$1 Per Year.

The Catholic Journal.

Vol. VIII, No. 10. Rochester, N. Y., Saturday, December 5, 1896. Price, 3 Cents.

MGR. MARTINELLI

PAYS A VISIT TO NEW YORK CITY.

Apostolic Delegate Celebrates Pontifical High Mass at St. Augustine's Church.

The Most Reverend Archbishop Martinelli, Apostolic Delegate, celebrated Pontifical High Mass in St. Augustine's Church, 167th street and Franklin avenue, New York, last Sunday. It is the first service he participated in, in New York.

The deacons of honor who assisted Mgr. Martinelli in the ceremonies were the Rev. Fathers Gregg, pastor of the church, and Reardon, of the order of St. Augustine, Philadelphia. The assistant priest was the Rev. Father Tandy, of St. Jerome's Parish. The Rev. Father McGean, of St. Peter's, acted as deacon of the mass, and the Rev. Father Whalen, of the Order of St. Augustine, was sub-deacon of the mass. Father Aylward, assistant pastor of the church, was master of ceremonies.

In the sanctuary, besides these, were the Rev. Abbot Edelbrock, head of the Order of St. Benedict; the Very Rev. Mgr. Sbaretti, secretary of the Apostolic Legation, Washington; the Rev. Thomas F. Murphy, of the Society of Jesus, rector of St. Francis Xavier's College; Father Southwell, of the Order of Mount Carmel, and Father Anacletus, of the Franciscan Order. These together with thirty altar boys and priest's assistants, all took part in the imposing ceremonies. The services closed a two weeks mission in the church, conducted by the Order of St. Augustine.

A throne had been erected at one side of the chancel, upon which the Apostolic delegate sat during the greater part of the service, the throne was covered with a canopy decorated with the Papal colors, white and yellow. These colors were also displayed on the pulpit, with the Stars and Stripes and the flag of Ireland. On the altar were white and yellow chrysanthemums. Over the three entrances in front were United States flags. Many of the people in the neighborhood decorated their houses with flags in honor of the visit.

At the beginning of the ceremonies and at their close the participants marched in stately procession through the aisles of the church, Mgr. Martinelli wearing the mitre and carrying the crozier in his hand. The music was by the regular choir of the church.

The Rev. Father Thomas F. Gregg pastor, expressed from the pulpit the thanks of the church to His Excellency the Illustrious Apostolic Delegate, Mgr. Martinelli, for honoring them with his presence. He characterized the day as the proudest in the history of the parish, the recollection of which would be transmitted to our children's children. He wished their distinguished guest a long life, filled with honor, prosperity and the affection of his people.

The sermon was by the Rev. Father Martin Geraghty, of the Order of St. Augustine.

CATHOLIC CHURCH BURNED

Two Brave Firemen Caught in the Debris and Killed.

St. Monica's Catholic church of Atlantic City, N. J., was burned to the ground Wednesday morning. When the building collapsed there were several firemen on the inside who were caught in the debris, two of whom were killed. They were William Dougherty, former assistant engineer of the fire department and a member of Goodwill Hook and Ladder company, and Thomas Lennig, engineer of the chemical engine of Chelsea Fire company No. 6. Father Petri, pastor of the church, was celebrating mass when the fire broke out, and he hastily dismissed the congregation. Loss, $30,000; insurance, $12,000. It is believed the fire was due to a defective flue.

VERY REV. MARK GROSS.

Died in Washinston—Was Well Known in This City.

Very Rev. Mark Gross, who died at his home in Washington, D. C., was buried at that place Friday morning. The deceased was very well known here, having at various times been a guest of Father Hendrick of St. Bridget's church. His name was at one time suggested for bishop of North Carolina.

Father Gross came from an old Revolutionary family and was highly esteemed for his many noble traits of character. He was a brother of Archbishop Gross of Oregon.

A PUBLIC CONSISTORY.

Recently Appointed Cardinals Receive the Red Hat.

A public consistory was held in the throne hall of the vatican on December 3d. the ceremonies beginning at 10 o'clock. The hall was thronged as the Pope entered, His Holiness being borne aloft in the sedia gestatoria. As he appeared in the hall the entire assembly fell upon their knees. After the Pope took his seat upon the throne a brief service was held, which was followed by the distribution of red hats to the recently appointed cardinals. The bestowal of the hats was made by the Pope himself. Cardinal Satolli, recently papal delegate to the Catholic church in the United States was the first one to receive the hat, and after him came Cardinals Ferrati, Agliardi, Jacobini, Cretoni, Pierotti and Prisco.

