain the contract depth.

**Didn't Mean It.**  
The reconstructed Grand Central Depot in New York will contain the largest railroad waiting room in the world. Besides, there will be smoking rooms for men and parlors for women, all highly decorated and ahead of the times. The floor space will be doubled to accommodate the 1,476,000 people who annually use this station. Once upon a time a Vanderbilt said, "The public be damned," but he really didn't mean it.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

**Yeast Deemed Injurious.**  
In France, when the use of yeast was first introduced, it was deemed by the medical faculty to be so injurious to health that its use was prohibited under the severest penalties.

**Dutch Railway Management.**  
Railways in Holland are so carefully managed that the accidental deaths on them average only one a year for the entire country.

## EXPLODED.

How the Locomotive 11-Train Wrecked.

Harrisburg, Pa.—While a passenger train on the Northern Central Railroad was making schedule time near Georgetown, in this State, the boiler of the engine exploded. The engineer, E. B. Mitchell, was instantly killed, being thrown up a hill fully fifty feet. The fireman, John R. Crawley, was fatally scalded, and a track watchman was badly injured. None of the passengers were hurt. The boiler was found 150 feet away in one direction and the tender as far away in the opposite direction. The engine had just been overhauled and the cause of the explosion will probably never be known.

## THE UNION PACIFIC ROAD.

It Will Be Sold for Re-Organization—Government Claims to Be Compromised.

Washington, D. C.—It may be regarded as settled that the Government will accept the offer of the Reorganization Committee of the Union Pacific Railroad to pay the United States \$28,000,000 in full of the \$33,000,000 due. The matter will be put in shape for closing up the deal as soon as possible, and the road will be reorganized at once.

## NEW YORK NOMINATIONS.

Politics Booming in the Mighty Metropolis—The War Red Hot.

New York.—The Citizens' Union having nominated Seth Low for Mayor of Greater New York, United Democracy followed with Henry George on a Bryan platform and the Republicans came in with General B. F. Tracy on a stalwart Republican platform, with Ashbel Fitch, the present Comptroller, a Palmer Democrat, as their nominee for his present place.

## GEORGE M. ROBESON DEAD.

Was Secretary of the Navy Under President Grant.

Trenton, N. J.—George M. Robeson, who was Secretary of the Navy under President Grant from June 25, 1868, to March, 1877, died at his residence here at the age of 69 years. He was a native and lifelong resident of this State. He was confined to his home for more than a year. His death was caused by heart disease.

## The Spanish Are Bloodthirsty.

Washington, D. C.—The Government has been advised that the rumor that Minister Woodford was directed to announce the determination of the United States to insist upon a settlement of the Cuban war so angered the populace of Spain that the Spanish authorities had to furnish a guard for Mr. Woodford to insure his safety. He telegraphed for authority to publish the text of his instructions in order to allay the bitterness in Spain.

## In Bed With a Snake.

Williamsport, Pa.—Mrs. James Cross of Beech Creek placed her sleeping child, three years old, in its crib, and the little one waked up in a few minutes, crying, and told its mother that its back was cold. She went to it and found a bleeding scratch on its neck. Taking the babe up, she discovered a copperhead under it. She killed the snake and applied remedies for its venom and the child suffered but little from the poison.

## New Jersey for Racing?

Newark, N. J.—The three proposed constitutional amendments were defeated in this State on Tuesday. They were to prohibit gambling and book-making; to allow women to vote at school elections; to prohibit appointments at interim of men rejected by the Senate. Registration was light and the vote probably not over 35 per cent. of that of last fall.

## Tunneled for the Car.

London.—It is learned from Warsaw that Anarchists tunneled under Novitski street and prepared to explode a mine intended for the destruction of the Car during his recent visit. Masons gave information, and over 100 of the conspirators have been arrested.

## State Constables Dismissed.

Columbia, S. C.—The Governor has dismissed the State constables, and "after enforcement of the dispensary law will devolve upon local authorities. There will result a great reduction of expenses in repression and regulation of the liquor traffic.

