TheCatholicJournal

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GROSS INJUSTICE

In its last issue THE JOURNAL reprinted some significant figures about parochial schools from the "Cathedral Calendar." The article stated in substance that, based on the average annual cost of \$22.12 for each public school pupil in Rochester, \$184,038. 40 is saved to the city by the education of 8,320 Catholic children in the parochial schools. If the cost of school buildings and repairs is added, the annual saving to the city is \$242. 764.40. It is estimated that there are 946,101 Catholic children receiving education in parochial schools in the thirteen provinces comprised in the it will be seen that the public treasury than their non-Catholic fellows who is saved about 820, 927, 754.12 by the attend public schools. It may be true -parochial schools. If the cost of build that they are not hneally descended ing, repairs, etc., is included, the sav. from the "Daughters of the Ameriing would foot up 827,597,766.17. can Revolution," but are all the lat-It is true that it costs us not much ter the sort of Americans to be proud over one-third of that amount (and of? In what class are the toadies to we educate the heart as well as the foreign aristocracy most abundant? mind), but it should always be borne in mind that in addition to maintaining our own schools we pay our prorata share toward the support of the public schools. In other words, the non-Catholic insists that the Catholic shall help to pay for the education of the thousand or so Protestant sects i the non-Catholic children, and then the favored one? Mrs. Van Rensse also insists that the public schools shall be so run that the Catholic cannot send his child to them, and is forced to maintain other schools, at an additional expense, in which Catholic children can receive the sort of education that Almighty God intended they should.

We cannot believe that the majority of our non-Catholic citizens are so narrow-minded, so unjust, as to contend that this is right or just. They are simply ignorant of the facts; they have not stopped to consider the matter: the question has not been presented to them fairly and squarely.

The New York papers are teeming with accounts of the number of children in the metropolis who cannot attend school because of inadequate accommodations. What would be the condition were the parochial schools New York city to be closed, say on January 1st, and their pupils turned over to the public schools? They could not be accommodated. an occurrence is not likely, but the non-Catholics should consider what would be the consequences. They could not complain if it did happen, because they are continually harping: Let the Catholies send their childrep to public schools."

Another story of barbarity in connection with secret society initiation is reported . W. Curry of Des shadowed the institution like a pall. Moines, Lowa, was so roughly handled while being initiated into the Benevolent and Protective Order of "Eir' that he died from the effects of the ceremony. Steps should be taken in the lead of the St. Louis clerical was prevent such carryings on.

TYPICAL IGNORANCE

If the Public Education Association of New York city is fitly represented by its president, Mrs. Schuyler Van Rensselaer, then it is composed of a lot of ignorant snobs, despite their wealth and "inflooence." Here is what the New York "Sun last week reported Mrs. Van Rensse laer as saving at a meeting of the as

"I object to the parochial and so called national schools. Not because they teach religion to the pupils, but because in the national schools the mother tongue is taught, such as Italian in Italian schools, German in ierman schools, and so on. No school that recognizes a particular creed or nation besides our own can American ize our young. The children in our public schools learn our language. Our teachers Americainze theru, while they do not in the parochial and na tional schools."

This is the stock cant of the ignor ant and higoted, but it comes with but poor grace from the lips of one who was at Albany last winter pleading with the legislature to change the publie school system in New York city because it was outrageous and because it failed to give the children of that city anything like a decent education. It was to Mrs. Van Rensselaer and her colleagues that Andrew H. Green, who opposed the proposed change, remarked that "most of those who are pleading so strenuously for the passage of the Pavey bill were never inside a public school and either have no children to send to our public schools or would not send them if they had."

We think Mrs. Van Rensselaer forgets or intentionally overlooks the fact that were it for these same awful parochial schools, thousands of children would have no education whatever. Leaving that aside, however, we'll wager that Mrs. Van Rensselaer was never inside a parochial school. If she had she would have known that in Catholic schools the children are United States. Taking the annual taught to be Christians, to be moral, cost per pupil in the public schools of to be truthful, to be honest. Can that Rochester as a basis (and there are be said of the public schools? Cathomany places where the public schools lies repel the insinuation that their cost more than they do in Rochester), children are a whit less American

"No school that recognizes a par ticular creed or nation beside our own etc.," says Mrs. Van Rensselaer. We never knew that there was a state creed in the United States. It is the Protestant, of course? But which o laer is absurd.