After the ceremonies were over the new cardinals went to the Sistine chapel and the Pope retired from the hall in the manner in which he entered. As His Holiness was raised aloft he was saluted with cries of "Viva Pope and King."

Among the appointments of new bishops announced at the consistory was that of the Rev. Edward J. O'Dea of Portland, Oregon, to be bishop of Nesqually, Oregon.

Chinese Mail Service.

The mails in China are different from the postal arrangements of any other country in the world. In China the mail service is not in the hands of the Government, but is left to private persons to establish postal connection, how and whenever they please. Anybody may open a store and hang out a sign advertising that he is ready to accept letters to be forwarded to certain places or countries.

The result of this arrangement is that in populous towns there are a great number of persons accepting letters to be forwarded to all parts of the country; at Shanghai, for instance, there are not less than thirty-five hundred stores competing with each other and carrying on a war to the knife as far as rates are concerned.

This system, although having great faults, has some good qualities. There are several parties accepting letters in one certain town. The Chinese merchant who writes letters two or three times will patronise several of the concerns, and asks his correspondent to inform him which he got quickest. Having experimented for a while, he will select the firm giving the best service, but he always has the choice of several mailing agencies for his correspondence.

The following Jesuit Fathers will be engaged in missionary work during the ensuing year, and will compose three bands: Revs. Henry Moeller and Marshal Boarman; Revs. Aloysius Van der Erden and Aloysius Bosche; Revs. Hugo Finnegan and Thomas E. Sherman. The first two-named bands will have their headquarters at St. Louis at the university, but Fathers Sherman and Finnegan will make their headquarters at St. Ignatius' College, Chicago.

Dangerous Position.

She—This is a favorite walk of mine.

He—They say no one ever ventures here without coming out engaged.

She (coyly)—I've never known it to fail.—Washington Times.

If you insist upon having your rights, you will never be popular.

"The Women Folk" Delighted

With D & H. coal delivered in bags, because it's clean and neat and burns better than other kinds. Try it. Millspaugh & Green, 136 Powers Block. C. S. Kellogg, manager.

"Culross."

If you buy your baked goods from this famous bakery you will never be disappointed, as all goods are fresh every day. Try some. Store only a step from the four corners, 30 State street.

Likly's $1.50 Gloves for Men.

We suggest them for Christmas gifts. All sizes in walking and driving gloves, lined and unlined—$1.50, no more, no less. Likly's, 155 East Main, 96 State.

Wanted at Once.

Homes for children in Catholic families; board $1.60 per week. Enquire 'Children's Aid Society," 90 Sophia street, Rochester.

Pocketbooks Have Their Fashions.

Our new purchases show many a quaint and pretty conceit of shape, color or style of ornamentation. Some surprises at 50c, 75c and $1. Likly's, 155 East Main and 96 State street.

CATHOLIC SOCIETIES.

What is Transpiring in the Different Fraternities—Current Calendars.

Company A, Hibernian Rifles, at their regular annual meeting, elected these officers: Captain, M. Quinlivan; first lieutenant, John Cullen; second lieutenant, B. McCaffrey; first sergeant, John L. Sullivan; second sergeant, T. Sexton; third sergeant, Thomas Delehaunty; fourth sergeant, M. Mulcahy; first corporal, M. Kenneily; second corporal, T. Conway; third corporal, T. Kelly; fourth corporal, Joseph P. Hayden. This company has shown its sound judgment in the selection of its officers by electing only the old and experienced men. Capt. Quinlivan has been connected with the organization for 24 years, and has just completed his sixteenth year as commander. He joined the company as a private in 1872, and held all the minor offices until 1880, when he was given charge of the company as captain. He has held the office with honor to himself and satisfaction to its members, and may he so continue for years to come. The board of military officers will be for this term: Capt. M. Quinlivan, Lieut. John Cullen, first sergeant John L. Sullivan. Lieut. B. McCaffrey succeeds C. J. Dallen who declined a re-election as president and chairman of the board of civil officers. The board of civil officers will consist of Lieut. B. McCaffery, president, fourth corporal J. P. Hayden, M. Connors, treasurer, and W. J. O'Brien, secretary. Ma Connors succeeds M. W. Scanlan, who has completed his five years. Mr. Connors is a young man and has proved himself a faithful attendant at all drills, and there is no reason why he will not make a capable officer. Of W. J. O'Brien the same can be said. He succeeds John McKeown, and if he follows the methods of his predecessor he will be a success, as there was never an officer who attended to business more faithfully than Sergeant McKeown, who retires after having completed ten years' service. Corporal Hayden succeeds himself, this being his third term. It is a pleasure to have an officer like Corporal Hayden, as his genial and entertaining ways makes him a favorite with the boys.