## Not for a Show House.

Newark, N. J.—The United States declines to lease its old postoffice for a theatre. Collector Williams, having an application for a lease for that purpose, communicated with the Government, and was instructed to find a tenant, but not to permit the use of the building for theatrical purposes.

## The Biggest Steel Boat.

Elizabeth, N. J.—The float just launched at the Crescent shipyards is the largest ever built here. It is 350 feet by 50 feet; hold, 12 feet 6 inches. It is of steel, has twenty water-tight compartments and will carry twenty-eight railway cars. The float belongs to the New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk Railroad.

## B. and O. Business Better.

Baltimore, Md.—It is now announced that the Baltimore and Ohio will be able to pay the interest on which it has defaulted, business having very greatly improved.

## BUSINESS CONDITIONS.

An Expert, Whose Business It Is to Know Expresses an Opinion.

New York.—James McCrea, first vice-president of the Pennsylvania Company, and the active head of the Pennsylvania Railroad's lines west of Pittsburgh, therefore well able to speak for that section of the country through which the Pan Handle road and the other Pennsylvania tributaries run, is very confident, and believes that the whole country has ahead of it years of prosperity. He said yesterday: "Railroad earnings show beyond any question that there has been considerable improvement in the West. Throughout our section of the country there is a very general betterment that extends to almost every line of business. Not only is there more activity, but the people are feeling much better and showing more confidence than they have for years. So far as I can see, there is nothing that will kill the improvement which we have already seen. It looks very much as though the hard times of which we have all been complaining so much are over with for many years. As to railroad business, it will go on expanding and improving with the other lines of trade. Earnings are already showing that the railroads are doing much better. Railroad business is, of course, dependent entirely upon general trade. With general trade broadening and quickening, railroad business must necessarily improve. Throughout our part of the country things look most promising. Mills are at work again, and the average man has more money than he has had for years. There is no reason now why things should go backward."

## The Troops Withdrawing.

Hazleton, Pa.—Nearly all the troops have been withdrawn from here, no further trouble being feared. The incendiary burning of the breaker at Beaver Meadow is all that prevented their withdrawal earlier. Sheriff Martin and seventy-one of his deputies were arrested for the shooting and taken to Wilkesbarre, where they were admitted to bail in \$1,000 each. There are twenty-two deputies to be arrested yet.

## Deposed Chief a Suicide.

Mexico, Mex.—When President Diaz learned that his assassin, Aroyo, who was assassinated in the City Hall, was murdered with knives bought by Chief of Police Valdesquez for that purpose, he deposed the Chief and ordered the arrest and trial of all who could be identified with the crime. Valdesquez committed suicide in prison by shooting himself through the head. It is not known how he obtained the pistol.

## The Yellow Fever.

New Orleans, La.—The yellow fever is increasing somewhat here and elsewhere in the South. Unaffected places maintain strict quarantine. The asphalt pavements of this city are being scorched with heated rollers. New York.—Two cases of yellow fever were found on the steamer Plutance, which arrived here from Colon. They were isolated.

## Under Contract to Marry.

New York.—In the Supreme Court Lena Weinstein has brought suit to recover \$500 from Leib Goldfarb. They had a written contract to wed on Jan. 30, 1896, their first default to pay the other \$500 in cash; not as a penalty, but as liquidated damages. Goldfarb alleges that he was drugged and irresponsible when he signed the contract. This is as unique as it is new in matrimonial contracts.

## Barrios a Raging Terror.

San Francisco, Cal.—Private dispatches from Guatemala state that Barrios is desperate and perpetrating fearful slaughter and atrocities because the insurgents are everywhere victorious. He is imprisoning and shooting many prominent men, and has caused the arrest and incarceration of several women who sympathized with them.

## Poisoned Cows and Milk.

Shamokin, Pa.—The Sober Brothers' dairy supplies milk to hundreds of families. Unknown parties scattered Paris green on the fodder of the cows and threw large quantities into the milk cans. Isaac Leppe has been arrested on suspicion. The crime was discovered before it resulted in injury to the customers or to the cattle.

## New Postmaster Hung in Effigy.

Hammond, La.—J. H. Blier has just been appointed postmaster, and he was hanged in effigy. The figure bore a card inscribed: "The negro lover, J. H. Blier, just from Washington." This hanging was not resented by any demonstration of popular indignation.