We do not believe in perpetuating foreign languages and customs in this country, but the children of the poor have just as good right to study German, French or Italian as have the children of the rich. Mrs. Van Rensselaer is inconsistent and illogi-

CAN THIS BE?

When General Shirler captured Louisburg from the French in 1745 he carried away the cross from the Catholic church there. After a varied career it was set up over the entrance to Harvard library and remained there until about a year ago when it mysteriously disappeared. It s said that it was stolen by a student who was a candidate for admission to secret college fraternity, one of the conditions to initiation is that the applicant must have been guilty of some act that would have resulted, if detected, in his expulsion from college. An exchange remarks truly that it is cause for wonder that such a society should have been permitted to exist in such a much advertised educational institution as Harvard. It is a still greater wonder that the college existed with such a "symbol ot idolatry" within its walls. Still, perhaps, it was the influence of that very symbol that caused Harvard to lose some of the bigotry that has always over-

Dr. Walsh should haul down 'Catholic' from the mast-head of the Catholic Herald" before he follows

A BASE FABRICATION

Throughout most trying eventsevents that would have caused a weaker man to lose his head and temper-Archbishop Corrigan maintained an unruffled demeanor and presented a rare spectacle of Christian charity and tress of nations, by reason of forhearance. Hoist by their own pe- the confusion of the roaring of the sea tard, his enemies cannot accept their defeat in the same Christian spirit that he endured taunts and jeers and For the powers of heaven shall be threats and all manner of insults, but must needs continue to carp at and revile the saintly metropolitan of New York. They accuse him who has in reality been their best friend, because he has not followed spoke to them a similitude. See the their tactics, of all manner of un fig-tree and all the trees when they Christian doings.

the "clerical editorial clique," and we to pass, know that the kingdom of blush to say that the most malevolent attack on Mgr. Corrigan appeared in a so-called Catholic paper published! in the west. The clerical editor --a | shall not pass away. layman would not stoop to such vile business accuses the achbishop of New York of manufacturing spurious cablegrams and sending them to emissaries in Rome whence they are cabled back to sensational journals. Was ever a more senseless charge put into print? Mgr. Corrigan's whole course during the last six years repels the very insinuation and brands its author as a scandal monger whose rightful place is on a sheet owned and published by a Pulitzer or a Bennett.

We would not have alluded to this matter were it not to express our Wednesday, 2-St. Biblana, Virgin and shame and regret that such a base falsehood could have appeared in a paper nominally Catholic, and also to warn our readers that they must not pay any attention to anything they see quoted from the paper referred to, as it is not regarded as a Catholic paper by decent Catholic editors or the Catholic press in general.

tionalism. He told a Bible society West 64th street. neeting in London recently that 'an eminent Catholic priest who had been entrusted with important missions by the Pope came to London and asked the bishop to prepare him for conversion to the church of England. After the preparations were completed the priest was kidnapped and taken to France, where is still kept under restraint.' This yarn is of a piece with he other fairy tales which Protestants love to tell about the forcible immure ment of nuns in convents and the coercion of priests. There is no truth in it. Any priest who has lost his faith and who desires to become a heretic is free to do so. The church will pray that he may be saved from hi folly, but nobody will kidnap him.'