The first annual election of officers of Holy Rosary branch 196, C. M. B. A. was held Tuesday evening at its rooms. The officers elected were: Spiritual adviser, Rev. John G. Van Ness, rector of Holy Rosary parish; president, Wm. Curran; first vice-president, George Bantel; second vice-president, Patrick O'Leary; financial secretary, August Timmerman; recording secretary, Paul J. Lechleitner; treasurer, Frank P. Monaghan; marshal, Edward Leahy; guard, Paul Myers; trustees for three years, Rev. John G. Van Ness, John Hurley and Patrick O'Leary; delegates to the central council of Rochester, President Curran, financial secretary Timmerman, recording secretary Lechleitner, Bernard Ellers and Willard A. Marakle; representative to grand council of the state for three years, Paul J. Lechleitner; alternate, Charles Smith.

The new officers will be installed January 6th. It was reported that the reception held under the auspices of the branch two weeks ago at Driving Park hotel was a financial and social success. Nearly $200 was realized, which will be turned over to Father Van Ness for the benefit of Holy Rosary church. The branch passed a vote of thanks to those who had helped to make the reception a success.

Society Calendars.

C. M. B. A.

Monday—134.
Tuesday—82, 139.
Wednesday—34, 88, 117, 131.
Thursday—80.
Friday—87.

C. R. & B. A.

Monday—25.
Tuesday—18, 27.
Wednesday—23, 59, 66.
Friday—39, 40.

D. OF E.

Tuesday—7.
Thursday—3.

A. O. H.

Monday—2.
Tuesday—6.
Wednesday—3.
Thursday—1, 7.

County board, A. O. H., will hold a special meeting to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. Business of importance will be transacted.

The County Board of the Ancient Order of Hibernians of Monroe county announce a lecture at Fitzhugh Music hall on Thursday evening, December 11th, by John E. Redmond, M. P., and his subject will be "Reminiscences and Recollections of Fifteen Years in British Parliament." The Hibernians expect to fill the hall on this occasion. A number of prominent citizens will be invited to act as a committee to receive the lecturer.

At a meeting of Auxiliary 5, A. O. H., held Dec. 1st, the following officers were elected: President, Mrs. H. O'Hara; first vice-president, Miss Jennie McLoughlin; second vice-president, Mrs. D. Donoghue; recording secretary, Mrs. R. Quinn; financial secretary, Mrs. E. R. Gibson; treasurer, Miss Josephine Cogar; guide, Miss Rose Hayden; guard, Miss Tobin.

The Y. M. I. will meet at their hall, 54 State street, Friday evening.

At the first annual meeting of the members of Floral Council No. 50, Catholic Women's Benevolent Legion, which is in a very flourishing condition, having increased largely in membership through the combined efforts of officers and members, the following officers were duly elected: Chaplain, Rev. Father Mathias Hargather; chancellor, Lucy Whitman; president, Mary Maier; vice-president, Lilzie Bolton; orator, Elizabeth Breck; secretary, Anna F. Heindl, collector, Catherine L. Rauber; treasurer, Annie Bieck, marshal, Annie Frolicher; guard, Catherine Scheuerman; trustees, Clara Hilbert, Josephine Kehrig and Christina Ritter.

The C. M. B. A. completed its twentieth year on December 1st, it having been organized on December 1, 1876. The organization started with 57 members and has now 40,000. The amount paid to beneficiaries to date is something over six million dollars. Truly a grand showing.

ENLISTING FOR CUBA.

Starke's Men Will Start as Soon as Belligerency Is Recognized.

John W. Starke, a young military man of Richmond, is enrolling men to go to Cuba and fight for the Cubans whenever they shall be recognised as belligerents by this country. His purpose on the start was to organize a company, but he is likely to have a regiment, as over 500 young men of Richmond who are now or have been in the military service have signified their intention to join.