## Boy Stealers Sentenced.

Albany, N. Y.—Joseph M. Hardy and H. G. Blake, who kidnapped the boy, John Conway, were sentenced to fourteen years and four months each in the State prison. Blake's confession implicates Lawyer Warner of New York.

## Chicago's Broom Brigade.

Chicago, Ill.—Mayor Harrison has placed Mrs. A. E. Paul at the head of the street cleaning department of the city. The vigor with which she has begun her work promises always to begeth from filth and streets rescued from dirt.

## To Make Tin Plates.

Wheeling, W. Va.—The Loughlin Mill Company has begun construction of a \$200,000 tin-plate plant to employ 375 men.

## President Andrews, of Brown University, has consented to remain with that institution and has cancelled his resignation.

The business failures in the United States for last week numbered 204, which is over 100 less than the corresponding week of 1896.

Is it not time for Pennsylvania mules to kick? The Reading Railroad Company is substituting air motors for mule power in its mines. More than 1,000 mules will be thus displaced.

American car builders and American locomotive builders both competed with the British for the contracts to furnish the Shanghai and Woo Sung Railroad in China. America will furnish the locomotives and the cars.

That was an amazing piece of news from Richmond the other day. A Circuit Court adjourned for the day out of respect to the memory of a colored man, the Rev. Mott Campbell, whose funeral occurred on that day. The news must be gratifying to all humane people of sound judgment.

To meet the advantages accruing to sugar producers where bounty is paid the Treasury Department has issued a circular requiring additional tariff assessments to the amount of such bounties. Bounties are paid as follows: Germany, 2½ to 3 marks per 100 kilos; France, 3½ to 4½ francs per 100 kilograms; Austria-Hungary, 1½ to 2 3/10 florins per 100 kilograms.

The free pass industry was so overworked by Boston Aldermen and city officials that the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company has cancelled all such passes over its line and announces that no more will be issued. The company alleges that the Beaneaters resorted to nepotism and managed to secure extension of the favor to their relatives and to all sorts of hangers-on.

The New York Press is a stalwart Republican, but it tried hard to secure a fusion of the party with the Citizens' Union for the nomination of Seth Low for Mayor of New York. When Mr. Low's letter appeared, making such a fusion impossible, the Press put on its Republican armor and made a hit at the Collegian with this point on its lance: "Must decide whether he will be content to vote for a mirage or for a fact. His vote for Mr. Low will represent nothing but a useless contribution to a grotesque fiasco."

It is stated that all those who have rushed to the Klondike regions without food to sustain them through the winter are to be sent back, and that the provident who are properly supplied will be required to contribute rations to feed them on the return trip. The improvident are mostly of the worst classes—gamblers and adventurers. It may be humane to thus compel the honest and prudent to feed the reckless and vicious, but it does appear a trifle hard on those who are compelled to contribute.

Joseph E. Ventre, anarchist, expatriated by Spain and sent to Mexico, expelled by the latter and interdicted from entrance to the United States, by the Immigration Bureau, must begin to feel that he is a man without a country, which ought to be no great grief for a man who considers government an outrage upon the individual. Louise Michel, now an old woman, but as vigorous an anarchist as ever, is expected to visit this country at once on a proselyting tour, and she, too, may find the bars up. She was last week expelled from Belgium.

Regardless of party and politics, every American patriot will heartily say "Amen" to the invocation of President McKinley in his speech at North Adams, Mass.: "God bless the American home. There goes out from it good thoughts and deeds, good men and women supporting our glorious political fabric and advancing justice among all men. God bless the American home and the American people. Upon these rest the safety and permanence and virtue of the Republic which we love so well, and our prayer is that our Heavenly Father may ever have our nation in His sacred keeping."

Proof sheets of the reports of the revenue department of the United States Treasury for July disclose some interesting facts. The total value of merchandise exported was \$69,925,770, of which \$3,892,002 was carried in American vessels and \$41,835,222 in British vessels. The value of merchandise imported was \$53,760,407, of which American vessels carried \$8,530,248, and British vessels \$22,684,241. In his report, United States Consul Robertson at Hamburg estimates that America pays the owners of foreign vessels at least \$300,000,000 a year to carry American products to market.