The "Catholic Review" emphsizes the fact that the Carlisle Indian scobol, supported by public money, is a strictly religious and strictly Protestant instition. "It is thoroughly Protestant," says the Review. "Its teachings are all Protestant, its methods are Protestant, its religious exercises are Protestant--it uses the Protestant edition of the Bible, the Protestant version of the Lord's Prayer, the Protestant division of the commandments and Protestant hymns. It is an intensely or any old bugs, see Hart, 45 Rey-sectarian institution masquerading as nolds areade. Upstairs. Open even-"secular." It might be added that ings. Captain Pratt, who is at the head of the school, is not only a Protestant of the most pronounced type, but a virulent and rancorous anti-Catholic

Says the 'Catholic Standard and 'Times:" 'The query: 'Does education increase happiness?" is offered to to the thoughtful consideration of the readers of the New York Sun by an unhappy young man who claims, while disavowing egotism, that there are few young men of to-day better educated than himself. He is either. not congenially occupied or is not correctly cducated. With one's time spent in work in which one takes pleasure and with a correct sense of moral rectituder which an essential of sound education, there is no reason why one should be unhappy."

The New York Sunday papers are fast becoming unfit to be read in de-

THE GOSPELS

GOSPEL: St. Lake, xxi. 25-33. -At that time, Jesus said to His disibles: "And there shall be signs in the sun, and in the moon, and in the stars, and upon the earth disand of the waves: men withering away for fear and expectation of what shall come upon the whole world moved and they shall see the Son of man coming in a cloud with great power and majesty. But when these things begin to come to pass, look up and lift up your heads because your redemption is at hand. And He now shoot forth their fruit you know that summer is nigh. So you also, They have summoned to their aid when you shall see these things come fold is at hand. Amen I say to you. this generation shall not pass away till all things be fulfilled. Heaven and earth shall pass away: but My words

> What should we then do in this holy sea con of Advent? We should med-tate on the coming of Christ, the Judge, in order to prepare out selves to commemorate the day when He came as the Saviour We should often pray to the Child lesus to reborn and grow our hearts with His holy graceshould prepare in our hearts the way for Him by works of penance and piety, and above all by the use of the holy sacraments

Weekly Church Calendar.

Sunday, November 29-First Sunday in Advent .- Epist Rom. xlff 11 14. Gosp Luke Ext. 25-33. Monday, 30-St. Andrew. Apostle. Tuesday, December 1-Feria.

Thursday, 3-St. Francis Xavier, Confes-Friday, 4-St Peter Chrysologus, Bishop, Confesor, and Doctor of the Church St Barbara, Virgin and Martyr. Fast. Sacurday, 5-St. Sabbas, Abbott.

New YORK, N.Y., Nov. 17, 1896. - "I have taken Hood's Barsaparilla to purify my blood. I was subject to eruptions on my skin, but after taking two or three bottles of Hood's Sarsa-This is from the Boston "Repub-parilla the eruptions all disappeared, "An English Protestant and I highly recommend this medicine bishop deserves the medal for sensa- to others."-R. H. Menindev, 117

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy

Coal Burns, Slate Clinkers

L. C. Langie's coal is coal and nothing else. Yards, North street. near railroad, and corner South Clinton and Alexander.

Not to Be Speezed At. Our 95-cent umbrella isn't. But our old standby is still \$1.50. Likly's. 155 East Main and 96 State.

Quaker Crimped Crust Bread Pans Presented to purchasers this week only, at the stores of the Great Attlantic and Pacific Co., 210 East the many rules scattered over the Main street (brass front), 74 West country. But these sturdy colonists Main street, 294 North street. Telephone 1310.

No Money in Slaty Coal.

What you At least none for you. want is Langie's coal, that burns to ashes and makes a hot fire. Yards, North street, near railroad, and corner South Clinton and Alexander.

Wanted at Occo.

Homes for children in Catholic famstreet, Rochester.

Old broken jewelry discovered during fall housecleaning bought for spot cash. Gold or silver bugs, big bugs

When the People Say So, It's So. Our customers say: That Delaware

est coal in the market. You will "say Green, 136 Powers block; C. S. Kellogg, manager.

Furniture Movers.

Furniture moved, packed and stored by Sam Gottry Carting Co. Orders taken at Erie office, 12 Exchange street, or house, 8 Thompson street. Telephone 1058 or 643.

Examine Our \$1.95 Umbrellas.