Starke is daily receiving letters from military men in other cities asking to be allowed to enlist. The letters represent Boston, Baltimore and other cities.

Starke is editor of the Virginia Volunteer and is a young man. He has been in close touch with the Cuban leaders in this country and holds now a commission as lieutenant in the Cuban army. He tried to get to the island last summer with four followers, but was stopped by the United States officers in Florida and sent back.

He says he will make no move to get his soldiers together until the Cubans are given the rights of belligerents. Then they will assemble in Richmond and proceed to Jacksonville. He says he has already negotiated for transportation to that city.—New York World.

Furniture Movers.

Furniture moved, packed and stored by Sam Gottry Carting Co. Orders taken at Erie office, 12 Exchange street, or house, 8 Thompson street. Telephone 1058 or 643.

Examine Our $1.95 Umbrellas.

See how nearly they approach the $2.75 values of other stores. All new, all rain proof, all with the favorite kinds of handles. Likly's, 155 East Main and 96 State.

Fur Collarettes.

Have you seen our line of fur collarettes? Do not buy one until you have. Prices range from $3.50 up to $25.00. Meng & Shafer.

"Didn't Know You Sold Gloves?"

"Oh, yes; as good gloves as a man wants. One price, $1.50. Likly's, 155 East Main and 96 State.

When you are in need of job printing of any kind leave your order at the CATHOLIC JOURNAL office, 824½ East Main street.

All Ladies are Invited

To call at the Culross bakery, No. 30 State street, a fine display of baked goods always on hand.

Ripans Tabules assist digestion.
Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.
Ripans Tabules.

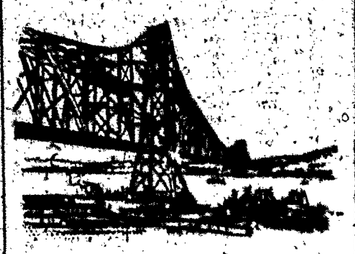
A DREAM IS REALIZED

SPANNING THE NORTH RIVER, ONCE A TASK FOR GENII.

Suspension Structure Twice as Long as Brooklyn Bridge, With Towers Twice as High—Cost Fixed at $15,000,000—Marvels of Engineering Involved.

When a group of enthusiastic and wealthy men met ten years ago and seriously proposed the building of a great bridge to span the North river, the idea was scoffed at as impossible of achievement and absurd. Individuals had long talked of such an undertaking, but they had been looked upon as dreamers. True, the East river had been bridged, but in that success the limit of engineering skill had been reached. The new bridge could not be built unless by the aid of genii such as shine in the pages of the "Arabian Nights." Yet the group of projectors went earnestly on. They had faith in American genius and did not need Arabian genii. It did not trouble them that they were charged with dreaming dreams and seeing visions. They consulted with engineers, had plans carefully drawn and six years ago made their first formal efforts toward their great end. Their plans were for the building of a cantalever bridge, with a river span of 3,000 feet and a tower 1,000 feet in midstream.

But the greatest of the tasks that faced the bridge projectors were not the physical difficulties. There was the congress of the United States and the secretary of war and the legislature of two great rival states, with their conflicting and jarring interests. There were city boards to meet and convince, and there were an infinity of possibilities, prejudices, all forms of selfishness and a multitude of private and corporate interests to combat. Diplomats were needed even more than engineers. A storm of opposition arose to the project of a cantalever bridge. The secretary of war held that no bridge could span the mighty Hudson whose construction required the placing of a pier in midstream, for it would mean the certain injury of commerce. The chamber of commerce also opposed it. Other organizations did the same, and a new start had to be taken.



NORTH RIVER BRIDGE.

It was determined to fling a suspension bridge across the stream. It was to be an engineering feat greater than had ever been attempted. The constructing of such a bridge involves difficulties vastly greater than those of a cantalever. The central span was to be 3,254 feet in length. The floor was to be 150 feet above the water. It was to be broad enough to have six parallel railroad tracks and of such strength that if all of the tracks were filled from end to end with loaded cars the bridge would no more waver under the strain than if only a featherweight lay on it. The towers were to reach far below the earth's surface and grapple with the rock, and they were to rise toward the sky. The bridge was to be twice the length of the Brooklyn bridge, and the towers were to be twice as high. The new plans were attacked as fiercely as the old. The opposition took a different form, but the same array of rival interests, of railroads who did not need the bridge, of business men whose fortunes might be affected, of lobbyists, of legislators, again faced the projectors. The secretary of war gave his official sanction to the plans, and congress was gained. At length also the legislatures of the states were won, after long arguments and delays. But even then it was found hard to find a place where the bridge would be permitted to touch the city. Interests of great magnitude in themselves, too nearly affected to allow it to enter if entrance could be prevented.