That is an interesting news item that comes from Long Island concerning a raid on a lot of beggars. It is particularly interesting from the fact that it is true. The beggars for a long time infested the entrance to a cemetery at South Woodhaven. They were of all classes of alms seekers, but mostly cripples who creep or crawl or get on with crutches, canes and difficulty. When the police appeared the cripples all ran away, abandoning their crutches. Only nine of the beggars were captured, and every one had money stowed in his ragged raiment. The smallest sum found was \$5, the largest \$28.

## MARYLAND REPUBLICANS.

The State Convention Declared for Separate Schools and Sound Money.

Baltimore, Md.—The Republican State platform pledges the party to maintain separate schools for colored and white people. Free and fair primary elections are demanded, and the present system of permitting continuous racing is condemned, and legislation to suppress it is demanded. One plank says: "The supreme duty of maintaining inviolate the national honor and credit renders it imperative that Maryland at this juncture should elect to the United States Senate an advocate and supporter of Sound Money."

Senator Wellington, chairman of the Executive Committee, having resigned, it succeeded by State Senator Norman B. Scott.

## Want More Dry Docks.

Washington, D. C.—The Navy Department announces that it will ask Congress to provide four new dry docks, so that the United States will not have to send its warships into foreign docks for repairs. It will be suggested that these new docks will be located at Boston, League Island, Norfolk and Mare Island, Cal., and it is hoped that Congress will authorize the construction of part of them of stone.

## Spanish Stronghold Raided.

Havana, Cuba.—Weyler has heretofore succeeded in suppressing news of the fact that on Sept. 8 the Cubans succeeded in entering the Spanish stronghold, Santiago de Cuba and ransacking it, holding possession all day and retiring at will. They kept the Spanish troops penned in the forts while they looted the city, capturing arms, ammunition and other stores.

## Fitzsimmons at a Church Fair.

Greenwich, Conn.—Bob Fitzsimmons appeared on the stage at a church fair at Hawthorne and made a rousing speech. The Rev. Mr. Berkeley of the German Lutheran Church exhibited the prizefighter's picture with a stereopticon, and Bob was then introduced to the audience in person from the stage. The fair was held in the Opera House.

## Hawaiian Japanese Seize.

San Francisco, Cal.—Great numbers of Japanese laborers are going to Hawaii, and there is a rumor that they are soldiers in disguise, thus smuggled by the Japanese Government with a purpose to seize the island. It is rumored that Japan contemplates seizing the steamer China, registered under the Hawaiian flag.

## Sent Bottled Air to Boston.

New York.—C. L. Tricker, inventor of a process for liquefying air, succeeded in sending four gallons of the fluid to Boston for demonstration and exhibition. He has leased a building on West 70th street, in this city, and promises to furnish liquid air for power and other uses in a very short time.

## Needs No More Gold Now.

Washington, D. C.—The Treasury declines to receive \$1,000,000 in gold tendered for deposit in San Francisco for \$1,000,000 in paper, to be paid in New York. The Acting Secretary states that the Government has all the gold that it requires at present.

## Sales of Money in Whisky.

Chicago.—The financial reports of Receiver McNulta of the Whiskey Trust, covering the period from Jan. 28, 1895, to June 30, 1897, exhibits receipts of \$12,807,920 from the sale of spirits.

## A Graveyard Restored.

Clinton, Mass.—The bodies and bones in St. John's Cemetery are to be removed, and the site will be used for a basin for the new reservoir now under construction by the State.

## Marching in a Circus Car.

Cincinnati, Ohio.—Coxey will travel by rail to make his campaign for Governor of Ohio. He has ordered a car and will carry a circus tent with seats, in which he will hold his meetings.

## An Alaskan Avalanche.

Seattle, Wash.—By the tug Pioneer arrived from Dyes information comes that an avalanche at Sheep Camp on the Chilkoot trail eighteen lives were lost.