\$2.75 values of other stores. All new. kinds of handles. Likly's, 155 East Main and 96 State. For Collarettes.

Have you seen our line of fur collarettes? Do not buy one until you to \$25.00. Meng & Shafer.

How to Know Pure Coal. Buy it of L. C. Langie. Yards on North street, near railroad, and corner South Clinton and Alexander.

MORE ABOUT WEXFORD

Our Irish Correspondent Makes a Call on Dr. Brown, Bisnop of Ferns.

A Visit to M. A. Ennis, J. P. of estant church occupies at present Ardruahd.

WEXFORD, IRELAND.

too numerous to mention in brief. over-easily moved, 'yet, when they interesting parts of Ireland to the are once stirred you may look out for historian and antiquary. something good. Unlike the Celtic character their virtues are not very readily discovered. Nor is the sunshine of their hearts so ready to appear on the face.

could not absorb the Celt-the Celt absorbed them-and the historian tells us they became "more Irish than the Irish themselves." Until in the course of time-and here the lesson comes in-these same sturdy settlers rose up in rebellion against the oppression of that country from which they had sprung. Too numerous to be mentioned are those ruined abbeys, castles, and the rest lies; board \$1.60 per week. Enquire for the space of our present article. 'Children's Aid Society," 90 Sophia Some of the most interesting are Ferry Carrig Castle, a couple of miles from Wexford, on a narrow passage of the Slaney river where once a castle stood, in which King Jonh held his court, called Shan-a-Court, which was besieged under Fitz Stephen in 1170; the seven Castles of Clonmines, ten miles from the town; Johnstown Castle, a beautiful, modern residence and demesne & Hudson coal is the best and clean- of Lord Maurice Fitzgerald-one of the Geraldines-while amongst the so," too, if you try it. Millspaugh & bunch of ruins within the quaint, old town itself are those of St. Pat rick's and St. Mary's churches and ancient graveyards. At Lady's Island, some twelve miles south of Wexford, are the ruins of a castle and an Augustinian Friary. Close by, in the parish of Kinmore, "Hon. est Jack Barry," Father of the American Navy, was born. But the mest interesting of all the historic land-See how nearly they approach the marks are the ruins of St. Peter and St. Paul, better known as Selskar all rain proof, all with the favorite Abbey, situated within the ancient walls of the tewn of Wexford. It is the same as I mentioned earlier as seen from windows of White's Hotel, and if one can judge from what remains—a grey, battlemented have. Prices range from \$3.50 up square tower and fragments of the church—this Abbey of Selskar or the Hely Sepulchre must have been very grand in its heydays indeed. From a historical point of view it is said to be one of the most interesting ancient buildings in Ireland. Beeide ticken or Har.