It was hoped that the bridge could be located nearly opposite Forty-second street and have a straight entrance into the city. This would at least have been best for the architectural appearance of the approach to the bridge, but it was not to be. Permission was finally won to locate the New York end at Fifty-ninth street. That was too far north for the terminal station, into which the passenger trains from all the railroads that now end at the western shore of the river were to be run.

The projectors fixed upon the section between Broadway and Forty-ninth and Fifty-first streets, and the ingenuity of their engineers planned a six track viaduct, that would have a compound curve to reach that spot, while one street should be spanned by the great station building. It was estimated that the entire cost of the bridge and terminal station and the approaches would be fully $15,000,000. Yet such tremendous figures did not deter them. The freight would be carried along the shore of the river and unloaded at stations.

With the winning of the assent of the necessary officials and bodies, the next step was to secure capital for the enterprise. This [illegible] again shown to be possible, and a corporation, with a capital of $15,000,000 was formed. Most of the stock was taken by Americans, but a large [illegible] held by Englishmen. Just [illegible] the greatest interruption to the work. The trouble with England in [illegible] Venezuela began. The relations of the two countries became strained. Londoners withdrew in a panic their money with them, and this [illegible] courage many of the wealthy men [illegible] affair came to an ignominious end.

Thus a little South American [illegible] spoiled the project of the bridge.

Not only does hope spring eternal but so does capital, if a project be [illegible]ly pushed. A new corporation was organized, and again were the plans put forward. England again held [illegible] of the capital stock. It was [illegible] to find a company willing and [illegible] assume a contract for building the bridge. That company was [illegible] yesterday morning at 11 o'clock [illegible] papers were signed that bound the [illegible] York and New Jersey Bridge [illegible] and the Union Bridge company [illegible] final responsibilities, the former [illegible] ing a bond for $1,000,000 that [illegible] would build according to the [illegible] They have contracted that the [illegible] will not exceed $15,000,000 [illegible] for the bridge alone. [illegible] and the terminal station [illegible] ranged for later. [illegible] in six years from [illegible] work the bridge will [illegible] it is expected that [illegible] early in the [illegible]

The bridge will [illegible] derful than the [illegible] all. The weight [illegible] will be, when the bridge [illegible] trains, 18,000 tons. Over [illegible] yards of masonry will be [illegible] construction of the [illegible] piers that weigh [illegible] hundred thousand [illegible] chains will be [illegible] band, men will [illegible] hope [illegible] the bridge is [illegible] man will [illegible] alone place [illegible]

The [illegible] pull [illegible] of [illegible] Chicago [illegible] the [illegible] said [illegible] Mexico [illegible] their [illegible] North [illegible] amount [illegible] work. [illegible] first [illegible] week will [illegible] business [illegible] changing [illegible] its [illegible]

[illegible]

John [illegible] for [illegible]

John [illegible] served [illegible] United States [illegible] served [illegible] by [illegible] Mexico [illegible] was [illegible] Mexico [illegible] there [illegible] Mexico [illegible] Mexico [illegible] 18 years [illegible] 4, 1861, [illegible] months and [illegible] years, 2 months [illegible]

Only five [illegible] quarter of a [illegible] twists. [illegible] Alabama [illegible] years [illegible] who will [illegible] part [illegible] Vermont [illegible] of 35 years [illegible] the rank [illegible] Henry [illegible] who was [illegible] months [illegible] Maine, [illegible] passed just [illegible] years [illegible]

Will—I am [illegible] am going to [illegible]

Marie—What [illegible] you intend to [illegible]

Will—No, no [illegible] and perhaps [illegible]

Marie—I too am [illegible] Take me with you [illegible] double [illegible]

The [illegible] A [illegible] shall [illegible] place [illegible] Hussars [illegible] their [illegible] their [illegible] North [illegible] amount [illegible] work [illegible] first [illegible] week [illegible] business [illegible] changing [illegible] its [illegible]