## Looking After Hawaii.

Washington, D. C.—The Administration is concentrating quite a staff at Honolulu. The United States has been sent to that port.

## Will Start Up Idle Turbines.

Pittsburg, W. Va.—Capt. Flicker has purchased the floodgate turbines, which have been idle some years, and will start them up.

## Republicans Name a Democrat.

Utica, N. Y.—The Republicans have nominated a gold Democrat for Mayor.—Thomas E. Kinney, previously nominated by the Citizens' Union.

## A Pocket Dynamo.

A new instrument about the size and shape of a watch, containing a magnet and two coils of wire attached to a spindle, which is rapidly revolved by the action of a coiled spring, wound up as an ordinary watch, generates sufficient electric current for medicinal purposes.

## Ball-Bearing Fifth Wheel.

A ball-bearing fifth wheel for carriages has a double ball race attached to the axle, with two grooved metal rings fastened to the wagon body to rest on the balls. The bearing rolls through a slot in the fender.

## DAWSON.

Gold Found in the New Territory.

San Francisco, Cal.—The discovery of gold in the new territory has turned from Dawson to the mining district.

"I have been all around the river," as it is called, and seen the gold," he said. "I have visited the big camp of Bonanza Creek, and of those on Hiderona Creek. The gold is low and flat, and even in some the ground is brown with a fine dust of the surface, and is everywhere beneath the rock. The surface of the creek was followed by the gold digging down into the Klondike River thence into the Yukon, where there are large quantities of gold and silver. Sweeping the dry floors of the habitations of Dawson, it is no wonder that there should be abundance of gold. In the little cemetery there have been buried no less than twenty victims of typhoid fever. The drinking water at Dawson is very bad, and this adds to the sickness."

## GAGE ON CONDITIONS.

Says the Silver Question Is Not Settled by Any Means—The Gold Reserve.

Chicago.—Secretary of the Treasury Lyman Gage is here on his first visit home since his appointment as the Chief place last March. Mr. Gage said he was here to look after his private business. In speaking of the gold reserve, he said that it was ample and increasing steadily. "Do you believe the silver question is settled?" was asked. "Not by any means," came Mr. Gage's answer. "It ought to be considered, especially for the welfare of the country, but so long as Mr. Bryan and the other side keep up their agitation it cannot be considered settled."

## Gold in Mexico.

Hermosillo, Mex.—The gold placers on the Yagui are attracting hundreds of prospectors. They are said to be very rich. Henry Anderson and his partner have taken out \$20,000 in three months.

## Travels Among Miners.

Baltimore, Md.—Over 1,000 miners have died of a mysterious disease on the Eastern Slope. It is supposed to result from a poisonous weed not yet discovered. The miners become paralyzed.

## No Return for the Irish.

London.—John Wilson, M. P., has petitioned Parliament to require the Government to provide relief for the famine threatened by failure of the potato and grain crops.

## Three Yachts for Klondike.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—Three sailing yachts are being outfitted here to take them for a voyage to Alaska. They will sail in November, carrying the miners bound for Klondike.

## THE MARKETS.

Current Wholesale Prices of Grains and Products in New York.

## WHEAT.

Country—Wheat, white, No. 1, 100 lbs. 1.10  
Wheat, white, No. 2, 100 lbs. 1.05  
Wheat, white, No. 3, 100 lbs. 1.00  
Wheat, white, No. 4, 100 lbs. .95  
Wheat, white, No. 5, 100 lbs. .90  
Wheat, white, No. 6, 100 lbs. .85  
Wheat, white, No. 7, 100 lbs. .80  
Wheat, white, No. 8, 100 lbs. .75  
Wheat, white, No. 9, 100 lbs. .70  
Wheat, white, No. 10, 100 lbs. .65  
Wheat, white, No. 11, 100 lbs. .60  
Wheat, white, No. 12, 100 lbs. .55  
Wheat, white, No. 13, 100 lbs. .50  
Wheat, white, No. 14, 100 lbs. .45  
Wheat, white, No. 15, 100 lbs. .40  
Wheat, white, No. 16, 100 lbs. .35  
Wheat, white, No. 17, 100 lbs. .30  
Wheat, white, No. 18, 100 lbs. .25  
Wheat, white, No. 19, 100 lbs. .20  
Wheat, white, No. 20, 100 lbs. .15  
Wheat, white, No. 21, 100 lbs. .10  
Wheat, white, No. 22, 100 lbs. .05  
Wheat, white, No. 23, 100 lbs. .00