the Abbey is a portion of the oid wall of Wexford and one or two of its towers, including what is called the West Gate. Around the abbey is an ancient graveyard, in which D'Arcy McGee, a famous Wexford man, erected a monument in memory of his parents. A Prota portion of the site of the ancient edifice Seiskar Abbey was founded by the Roches after the I made a very agreeable call on Norman conquest, one of which fa-Dr. Browne, Bishop of Ferns, who mily afterwards took the title of lives in a fine, pleasantly situated Lord Fermay. One of these Roches residence adjoining the college. Dr. who was a Crusader Knight was the Browne is a prelate who impresses subject of a well-known and romanone as an ecclesiastic of great com-tic legend of fielskar, and bemon sense, and whose quiet demean-came a monk in the same abber. or and affable manners call forth ad- This Crusader Knight, the legend miration. The bishop seemed very says, having returned from the wars interested in America, about which and finding his prospective bride had he asked many questions, particular- entered a convent went himself and as to which party was going took the habit of a monk in Selskar win- the presidential election. Abbey. Down through the stormy matters social Wesford is times which followed the coming of well up. It has a national club, a the English, Selskar Abbey was the Cathelic Young Men's Society, and scene of many vicissitudes and several other social clubs and work- also of many stirring events. ingmen's reading rooms. I made John St. John, first Norman prepleasant calls on Mayor Lacey and late of Ferns, held a synod in Sels-Mr. Brown, town clerk, and made a kar 1240. Many of the events of the very interesting call on M. A Ennis, episcopate of Patrick Barrett, Bishop Esq., J. P., of Ardruadh, a pretty of Ferns (1404) and Lord Chancellor suburban residence. Mr. Ennis is a of Ireland, were associates with Selspractical, enterprising young busi- kar. 60 years later the Earl of Desness man, engaged in the timber mond besieged and captured Wextrade, of whom Wexford might be ford, and held a Parliament in Selsproud. While he takes no active har Abbey in the interest of the part in politics, Mr. Ennis is ther- Duke of York. Nearly every event oughly alive to the interests of his of civil or ecclesiastical importance tows and county, and being a gentle- connected with the early history of man of means and more than ordina- | Wexford was associated with or had rily gifted is, of course, a pillar of its scene in Selskar Abbey. Here strength to the industrial edifice. the first treaty concluded between He was mainly instrumental in to Ireland and England was signed at curing an accelerated mail service the invasion, surrendering the town for Wexford, and he is now taking of Wexford to Dermot MacMurrough an active part in bringing Rosslare and his allies, and King Henry IL to the front as a port and a fire sea- spent the Lent of 1172 in Selskar side watering place. Mr. Enmis is Abbey. Selskar was finally wrecked impressed that the success of this by Cromwell's soldiers in 1649 and project depends on the people of left much as we see it today. Wex-Wexford—by taking hold of the op- ford at one time contained eleven portunity and pushing it forward churches, none of which, as I have with energy. The more men of Mr. said, remain today save the rules of Ennis' stamp that Wexford and Ire- St. Patrick's, St. Mary's and Selskar. land have the better for the country. Considerable portions of the ancient They are the real patriots. During wall and towers remain, but its casmy researches I made many other tie, said to have been the strongest calls on those "Gallant Wexfords"- in the county, has completely disappeared. Still enough remains, as I may say they all impressed me as have remarked, to make Wexford pretty sturdy citizens who, if not town and county one of the most

EDMUND D. WHELAN

A letter from his Eminence Cardinal Sanfelice, Archbishop of Naples, has just addressed to his people is a pleasant document as revealing a There is no part of Ireland, where state of feeling between pastor and the antiquary will find more to inpeople which reminds us of the ages terest him than in the town and of faith. The good Cardinal has recounty of Wexford. Here above all cently been so ill that his life was in other places the Anglo-Norman left danger, and the conduct of his flock their impressions—not only on the was touching in the extreme. Day character of the luhabitants, but in after day they visited the churches to pray for him. Happily his Eminence has completely recovered, and in his letter to them he conveys with singular emotion and tenderness his gratitude for their prayers, to which he attributes his restora tion to health. "Neapolitans," he declares, "my life has hitherto been devoted to you by the obligations of my ministry; for the future it will also be dedicated to you through a sentiment of the deepest gratitude. You have been everything to me. Now I will say to you in the words of the great Chryseston that you are my riches, my treasure, my father and mother, and that if I had a thousand lives I would desire to sacrifice them all for your welfare, feeling that I was only discharging a debt which was due." These words breathe a noble Christian charity. It is not surprising that the Neapolitans cherish as ardent leve for their Archbishop.

> A very glowing tribute to Bishop Keane in the Washington Post closes with this paragraph: "We are glad to hear that he is hampy, content and hopeful in his new abiding place at San Jose, in Celifernia; full of affection for those he has left behind; zealous with fresh plans for work; instinct with the same acble aims and purposes that have made him beloved and honored everywhere; free from the smallest taint of anger or reproach toward any living thing. He is there what he was here—a pure and gentle heart, a lofty soul, an exalted and commanding mind. He puts his hand upon the blow, looks not behind him with repining or complaint, and runs the furrow true. The love of those, who knew him here will mingle with the loves that spring up in his pathway there, and so aneint and bless him.

> A big railroad man will promise you more, and do less for you, than a peli-