## GRAIN.

Wheat, white, No. 1, 100 lbs. 1.10  
Wheat, white, No. 2, 100 lbs. 1.05  
Wheat, white, No. 3, 100 lbs. 1.00  
Wheat, white, No. 4, 100 lbs. .95  
Wheat, white, No. 5, 100 lbs. .90  
Wheat, white, No. 6, 100 lbs. .85  
Wheat, white, No. 7, 100 lbs. .80  
Wheat, white, No. 8, 100 lbs. .75  
Wheat, white, No. 9, 100 lbs. .70  
Wheat, white, No. 10, 100 lbs. .65  
Wheat, white, No. 11, 100 lbs. .60  
Wheat, white, No. 12, 100 lbs. .55  
Wheat, white, No. 13, 100 lbs. .50  
Wheat, white, No. 14, 100 lbs. .45  
Wheat, white, No. 15, 100 lbs. .40  
Wheat, white, No. 16, 100 lbs. .35  
Wheat, white, No. 17, 100 lbs. .30  
Wheat, white, No. 18, 100 lbs. .25  
Wheat, white, No. 19, 100 lbs. .20  
Wheat, white, No. 20, 100 lbs. .15  
Wheat, white, No. 21, 100 lbs. .10  
Wheat, white, No. 22, 100 lbs. .05  
Wheat, white, No. 23, 100 lbs. .00

## MEATS.

Beef, prime, 100 lbs. 1.00  
Beef, medium, 100 lbs. .95  
Beef, extra, 100 lbs. .90  
Pork, ham, 100 lbs. .85  
Pork, bacon, 100 lbs. .80  
Lard, 100 lbs. .75  
Butter, 100 lbs. .70  
Cheese, 100 lbs. .65  
Milk, 100 lbs. .60  
Eggs, 100 lbs. .55  
Honey, 100 lbs. .50  
Syrup, 100 lbs. .45  
Maple sugar, 100 lbs. .40  
Cocoa, 100 lbs. .35  
Chocolate, 100 lbs. .30  
Ice cream, 100 lbs. .25  
Frozen fruit, 100 lbs. .20  
Dried fruit, 100 lbs. .15  
Nuts, 100 lbs. .10  
Seeds, 100 lbs. .05  
Spices, 100 lbs. .00

## PRODUCE.

Apples, 100 lbs. 1.00  
Oranges, 100 lbs. .95  
Lemons, 100 lbs. .90  
Grapes, 100 lbs. .85  
Pears, 100 lbs. .80  
Plums, 100 lbs. .75  
Peaches, 100 lbs. .70  
Strawberries, 100 lbs. .65  
Raspberries, 100 lbs. .60  
Blackberries, 100 lbs. .55  
Huckleberries, 100 lbs. .50  
Currants, 100 lbs. .45  
Gooseberries, 100 lbs. .40  
Rhubarb, 100 lbs. .35  
Asparagus, 100 lbs. .30  
Beans, 100 lbs. .25  
Peas, 100 lbs. .20  
Lentils, 100 lbs. .15  
Milk, 100 lbs. .10  
Butter, 100 lbs. .05  
Cheese, 100 lbs. .00

## MARKETS.

Wheat, white, No. 1, 100 lbs. 1.10  
Wheat, white, No. 2, 100 lbs. 1.05  
Wheat, white, No. 3, 100 lbs. 1.00  
Wheat, white, No. 4, 100 lbs. .95  
Wheat, white, No. 5, 100 lbs. .90  
Wheat, white, No. 6, 100 lbs. .85  
Wheat, white, No. 7, 100 lbs. .80  
Wheat, white, No. 8, 100 lbs. .75  
Wheat, white, No. 9, 100 lbs. .70  
Wheat, white, No. 10, 10